

PROTOCOL ANALYSIS

— 網路通訊協定分析 —
WIRESHARK

edit by **3.50**

此份文件為 Protocol Analysis 的教學講義，內容
針對課程的內容做一個教學紀錄。

本課程於實做如有需要，可在課堂期間利用

ftp://

ftp://

ftp://

下載需要的檔案來協助您完成本課程。

如有不詳細或是錯誤之部分，歡迎來信討論
(350@ms12.url.com.tw)，或是到資策會 Life
網站尋找解答或是發問。

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前言

各位好！首先歡迎各位參加此教育訓練，IT 的世界之大，無法獨身一人自修所有知識，所以希望藉由本課程來減少各位學習的時間，並期望各位能更了解網路架構與目前現況，更能推使各位學習未來新出現的知識與技術。

如果您在目前正在學習網路的基礎，應該是就是由最基礎的訊號存取方式、線材總類...等等，到網路的各項通訊協定，然後最終藉由這些知識開始學習如何在基礎的網路上架設許許多多的網路服務，並應用於自身工作上。

但是您一定會遇到網路或服務有問題的時候：「網路線有接啊！怎麼不能連？」、「設備錯誤燈也沒亮阿，怎麼不通？」、「網路卡也沒壞！未什麼一直說沒連接？」、「網路的設定值也都正確！上不了網？」、「為什麼網路芳鄰裡面沒人？」怎麼辦？是什麼問題？

沒錯在網路的世界裡是一連串的電子訊號 (0、1)，網路不通絕對是網路時代裡最嚴重的問題，表面上相同的問題卻不是只有一個「正解」，因為真正的問題可能「都不一樣」，至於可能的原因，現在的您應該可以列出 100 個可能出來！

所以即使您是個職場老手，在遇到一些問題時，常常一樣會摸不著頭緒，因為人是無法直接視別那些電子訊號的，所以看不出真正問題是在哪裡！只能用猜測，實在是費功耗時。

而我們的課程內容就是要讓各位利用 WIRESHARK 來「分析」檢測網路狀態，甚至做到監視的作用，解決網路問題；而本課程採用互相交流與討論方式，也希望對於您目前工作有所啟發或更深一層的了解。

在這門課之後後，您應該會：

- 熟悉 WIRESHARK 的操作
- 了解不同服務應該會有哪些重要的通訊協定
- 由真實網路環境來印證 TCP/IP 的通訊協定
- 從封包中找出可能的錯誤
- 由封包看出使用者的問題

好好把握本課程的練習，希望可以帶給各位學習網路有幫助，祝福各位！

PROTOCOL ANALYSIS

Install

WIRESHARK

WIRESHARK

Wireshark 是個分析網路封包的軟體，是個完全自由以及免費的網路封包分析軟體，您可以藉由 Wireshark 分析您想了解的封包，並從中獲得資訊，甚至網路問題的解決方法。

Wireshark 自版本 1.2.0 起開始支援 64bit 作業系統安裝，並提供更友善的「開始畫面」，更支援分析更多的通訊協定，如果您時常得分析網路封包狀態，建議您時常的到 Wireshark 官方網站，檢查看看是否有沒有新的版本。

網址：<http://www.wireshark.org/>

The screenshot shows the Wireshark website homepage. At the top, there's a blue header with the Wireshark logo on the left and 'SHARKFEST' branding on the right, including 'CACE Technologies WinPCap' and 'Stanford University • June 14-17, 2010'. Below the header is a navigation bar with 'Wireshark', 'Get Help', and 'Develop' links, and a search box. The main content area is divided into three columns. The first column has three large icons: a download arrow, a book, and a gear. Below these are links for 'Download Wireshark', 'Learn Wireshark', and 'Enhance Wireshark'. The second column is titled 'News and Events' and contains several news items, including 'Wireshark Wins PC Magazine Editor's Choice Award' and 'Sharkfest '10 Keynotes Announced'. The third column is titled 'Wireshark Blog' and contains articles like 'T-Mobile: Clever or Insane?' and 'Sharkfest '10 Is Going To Be Awesome'. To the right of the blog is a section titled 'Enhance Wireshark' with a list of features and products, including 'Introducing 10GbE Distributed Analysis' and 'Shark Appliance Kit'. At the bottom left, there's a 'Latest Release' section for 'Stable: Wireshark 1.2.9'. At the bottom center, there's a 'Videos' section with a video player and the title 'Introduction To Wireshark'.

附註：您應該知道，Wireshark 的前身叫做 Ethereal。

下載 WIRESHARK (1.2.9)

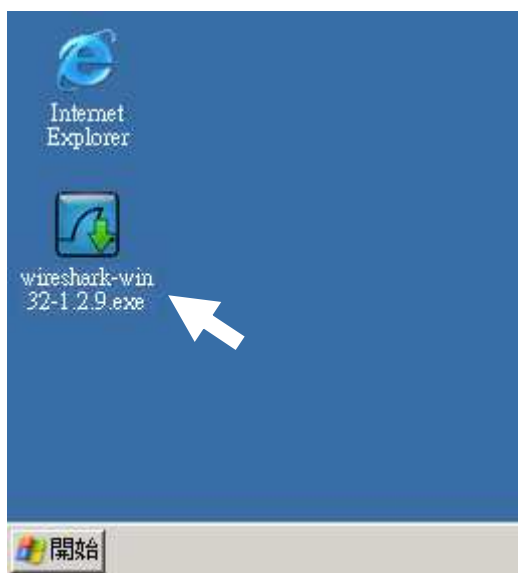
您可以在官方網站上直接點進「Download Wireshark」網頁取得最新版本，或是直接以瀏覽器開啓：<http://www.wireshark.org/download.html>

請選擇「Download Wireshark」進入下載頁面

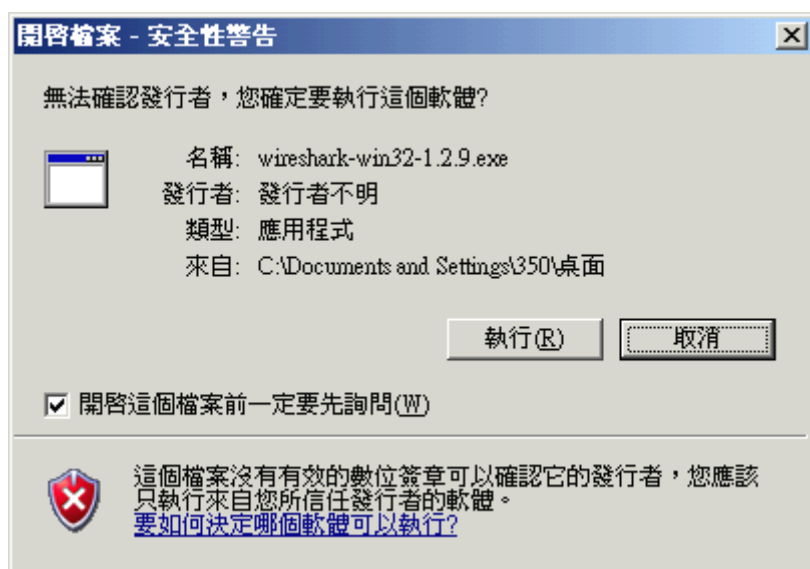
請下載您目前所用的作業系統的 Wireshark 版本，本課程以 Windows XP 為例，所以選取 Windows 32bit 版本

安裝 Wireshark (與 WinPcap)

本範例是將下載好的檔案「wireshark-win32-1.2.9.exe」存放在桌面上，請在您下載好的執行檔上點兩下開始安裝。

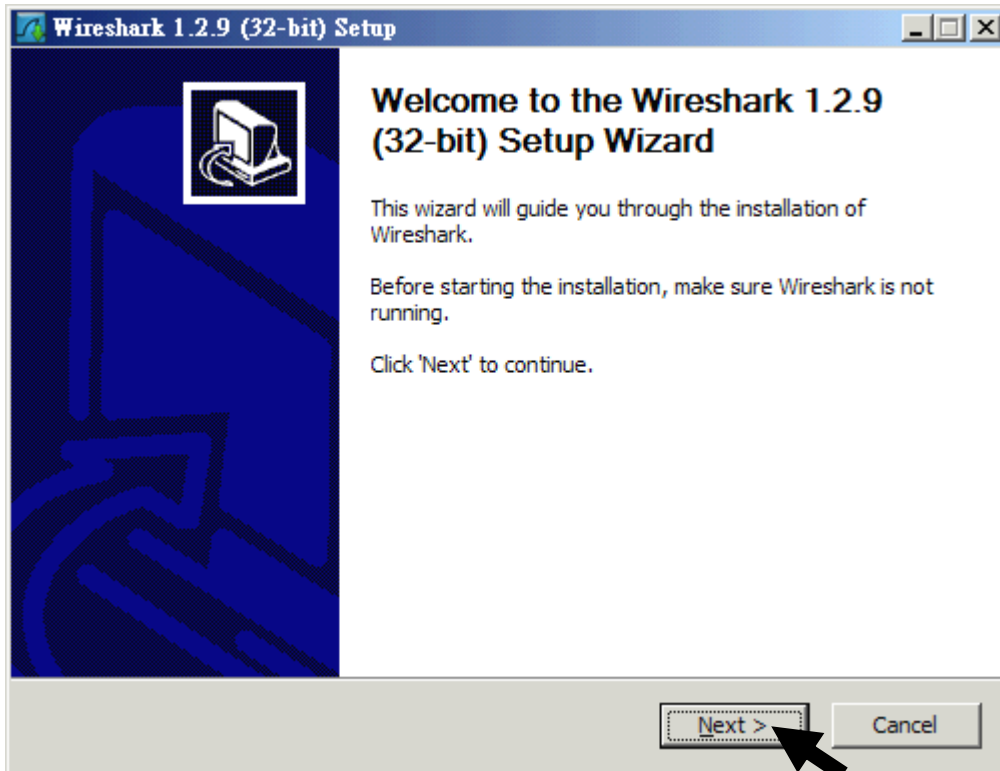


點兩下桌面的「wireshark-win32-1.2.9.exe」開始安裝

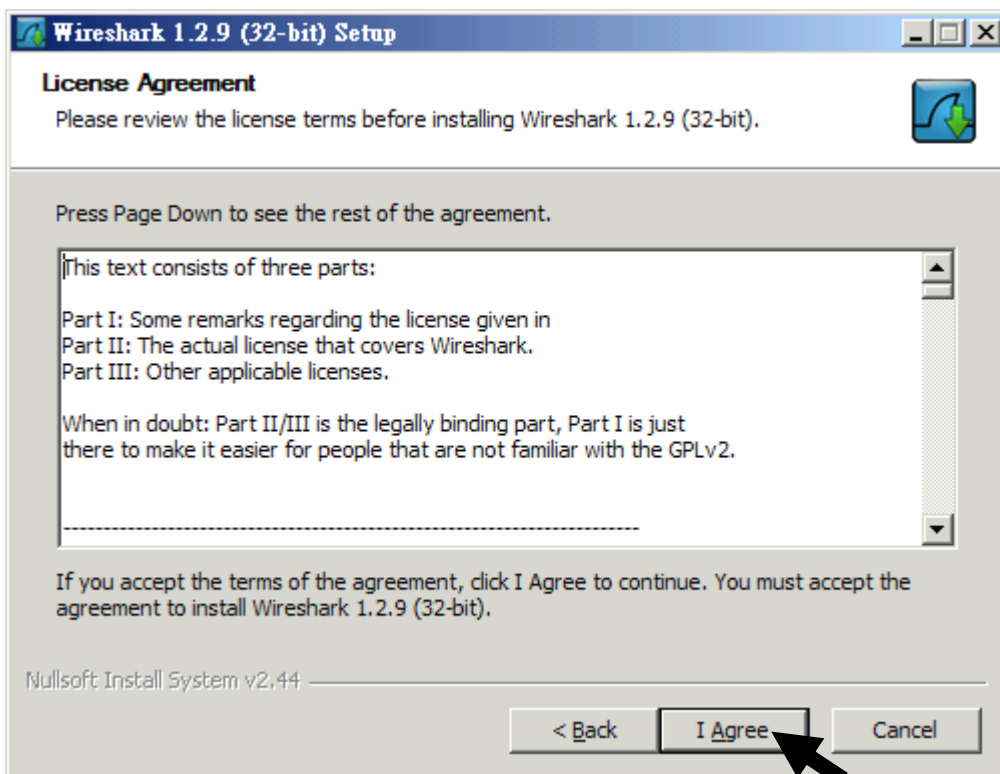


此為 Windows XP 安全性警告，請暫時忽略並按「執行」繼續

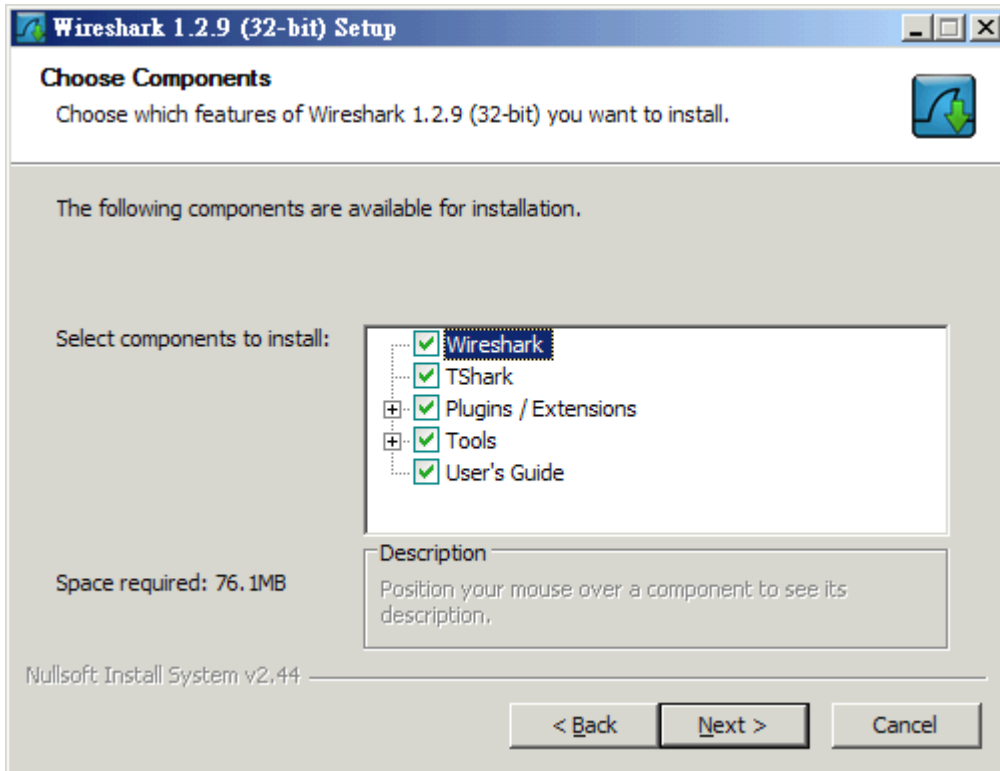
附註：如果您的作業系統為 Windows Vista 或 Windows 7，請自行針對 UAC (User Account Control 使用者帳戶控制) 做設定。



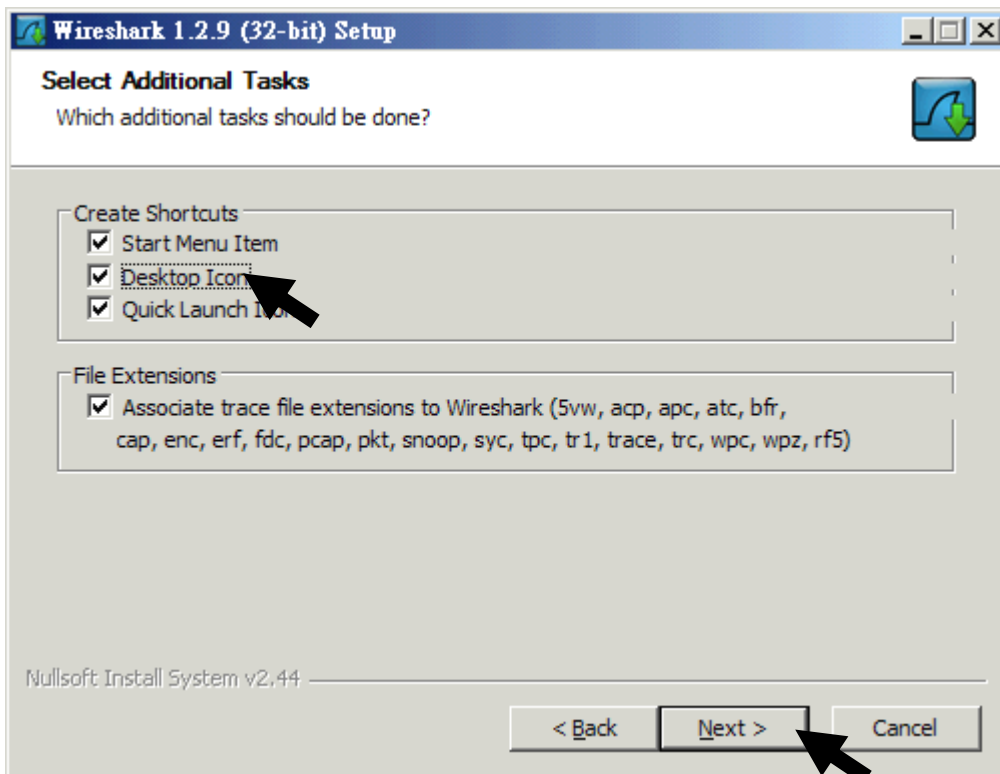
Wireshark 歡迎畫面，請按「Next」繼續



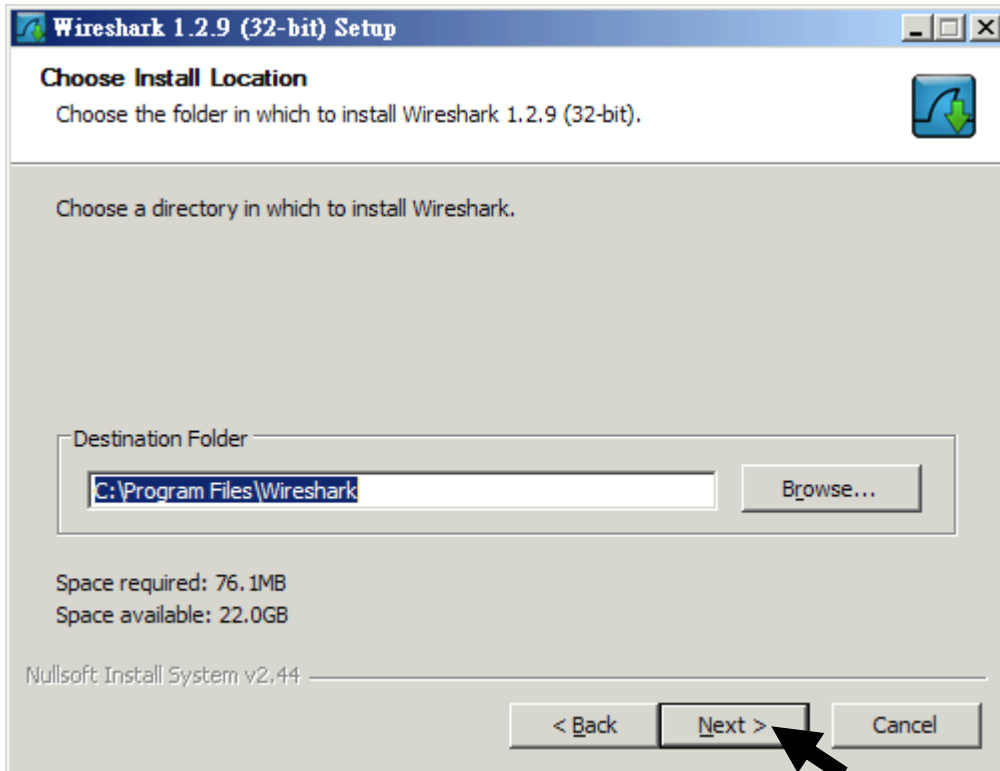
版權說明畫面，閱讀後如同意，請按「I Agree」繼續安裝



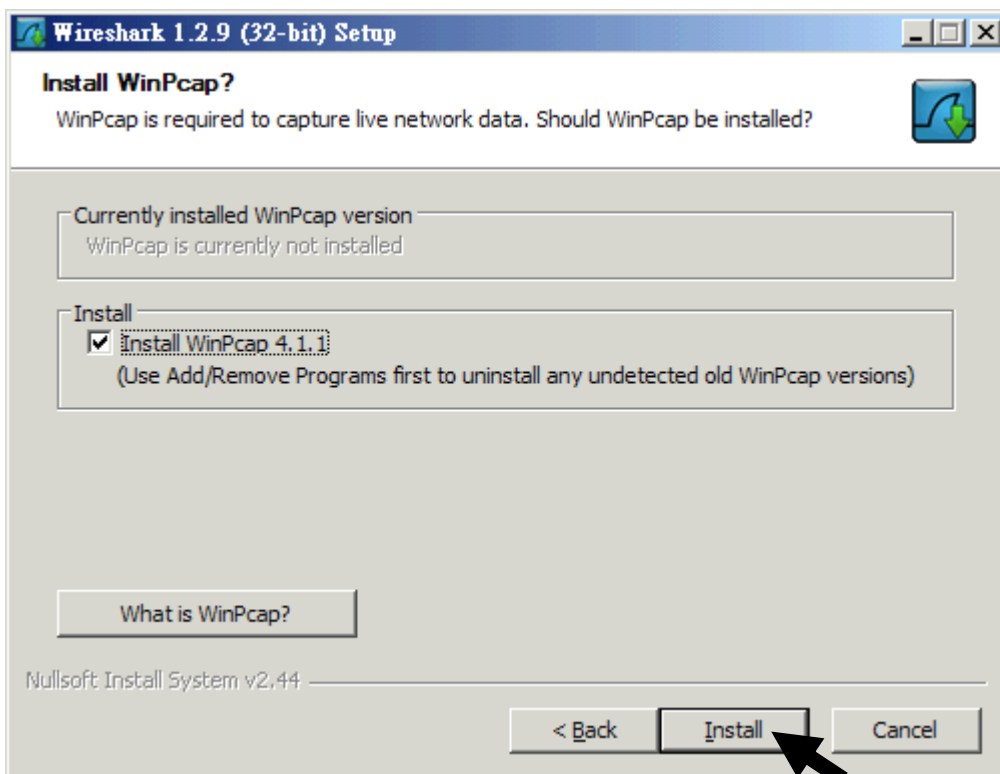
選擇安裝項目，這裡選擇預設安裝（全選）的方式，按下「Next」繼續



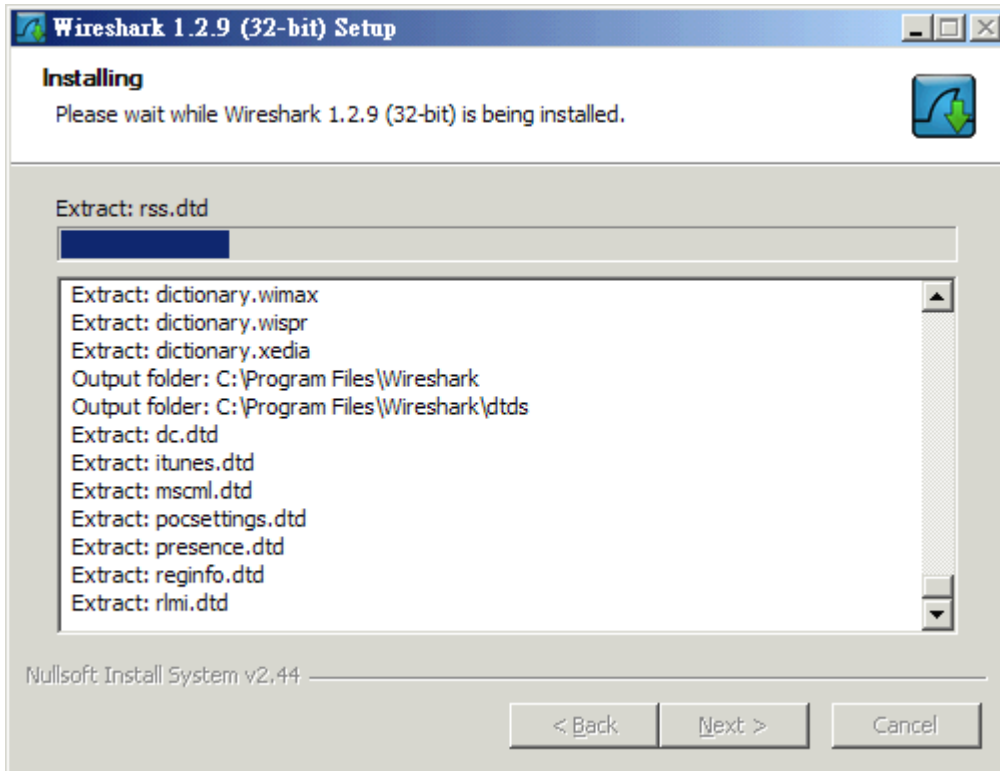
如果想在桌面有 Wireshark 捷徑，請選擇「Desktop Icon」，按下「Next」繼續



您可以指定安裝路徑，本範例使用預設路徑，按下「Next」繼續



Wireshark 需 WinPcap (預設)，按下「Next」繼續



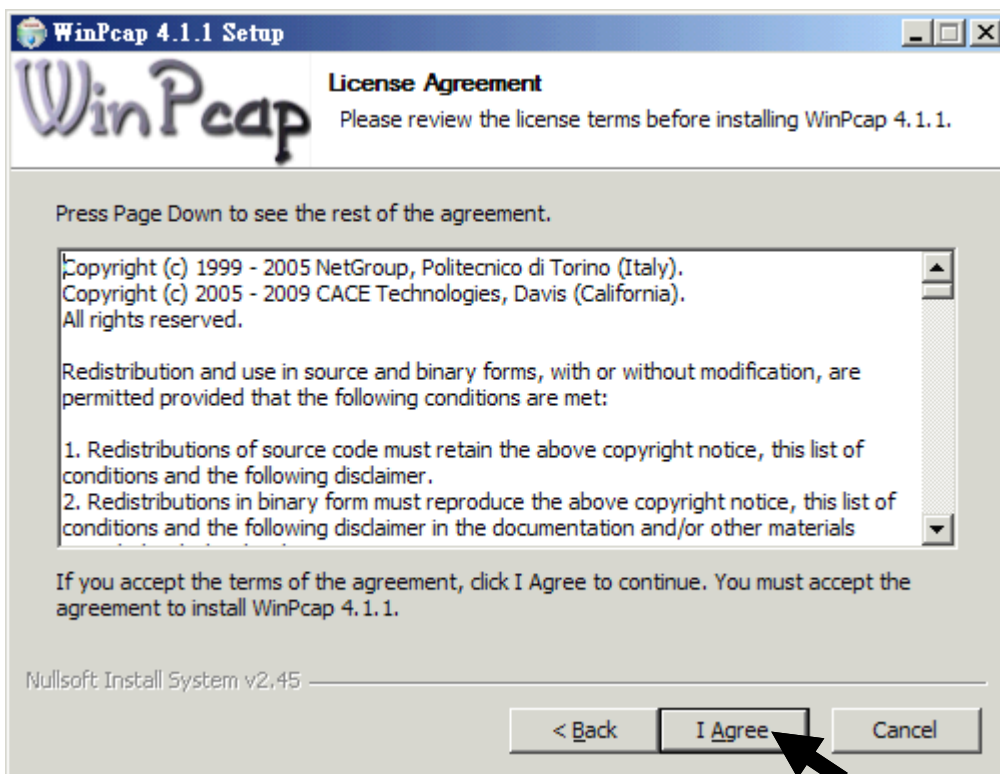
解壓縮 Wireshark，請稍待...



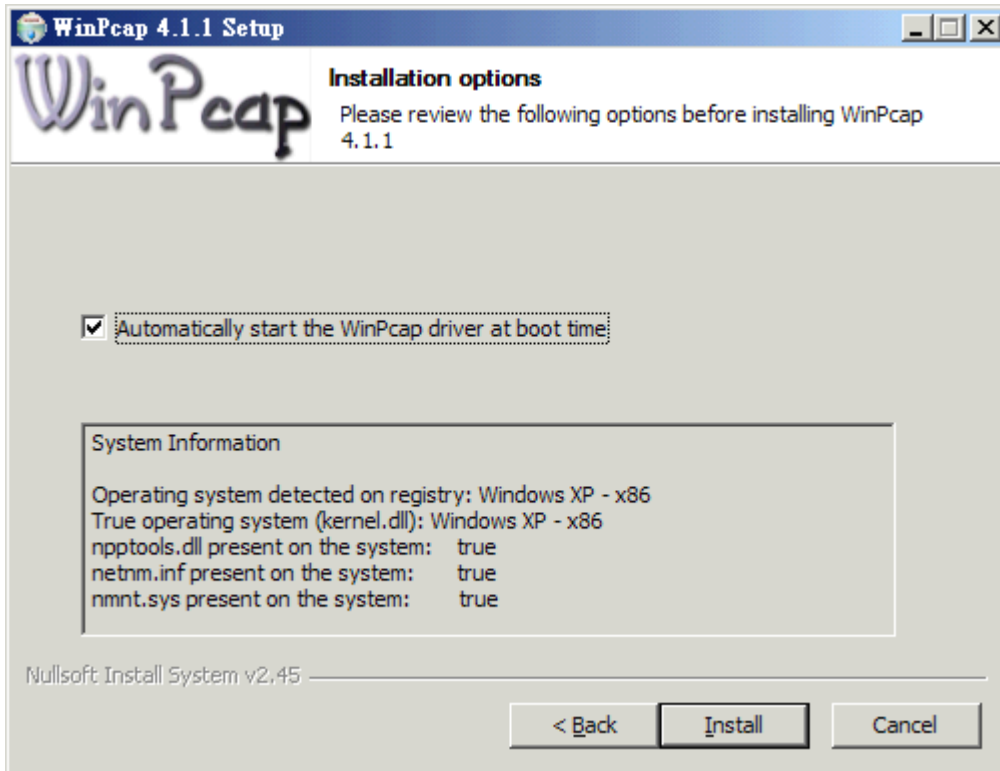
接下來安裝 WinPcap，按下「Next」繼續



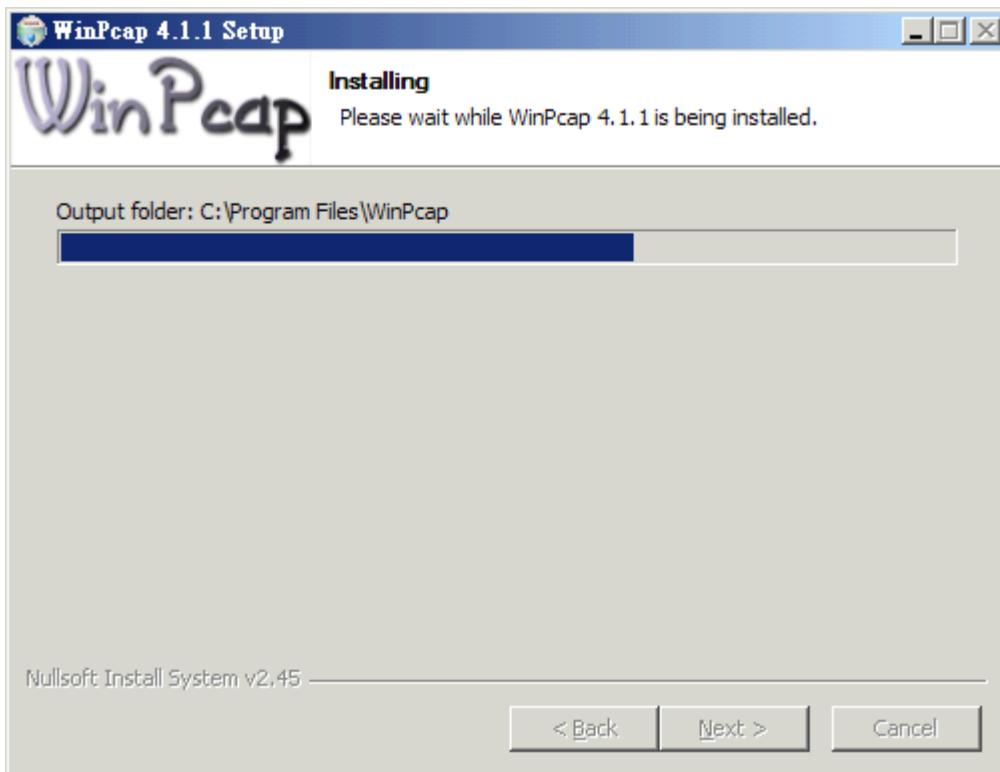
WinPcap 歡迎畫面，請按「Next」繼續



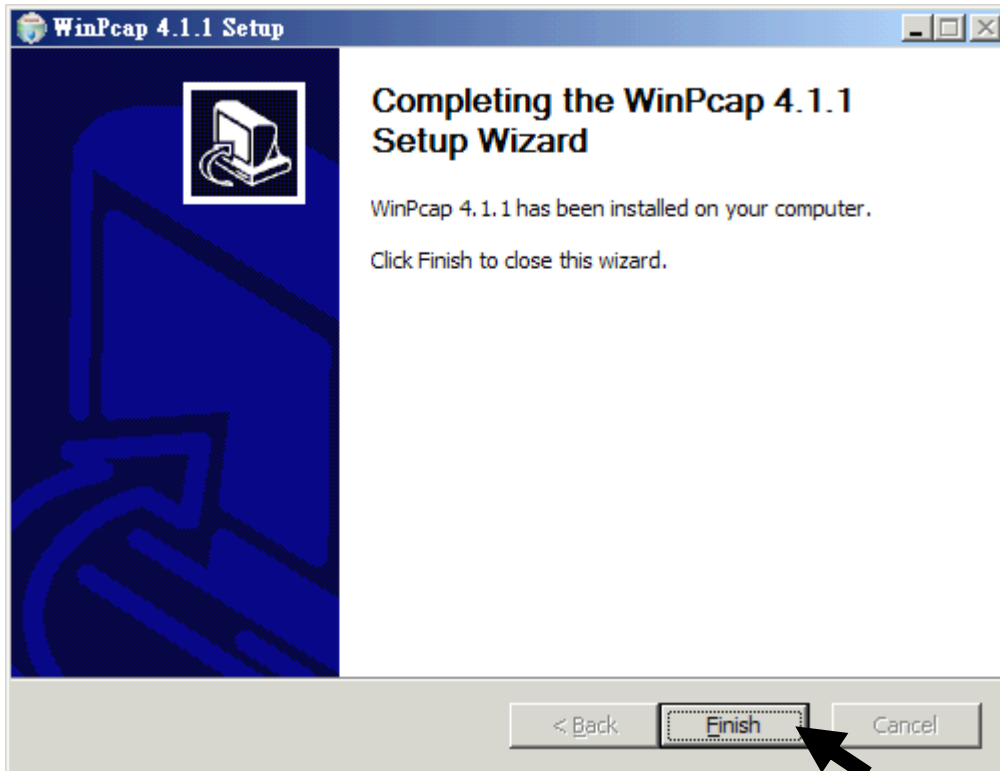
版權說明畫面，閱讀後如同意，請按「I Agree」繼續安裝



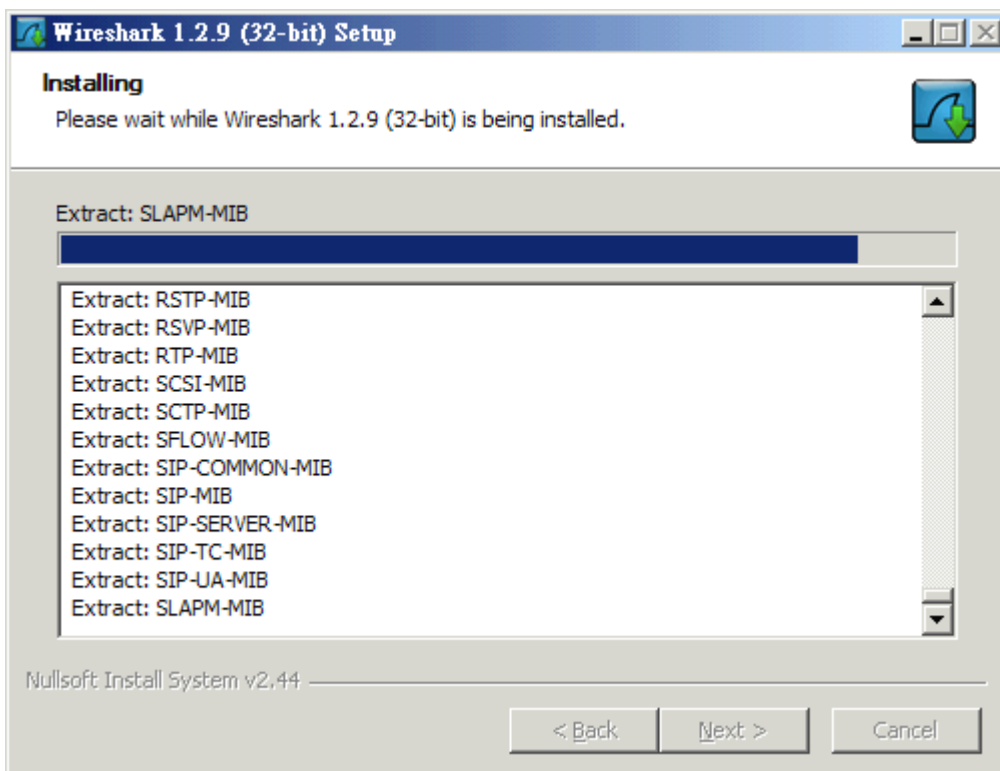
設定封包擷取程式 WinPcap 於開機時啓動 (預設為啓動)，
按「Install」開始安裝



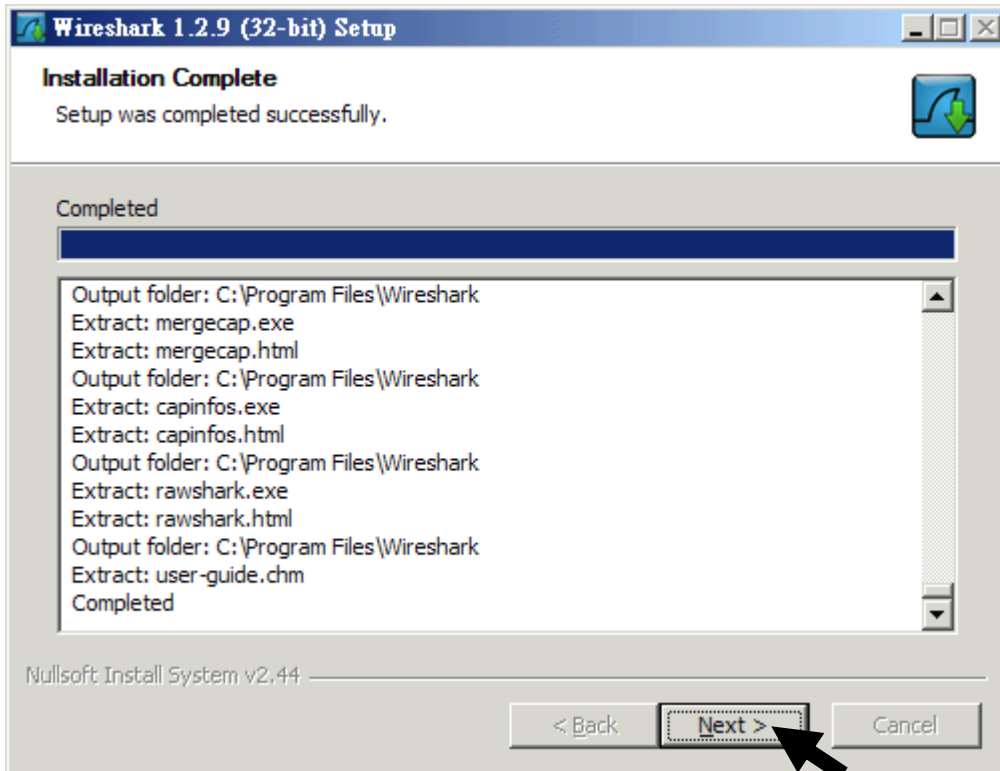
正在安裝 WinPcap，請稍待...



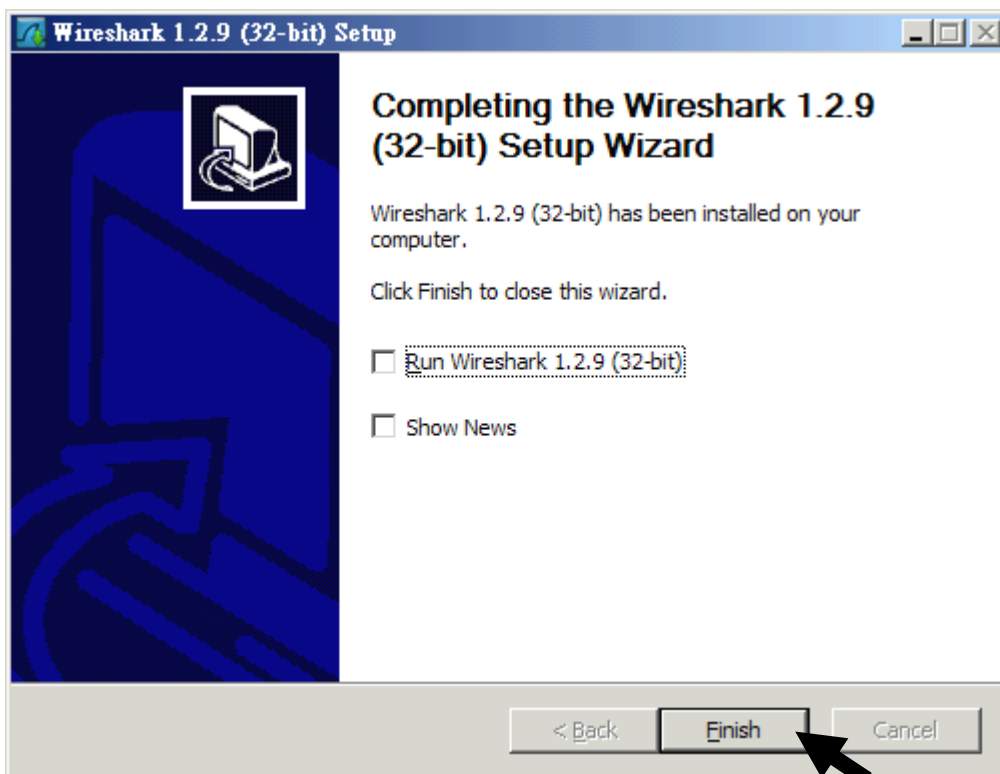
WinPcap 安裝完畢，請按「Finish」繼續



開始安裝 Wireshark，請稍待...



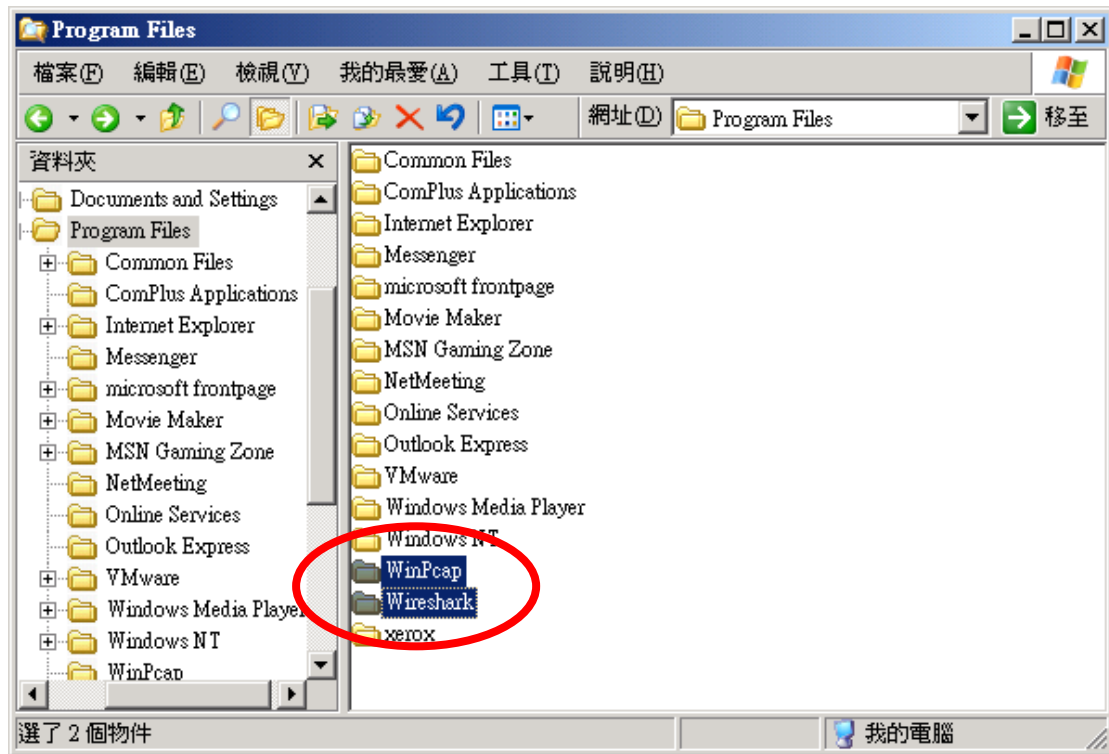
Wireshark 安裝完畢，請按「Next」繼續



Wireshark 安裝成功，請按「Finish」結束安裝程式

程式位置

如果您是與本範例一樣為 Windows 系統，並採用預設安裝路徑，您將會在下方位置找到 Wireshark 與 WinPcap 兩個目錄。



Wireshark 與 WinPcap 安裝位置，

C:\Program Files\WinPcap

&

C:\Program Files\Wireshark

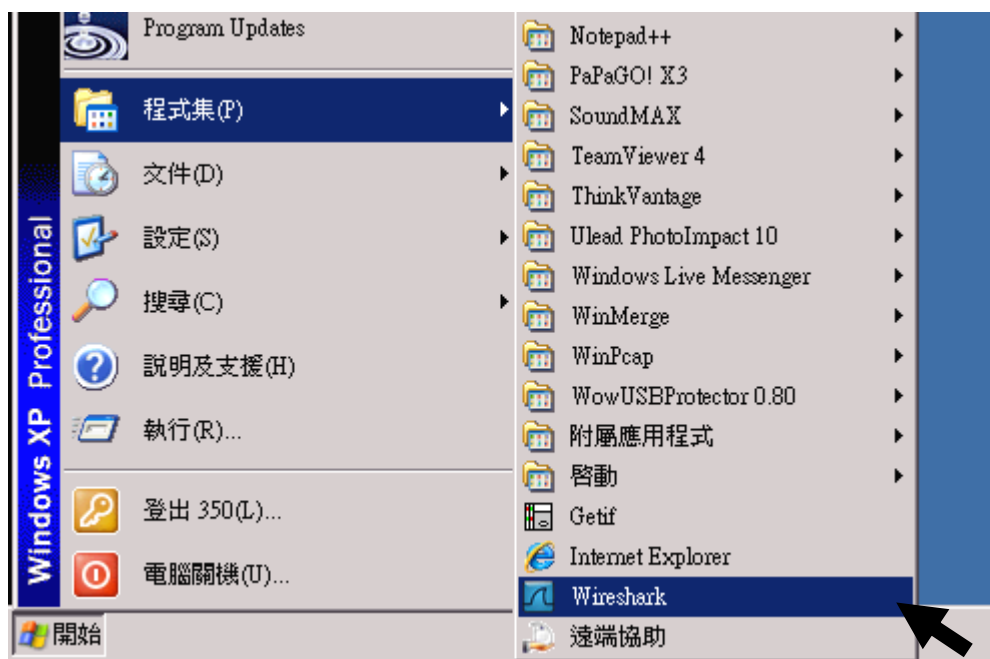
Wireshark 啓動方式 (一)

啓動 Wireshark 您可以選擇兩種方式，一種是於桌面捷徑的 Wireshark 圖示點兩下執行：

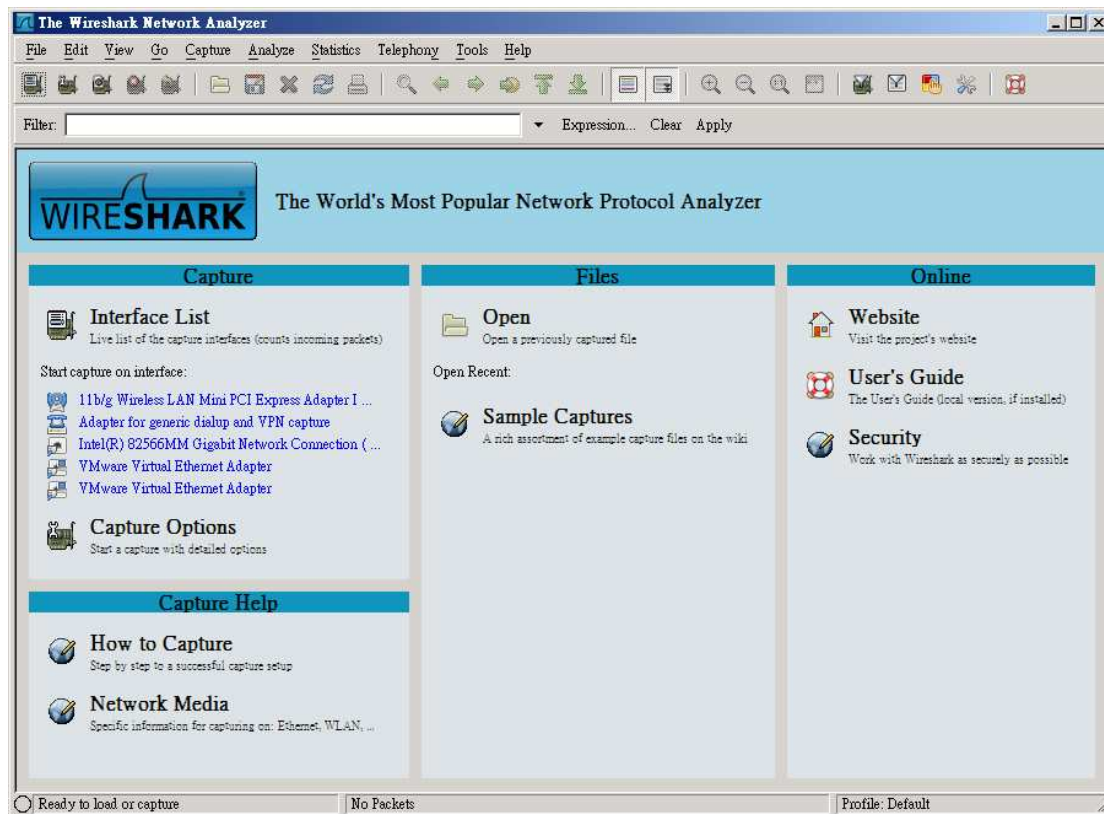


Wireshark 啓動方式 (二)

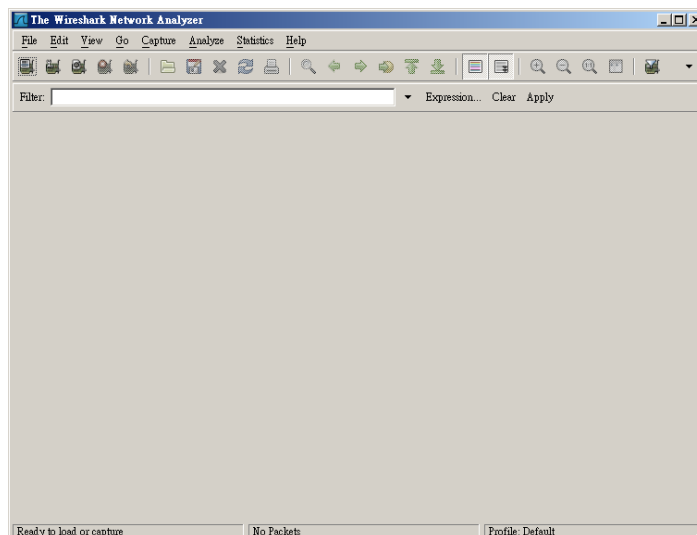
或是以「開始」→「程式集」→「Wireshark」來啓動。



下面為 Wireshark 1.2.0 之後的版本，在歡迎畫面已經做了改變，直覺上更為平易近人，但在與 Wireshark 1.2.0 之前的版本比較起來（圖於最右下方），除了開始頁面外，畫面幾乎完全相同。



不同之處

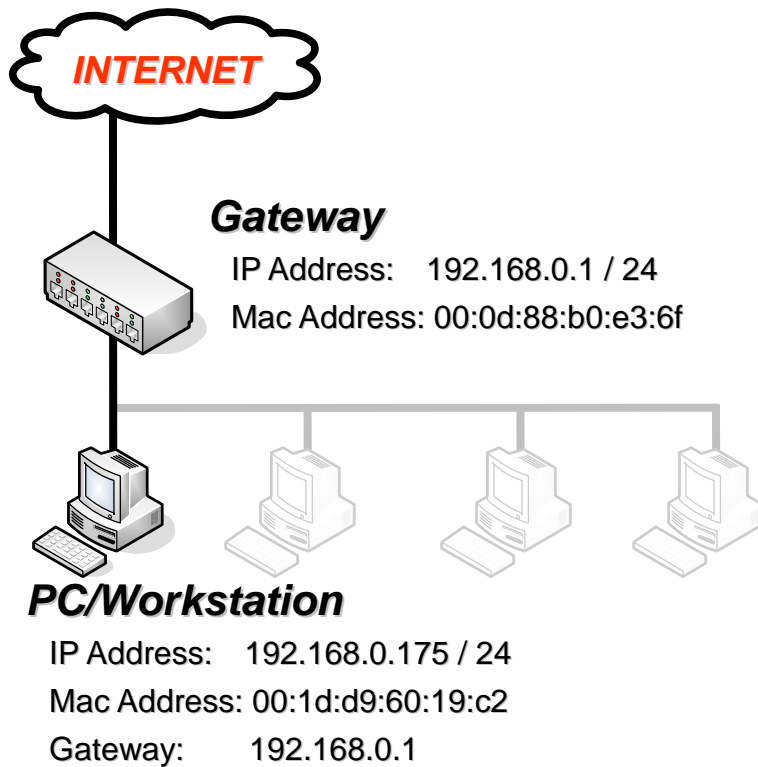


Wireshark 1.0.4 主畫面

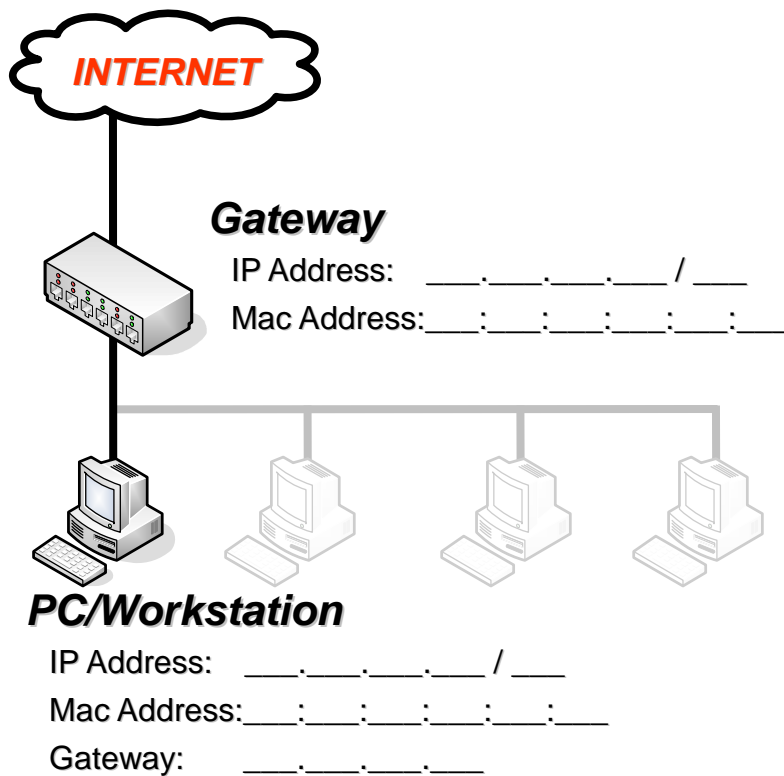
PROTOCOL ANALYSIS

Quick Start With **WIRESHARK**

講義環境設定



我的環境設定



擷取封包的方式

請確認您的 Wireshark 以及 WinPcap 安裝正確，才可以順利啟動 Wireshark !

第一步，我們先快速的來擷取封包，在開始之前，您得先了解您目前的網路連線方式與環境，再來決定您擷取封包的方式， 350 將以兩的方向來作解釋，分別是「有線網路」以及「無線網路」：

A：有線網路 擷取方式

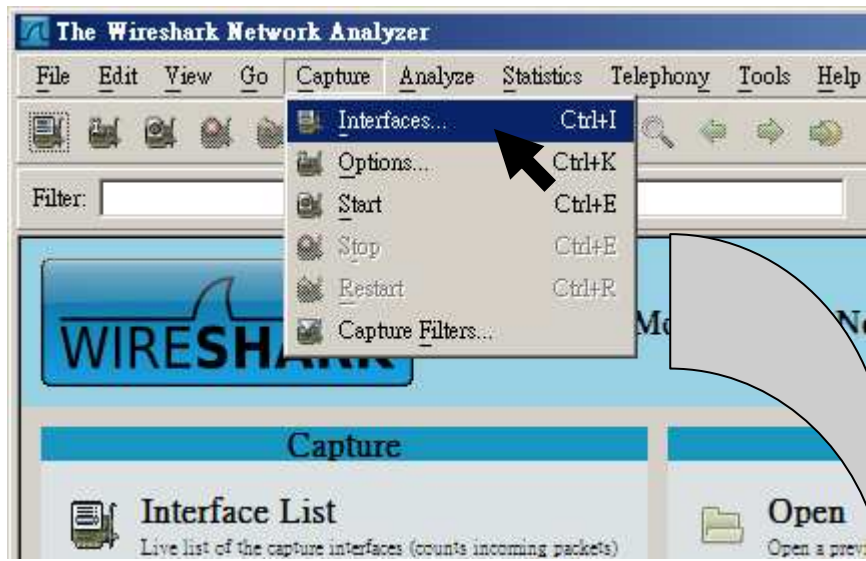
如果您是有線網路，我們這裡介紹兩種方式，讓您快速的啟動封包擷取：

啟動擷取介面選擇視窗：(請選下列 A1、A2 其一方式)

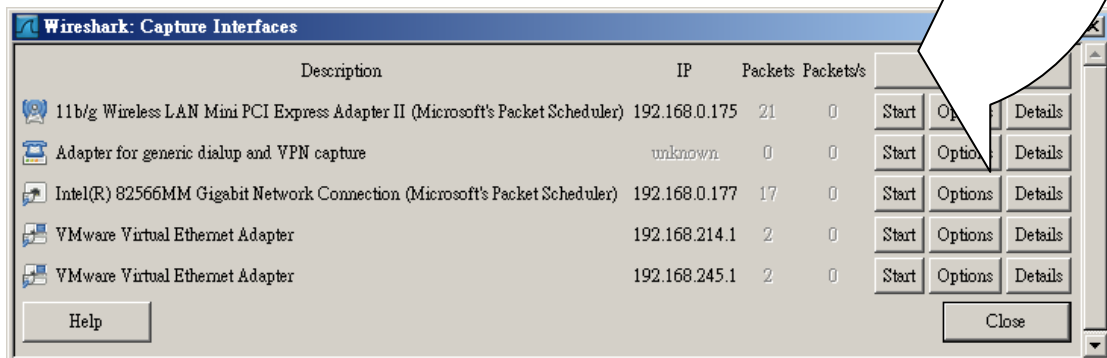
A 1：直接點選主畫面的圖示列「List the available capture interfaces...」



A 2 : 直接點選主畫面的功能列「Capture」→「interfaces...」

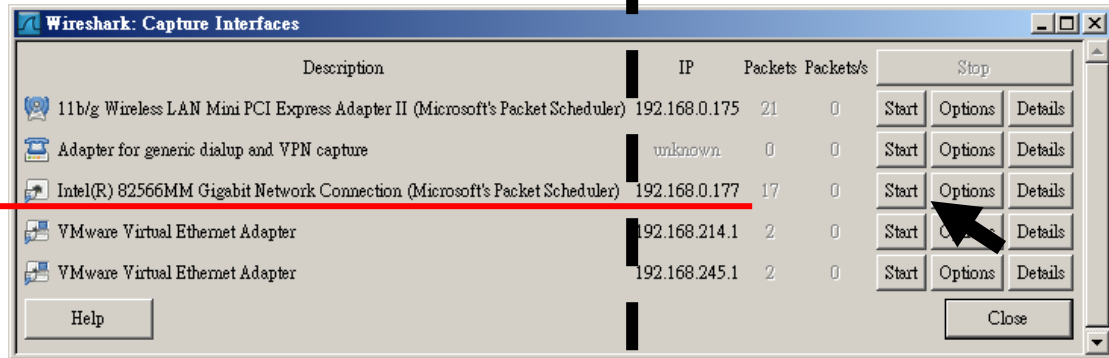


會出現您現在系統可以擷取的介面清單視窗：

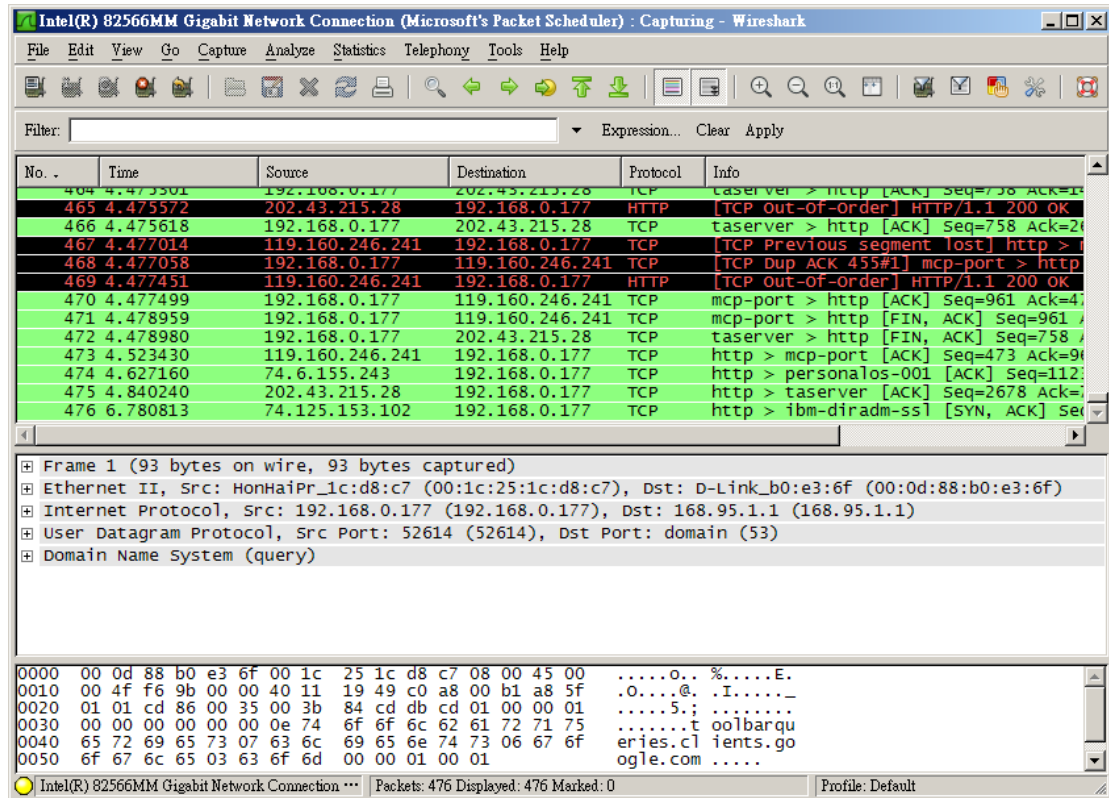


選擇擷取介面：(有線網路)

請直接按下您的有線網路 (Intel(R) 82566MM Gigabit Network Connection 為有線網路) 的「 Start 」

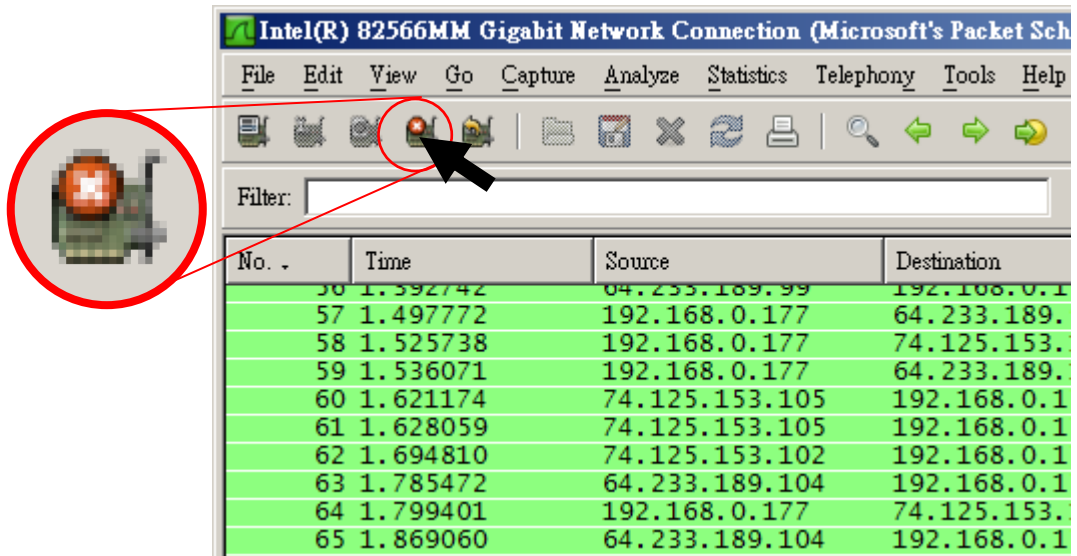


然後就開始擷取有線網路卡的封包了：

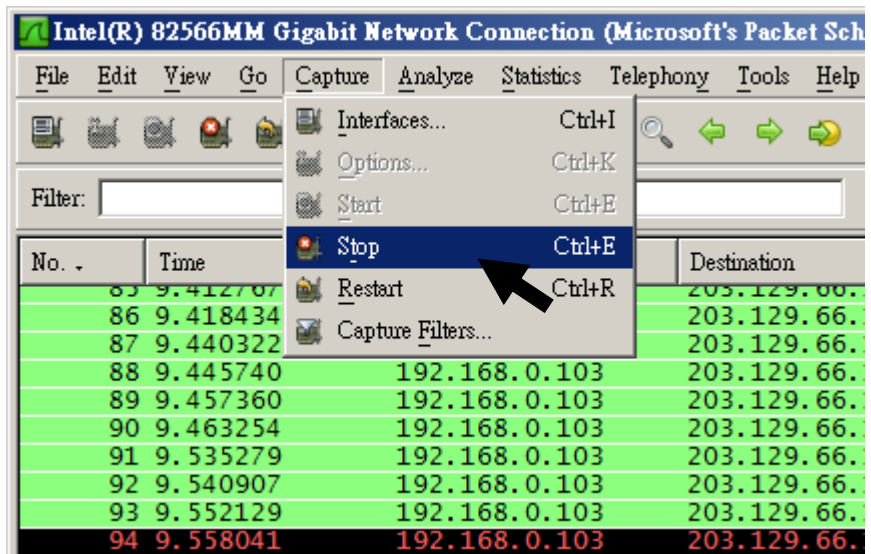


停止擷取：

A 1：直接點選主畫面的圖示列「Stop the running live capture」



A 2：直接點選主畫面的功能列「Capture」→「Stop」



B：無線網路 擷取方式

如果您是無線網路，我們這裡也介紹兩種方式，讓您快速的啟動封包擷取：

啟動擷取介面選擇視窗：(請選下列 B1、B2 其一方式)

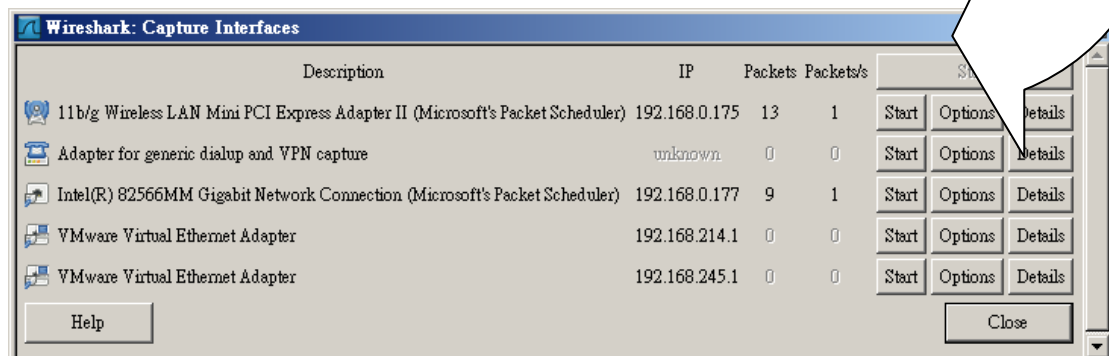
B 1：直接點選主畫面的圖示列「List the available capture interfaces...」



B 2：直接點選主畫面的功能列「Capture」→「interfaces...」

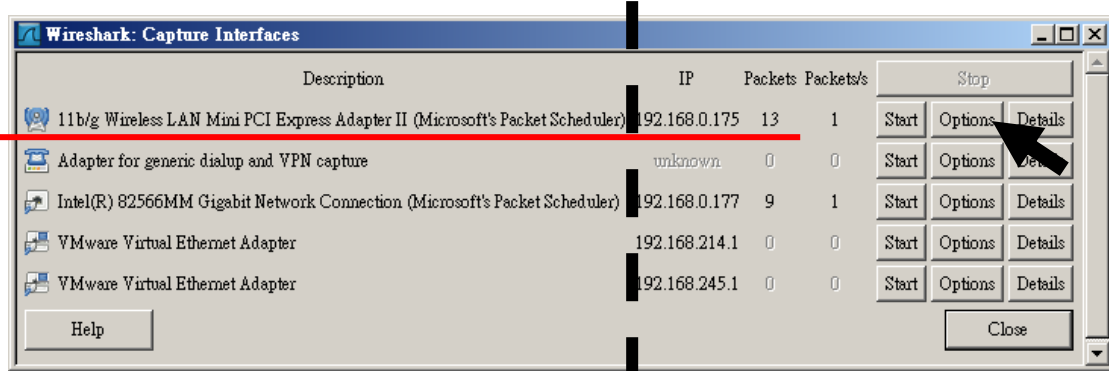


會出現您現在系統可以擷取的介面清單視窗：

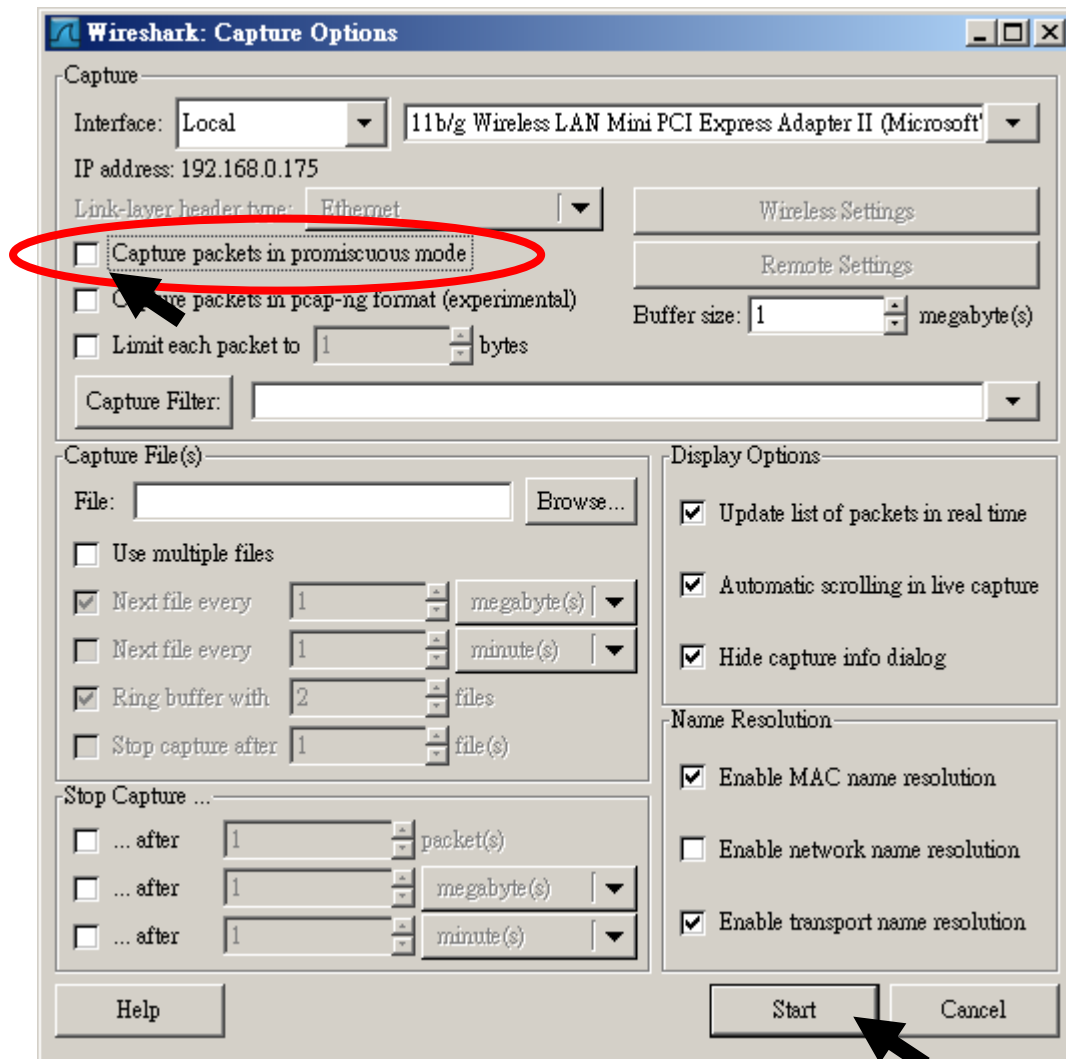


選擇擷取介面：(無線網路)

請直接按下您的有線網路 (11b/g Wireless LAN Mini PCI Express Adapter II 為無線網路卡) 的「Options」



由於我們是用無線網路，所以我們無線網路卡不可以「Promiscuous Mode」啟動，不然會擷取不到封包！



然後就會開始擷取無線網路卡的封包了：

The image shows a Wireshark window titled "11b/g Wireless LAN Mini PCI Express Adapter II (Microsoft's Packet Scheduler) : Capturing - Wireshark". The interface includes a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Go, Capture, Analyze, Statistics, Help), a toolbar with various icons, and a filter field. The main display area shows a list of captured packets with columns for No., Time, Source, Destination, Protocol, and Info. Packet 18 is highlighted in yellow. Below the list, the detailed view for packet 18 is expanded, showing the following layers:

- Frame 1 (178 bytes on wire, 178 bytes captured)
- Ethernet II, Src: D-Link_b0:e3:6f (00:0d:88:b0:e3:6f), Dst: HonHaiPr_60:19:c2 (00:1d:d9:60:19:c2)
- Internet Protocol, Src: 207.46.26.105 (207.46.26.105), Dst: 192.168.0.175 (192.168.0.175)
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: msnp (1863), Dst Port: taskman-port (2470), Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 178
- MSN Messenger Service

At the bottom, the packet bytes pane shows the raw data in hexadecimal and ASCII format:

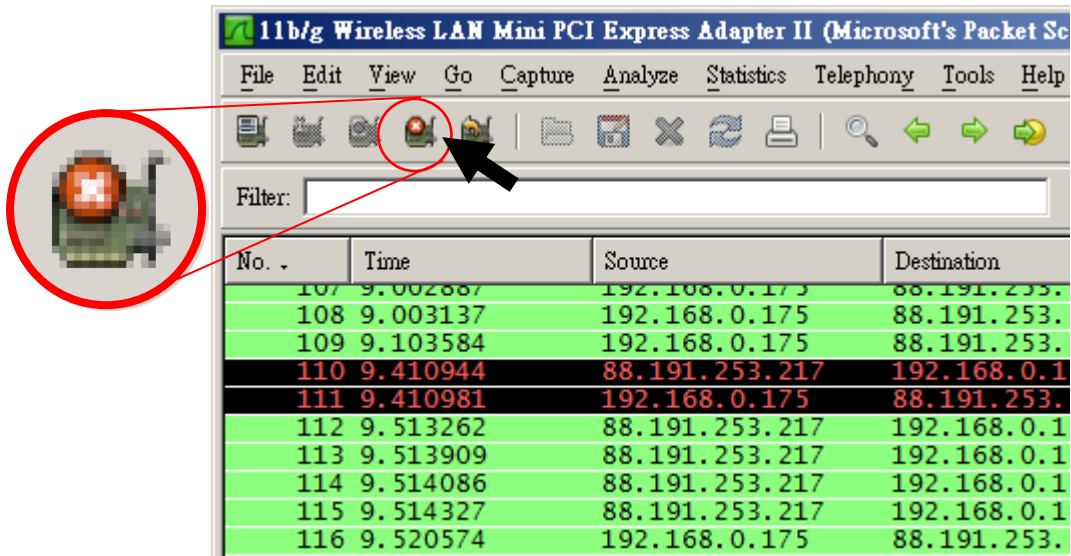
```

0000 00 1d d9 60 19 c2 00 0d 88 b0 e3 6f 08 00 45 00  ... ..O..E.
0010 00 a4 d1 17 40 00 71 06 8d 4d cf 2e 1a 69 c0 a8  ...@.q. .M...i..
0020 00 af 07 47 09 a6 7f 80 27 6f 96 81 06 01 50 18  ...G....'o....P.
0030 ff c7 52 c1 00 00 4d 53 47 20 66 75 6e 30 30 32  ...R...MS G fun002
0040 37 40 68 6f 74 6d 61 69 6c 2e 63 6f 6d 20 66 75 7@hotmai l.com fu
0050 60 20 20 22 0d 03 4d 40 4d 45 2d 56 65 72 72 60  0 02 MT MF Verri
  
```

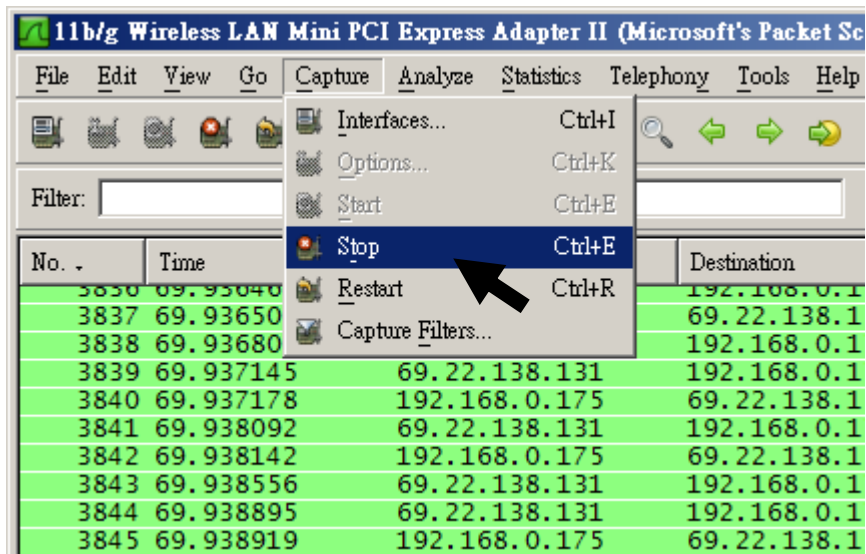
The status bar at the bottom indicates "Packets: 18 Displayed: 18 Marked: 0" and "Profile: Default".

停止擷取：

B 1：直接點選主畫面的圖示列「Stop the running live capture」



B 2：直接點選主畫面的功能列「Capture」→「Stop」



主畫面介紹

下列是已經擷取到封包的畫面配置，在您的畫面中「封包資訊區 (Layout)」區域應該有許多剛剛擷取的封包 (有封包的狀態)。

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
5523	96.390423	69.22.138.131	192.168.0.175	TCP	[TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
5524	96.603371	69.22.138.131	192.168.0.175	TCP	[TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
5525	96.603423	192.168.0.175	69.22.138.131	TCP	array-manager > http [ACK] Seq=18624
5526	96.608462	69.22.138.131	192.168.0.175	TCP	[TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
5527	96.613869	69.22.138.131	192.168.0.175	TCP	[TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
5528	96.613914	192.168.0.175	69.22.138.131	TCP	array-manager > http [ACK] Seq=18624
5529	96.619935	69.22.138.131	192.168.0.175	TCP	[TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
5530	96.756762	69.22.138.131	192.168.0.175	TCP	[TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
5531	96.756806	192.168.0.175	69.22.138.131	TCP	array-manager > http [ACK] Seq=18624
5532	96.762943	69.22.138.131	192.168.0.175	TCP	[TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
5533	96.763002	192.168.0.175	69.22.138.131	TCP	array-manager > http [ACK] Seq=18624
5534	96.768403	69.22.138.131	192.168.0.175	TCP	[TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
5535	96.851430	69.22.138.131	192.168.0.175	TCP	[TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]

Frame 1 (66 bytes on wire, 66 bytes captured)
Ethernet II, Src: HonHaiPr..., Dst: D-Link_b0:e3:6f (00:0d:88:b0:e3:6f)
Internet Protocol, Src: 192.168.0.175, Dst: 69.22.138.131 (69.22.138.131)
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80, Dst Port: http (80), Seq: 0, Len: 0

0000 00 0d 88 b0 e3 6f 00 1d d9 60 19 c2 08 00 45 00E.
0010 00 34 07 74 40 00 40 06@.
0020 8a 83 0e 8e 00 50 18 c1
0030 ff ff a5 d1 00 00 02 04
0040 04 02

功能表：所有的功能都可以在這些地方找到

功能捷徑圖示：常用的功能會放在此處

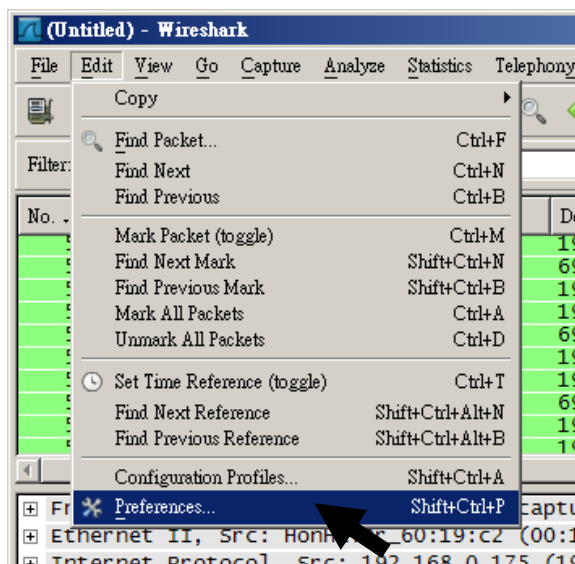
封包過濾條件：可以過濾出封包資訊區里特定的封包

封包資訊區：分成三塊，分別是封包列表、封包細節、封包位元組。

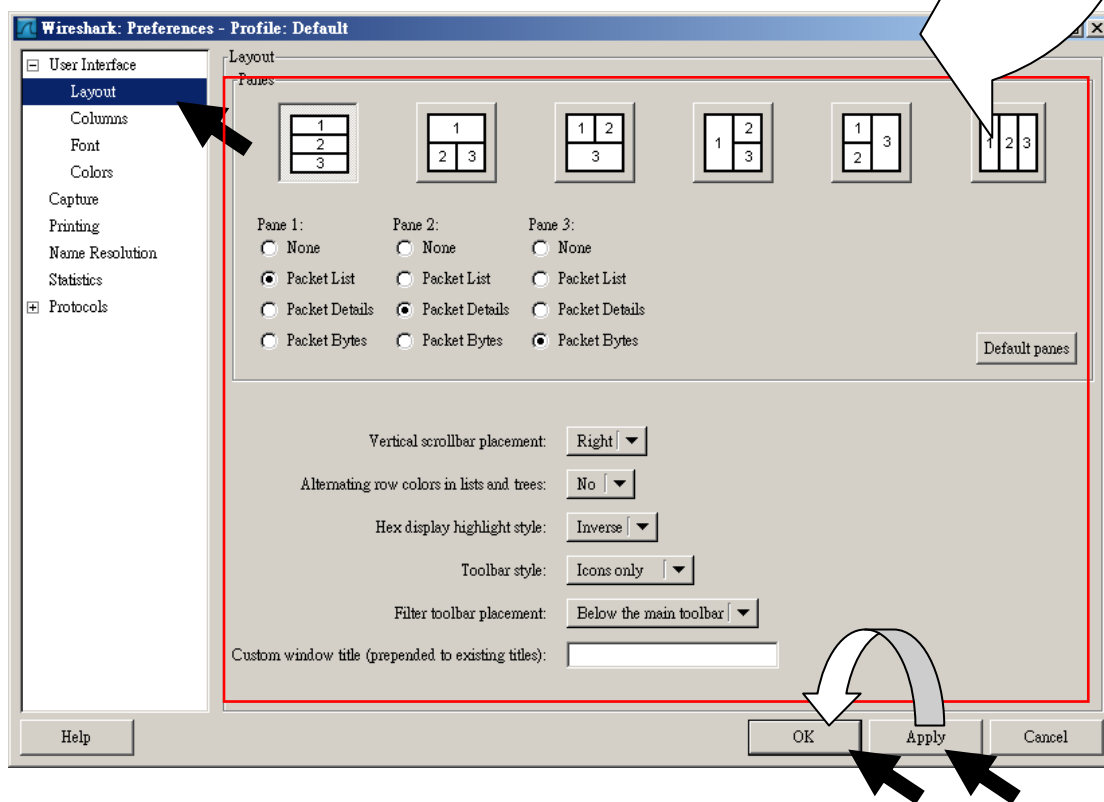
狀態列：這裡會顯示您的監視狀態，或是擷取重要提示資訊。

變更封包檢視方式 (Layout)

以上這是預設的基本畫面配置，當然您可以依照您的喜愛變更，如果您希望變更，請您可以跟著這樣做：



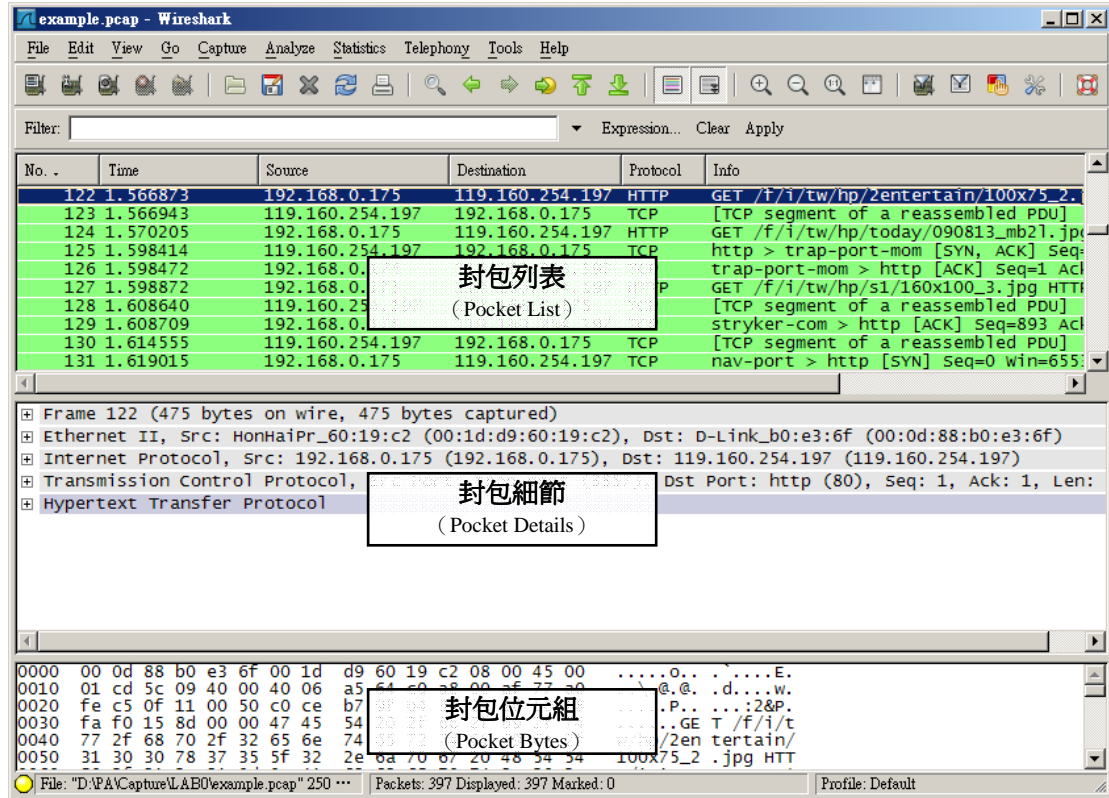
選擇「Edit」→「Preferences」



您可以在「User Interface」的「Layout」選擇您喜歡的封包檢視方式
然後按下「Apply」和「OK」來變更您的檢視方式

檢視封包資訊

如果您需要同步的與本講義做內容對照，您可以使用本章提供之範例（本範例可以在 `\Capture\1-1_BASE\example.pcap` 取得）。



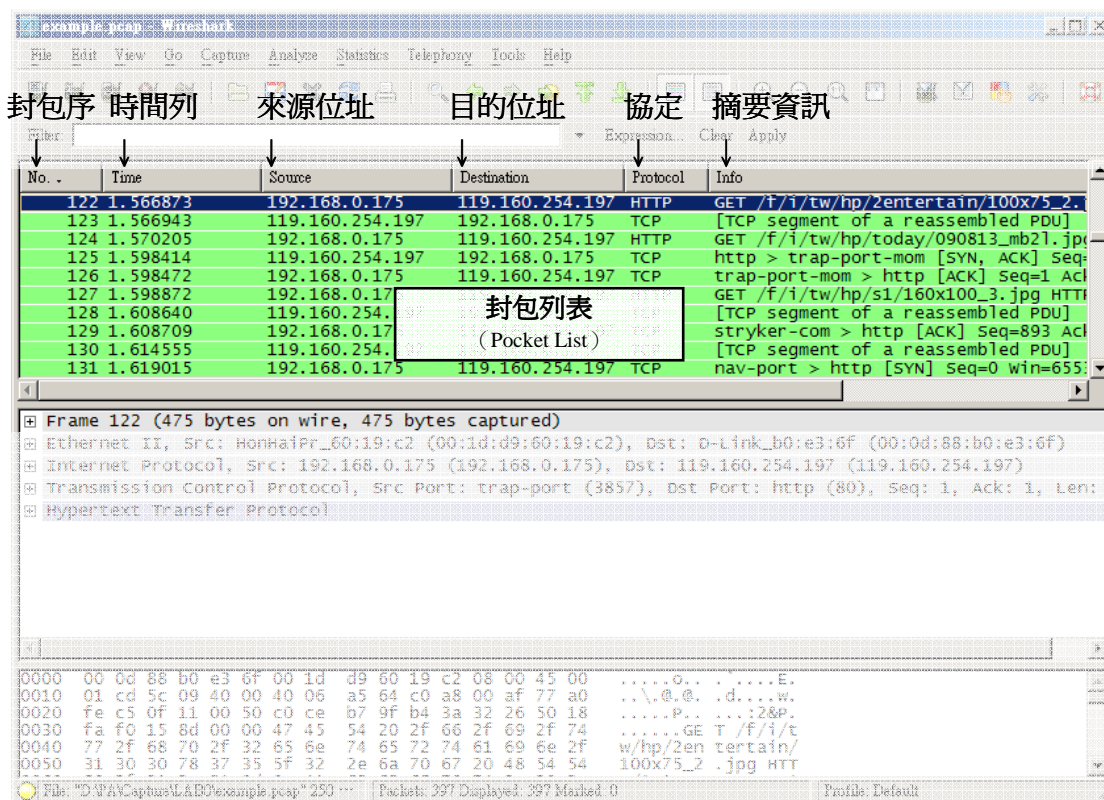
上圖是一個正常的 Wireshark 擷取封包畫面，通常我們就可以在此檢視到所有資訊了。

封包列表中，列出了所有您開始擷取封包到停止擷取中間的封包，一般我們只要點選封包列表（Pocket List）中的封包，封包細節（Pocket Details）與封包位元組（Pocket Bytes）就會跟著改變。

當然我們就可以針對擷取到的內容，來分析是否有狀況發生。

封包列表 (Pocket List)

如果您已經正常擷取到封包，那您現在一定看見在封包列表 (Pocket List) 有許多封包，您可以立即觀察到封包的特性：



No. (封包序)：接受到封包的順序，通常為流水號，每次從 1 開始。

Time (時間列)：指從開始擷取封包的時間到「這個」封包的時間。

Source (來源位址)：封包發送端 (IP)

Destination (目的位址)：封包接收端 (IP)

Protocol (協定)：指該封包用什麼通訊協定

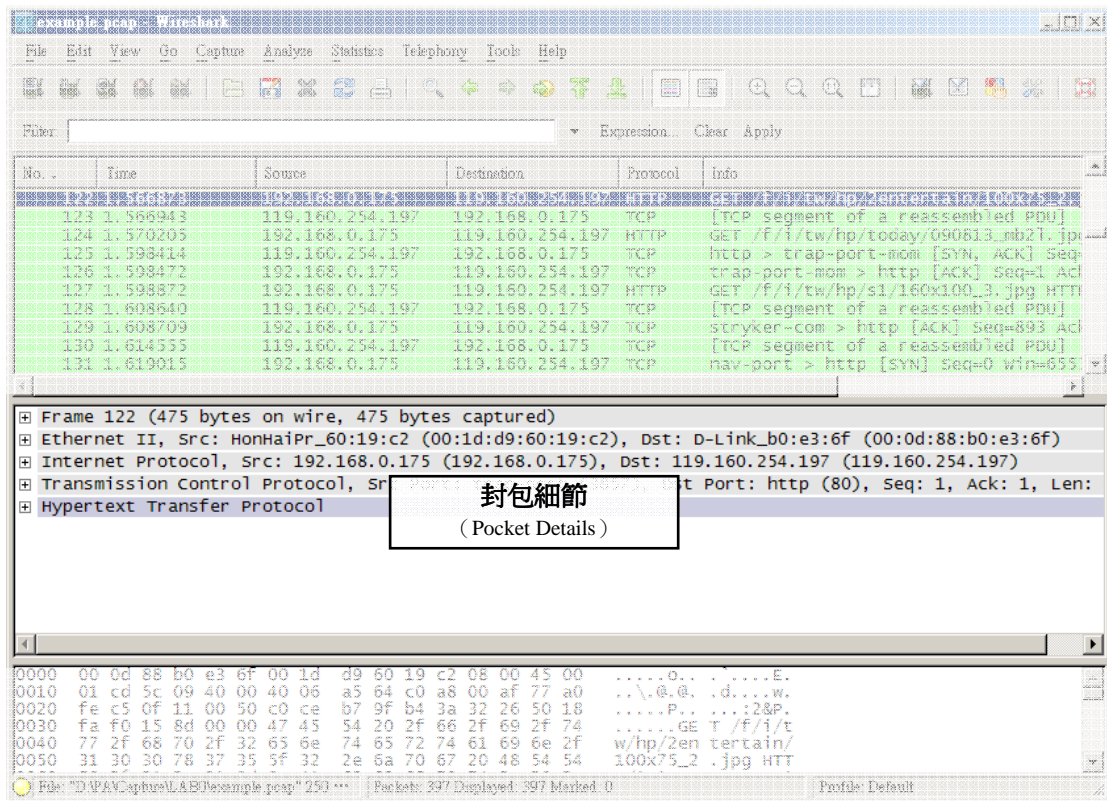
Info (摘要資訊)：簡易的封包資訊摘要

範例：

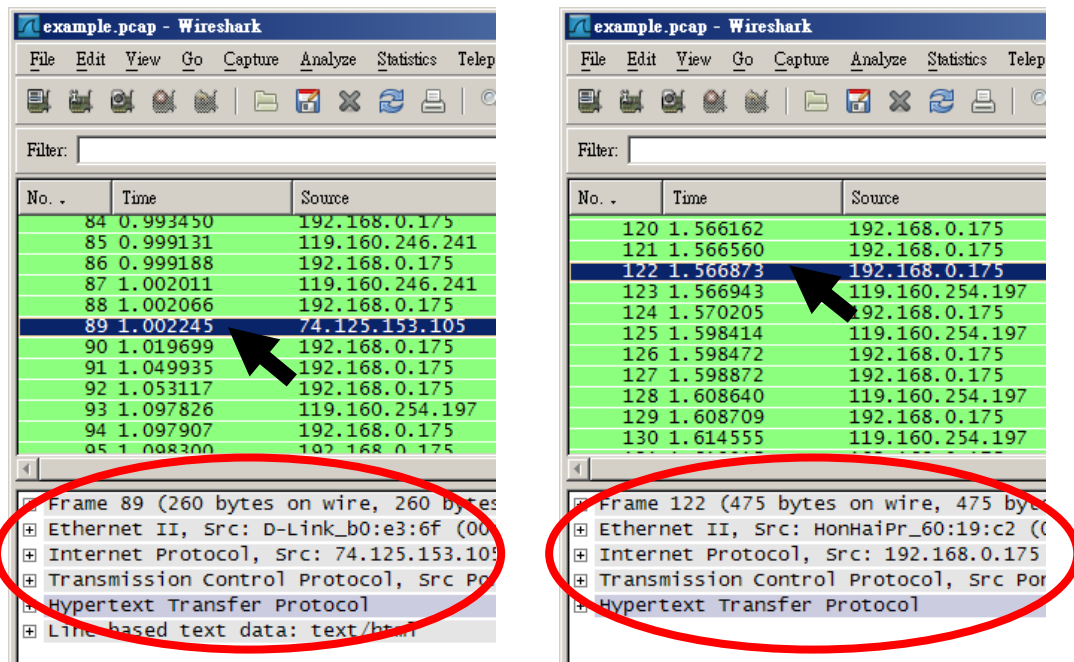
No. .	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
122	1.566873	192.168.0.175	119.160.254.197	HTTP	GET /f/i/tw/hp/2er

上面表示這個封包順序是第 122 個，是在第 1.566873 秒擷取到的，封包來源是 192.168.0.175，目的地是 119.160.254.197，使用 HTTP 通訊協定，欄位 info 告訴我們，是一個網頁的 GET 動作 (網頁瀏覽器)。

封包細節 (Pocket Details)



封包細節裡面的內容會隨著您所選取的封包而改變，當您點選封包列表的一個封包，封包細節內的資訊會立即更新為該封包的細節。



接下來我們針對封包細節來簡單說明一下；請注意，不同協定或是擷取方式、媒介，顯示出來的內容會有所不同，下列為**封包編號 122** 的封包細節：

[-] Frame 122 (475 bytes on wire, 475 bytes captured)
[-] Ethernet II, Src: HonHaiPr_60:19:c2 (00:1d:d9:60:19:c2), Dst: D-Link_b0:e3:6f (00:0d:88:b0:e3:6f)
[-] Internet Protocol, Src: 192.168.0.175 (192.168.0.175), Dst: 119.160.254.197 (119.160.254.197)
[-] Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: trap-port (3857), Dst Port: http (80), Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 421
[-] Hypertext Transfer Protocol

[+] Frame 122 (475 bytes on wire, 475 bytes captured)

這裡相當於實體層 (Physical Layer) 的資訊，表示是第 122 個 Frame，大小是 475 bytes；您可以按 [+] 展開更詳細的內容。

[+] Ethernet II, Src: HonHaiPr_60:19:c2 (00:1d:d9:60:19:c2), Dst: D-Link_b0:e3:6f (00:0d:88:b0:e3:6f)

這裡相當於資料鏈結層 (Data Link Layer)，說明這是以以太網路 Ethernet V2 為協定，並說明來源端位置 (廠牌_序號、Mac Address) 以及目的端位置 (廠牌_序號、Mac Address)；您可以按 [+] 展開更詳細的內容。

[+] Internet Protocol, Src: 192.168.0.175 (192.168.0.175), Dst: 119.160.254.197 (119.160.254.197)

這裡相當於網路層 (Network Layer)，目前顯示的是 IP (Internet Protocol) 協定的表頭 (Header)，此列說明來源端以及目的端 IP，如想看更詳細的資訊內容，您可以按 [+] 展開更詳細的內容。

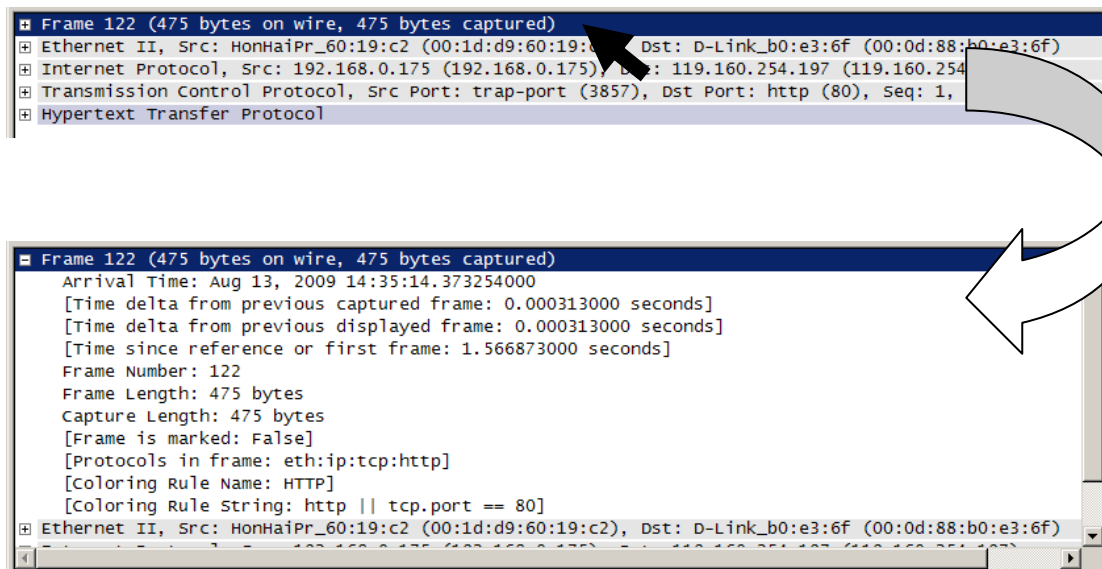
[+] Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: trap-port (3857), Dst Port: http (80), Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 421

這裡相當於傳輸層 (Transport Layer)，目前顯示的是 TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) 協定的資訊，此列說明來源端以及目的端所使用的 Port、Ack 和長度...等等資訊；您可以按 [+] 展開更詳細的內容。

[+] Hypertext Transfer Protocol

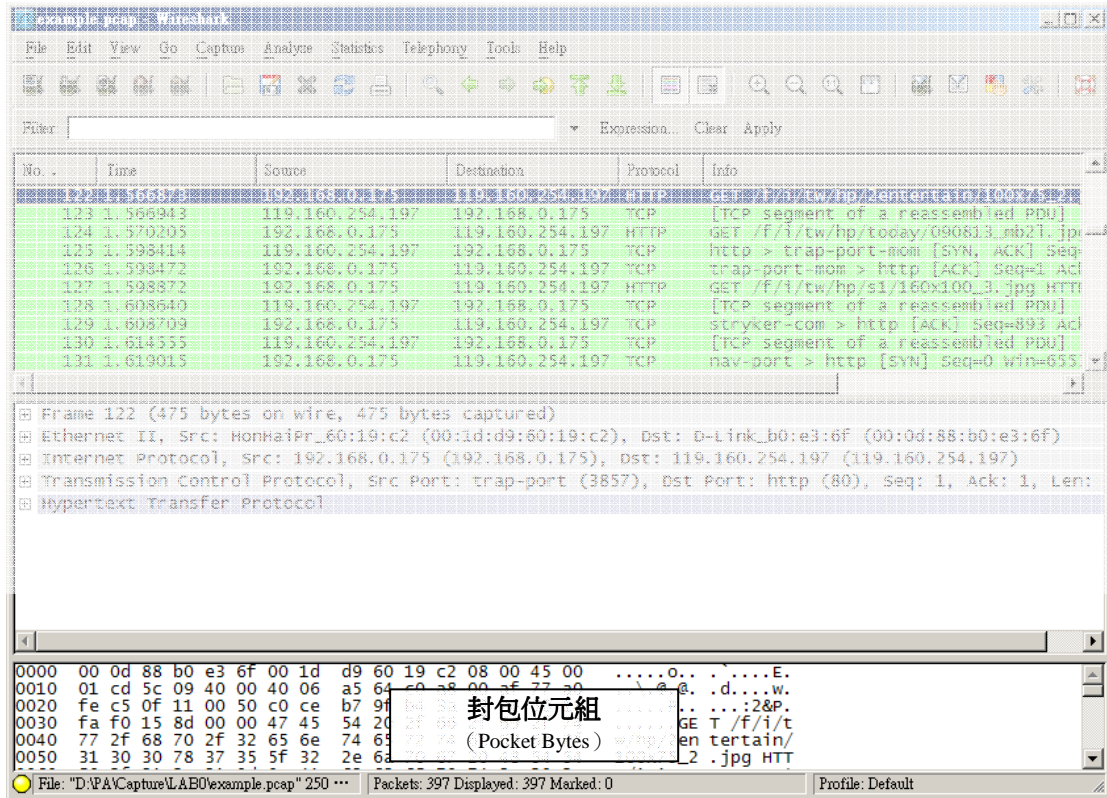
這裡相當於應用層 (Application Layer)，目前顯示的是使用 HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol) 協定的內容；您可以按 [+] 展開看到整個內容。

如果您覺得看的資訊不夠詳細，想更了解資訊更細部的資訊，可以選取封包細節，並對有興趣了解的內容部分按「+」來展開更詳細的內容。

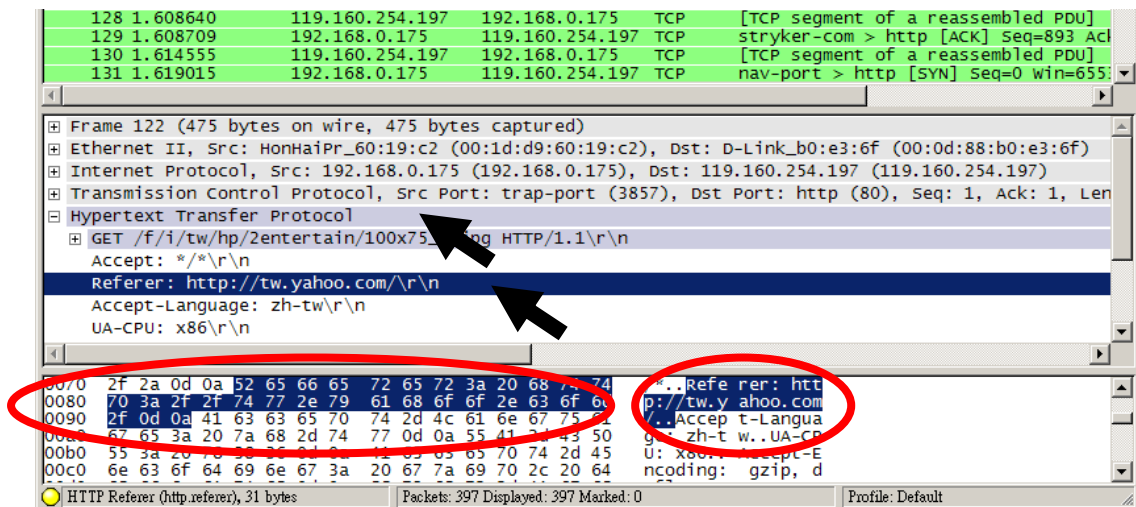


封包位元組 (Pocket Bytes)

這是整個封包的 16bit 檢視與明碼檢視，您可以經由選擇封包細節的部份內容，自動幫您在這部份選出對應的內容。



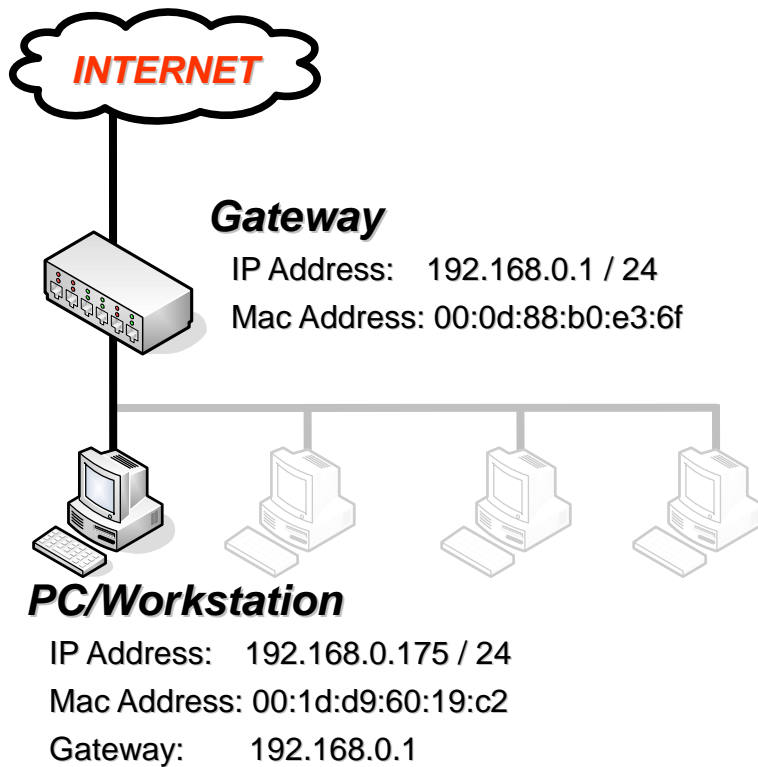
您也可以直接點選您有興趣的內容，Wireshark 會自動幫您對應出封包細節的內容：



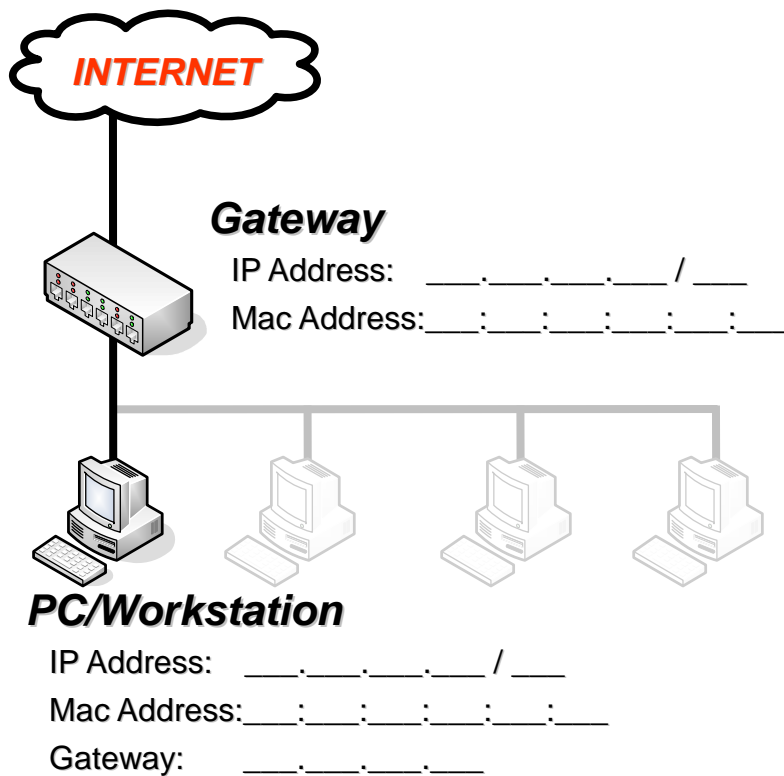
PROTOCOL ANALYSIS

Filter With WIRESHARK

講義環境設定



我的環境設定



過濾封包 (Filter)

您現在已經會擷取網路封包了，且確實整個擷取的過程非常的簡單；但是如果您不是在實驗室的環境裡，在一般正常的網路環境中，並依照現在網路使用的頻率來看，在您擷取封包一段時間後，您將會發現擷取到的封包數量會超出您的想像，上千甚至上萬都是很正常的。

想想看五千個封包中，找出您想要的其中幾個封包該如何找？一個一個找？那絕對會很花您的時間和眼力的，聰明的您一定不會想這樣做吧！

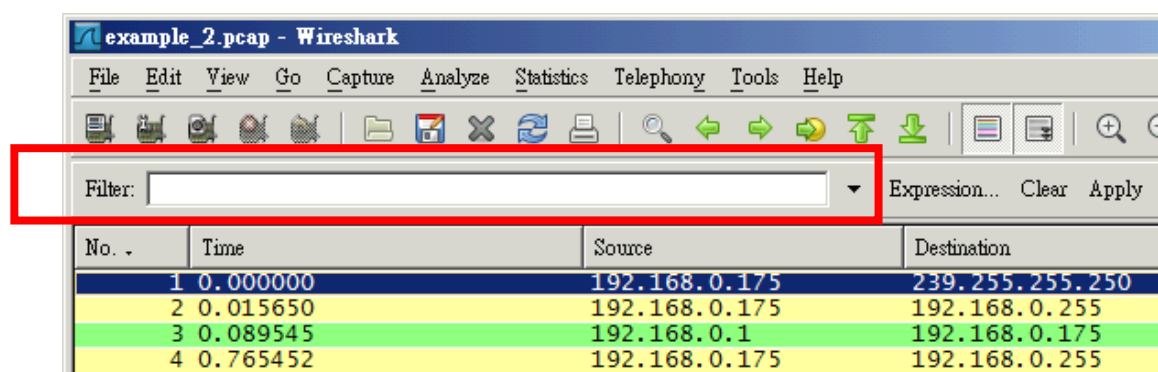
沒錯，我們要把專注力用在封包的 analysis 上，而不是花時間在尋找我們要的封包；所以如何快速的找到我們要的封包，變成一個重要的課題！唯有快速找到我們要的封包，才能讓我們在分析網路狀況事半功倍！

當然，您一定想到「過濾」，用一些條件來過濾出我們所要的封包，排除我們不需要的封包，接下來我們就是要讓各位知道如何過濾想要的封包。

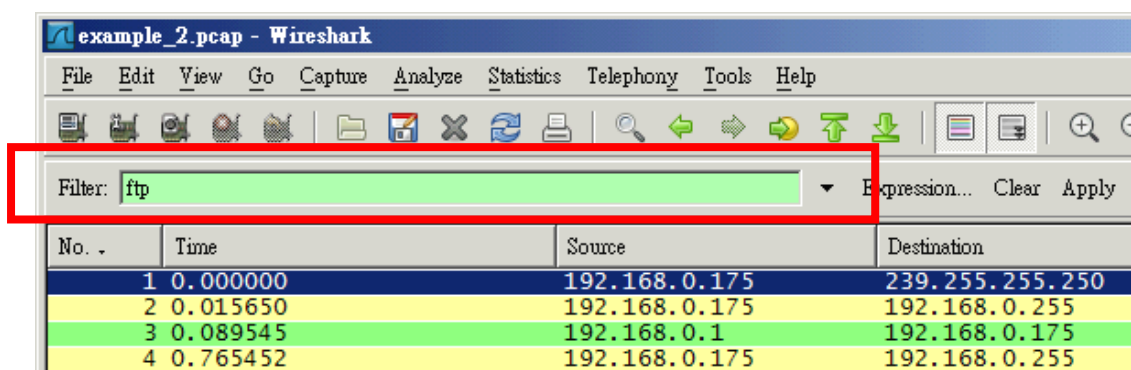
您可以擷取自己目前的網路環境並實際執行過濾條件（請最少擷取三分鐘到五分鐘），或是如果您需要同步的與本講義做內容對照，您可以開啓本章所提供之範例（本範例可以在 `\Capture\1-1_BASE\example_2.pcap` 取得）。

在何處過濾封包？

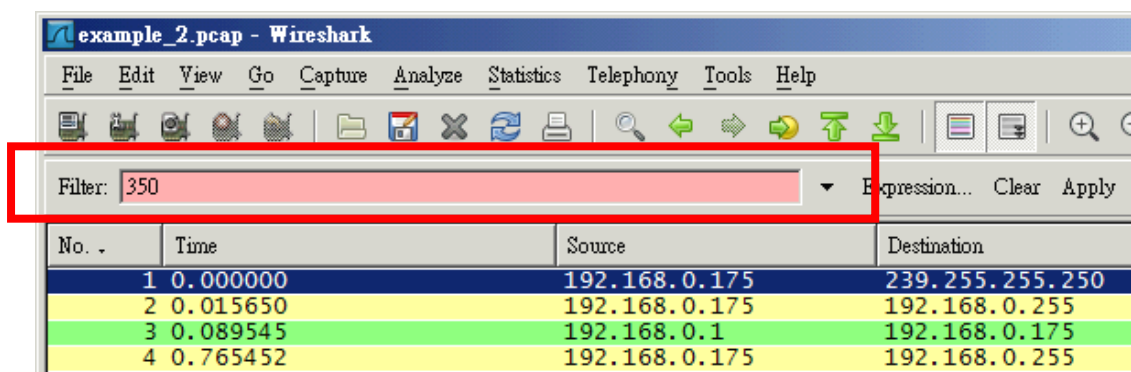
我們在前篇已經稍微提及到封包的過濾位置，如果您尚未下達過濾條件，那麼在過濾欄位背景的顯示顏色將為「白色」。



如果您下達過濾條件，且也為正確條件，那麼在過濾欄位背景的顯示顏色將為「綠色」。



如果您下達過濾條件，是錯誤或條件不完整時，那麼在過濾欄位背景的顯示顏色將為「紅色」。

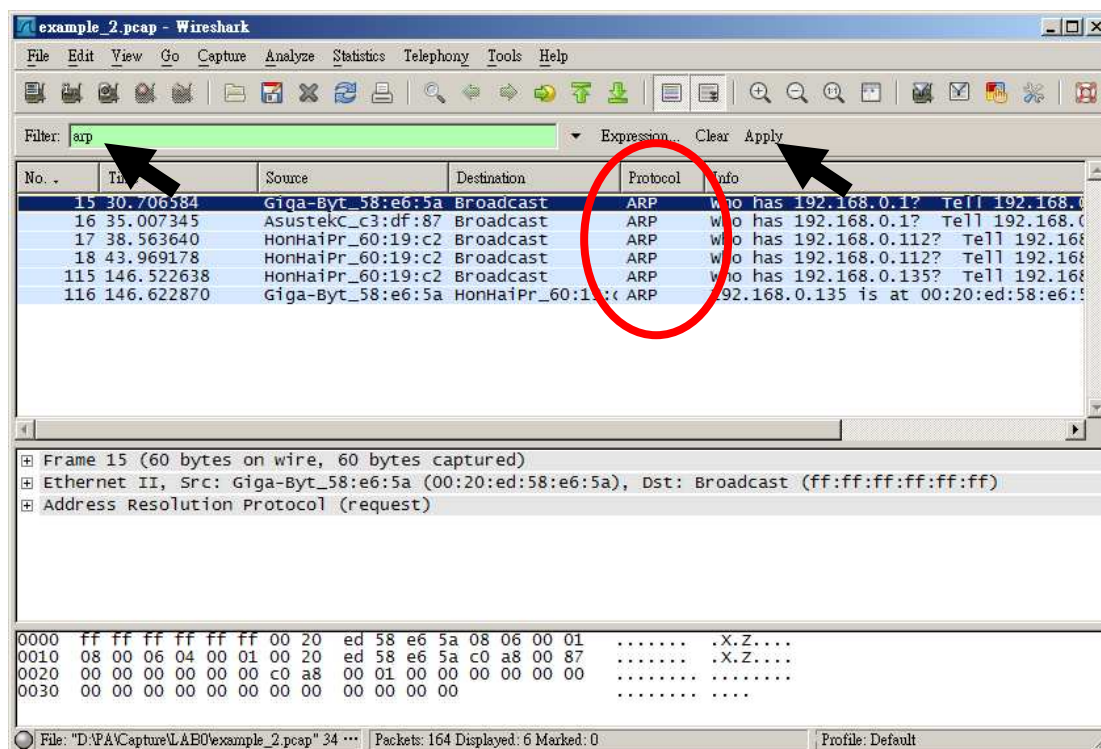


沒錯，過濾很簡單，只要在過濾欄位輸入您要的條件就可以了，但是要注意的是，當您在未輸入完整時過濾欄位背景的颜色都將會是紅色的，待您都輸入完畢後，如果 Wireshark 可以辨認出您所輸入的條件，過濾欄位背景的颜色就會變成綠色了。

別急，接下來就要教您如何過濾！

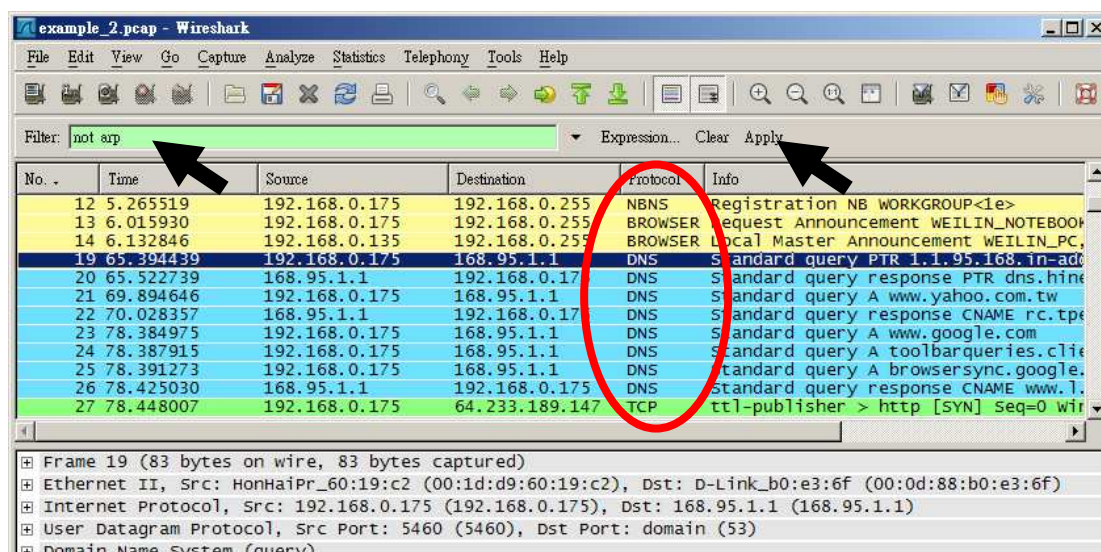
過濾出指定的協定 (ARP)

我們這裡示範來檢視 ARP 的協定封包，您可以在 Wireshark 的 Filter 裡輸入過濾條件「arp」後，按下「Apply」即可看見所有 ARP 協定封包。



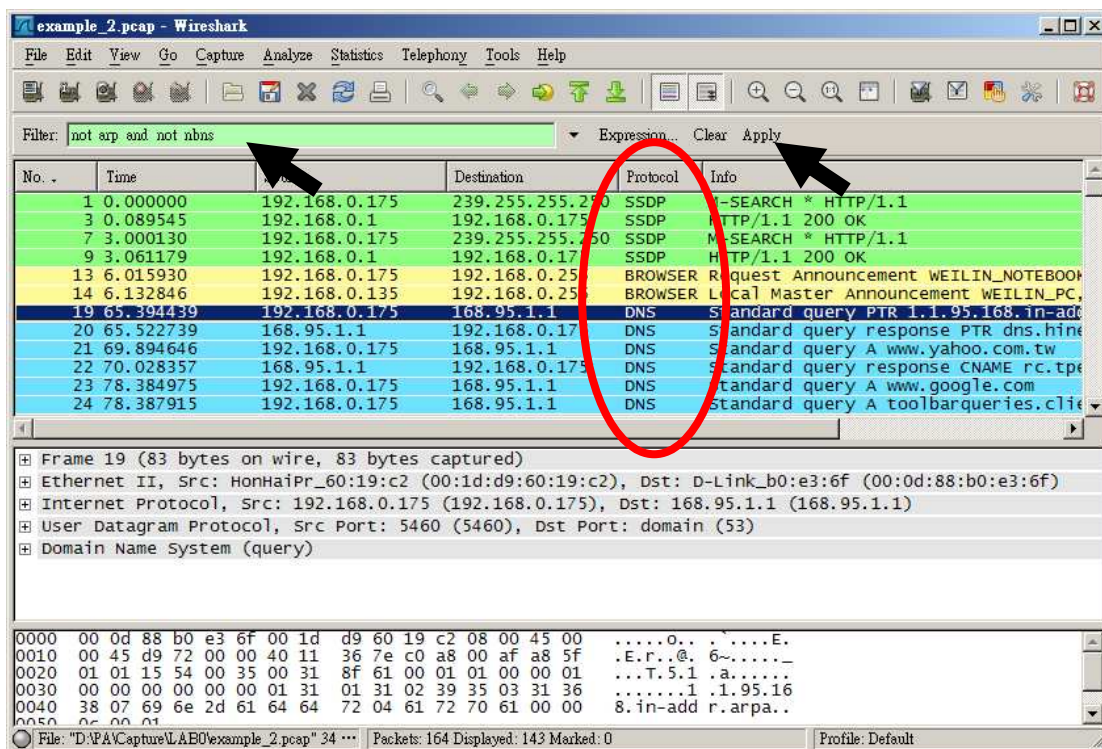
過濾掉指定的協定 (ARP)

如果您不想看 ARP 的協定封包，可以在 Wireshark 的 Filter 裡輸入過濾條件「not arp」後，按下「Apply」即可看見所有非 ARP 的協定封包。

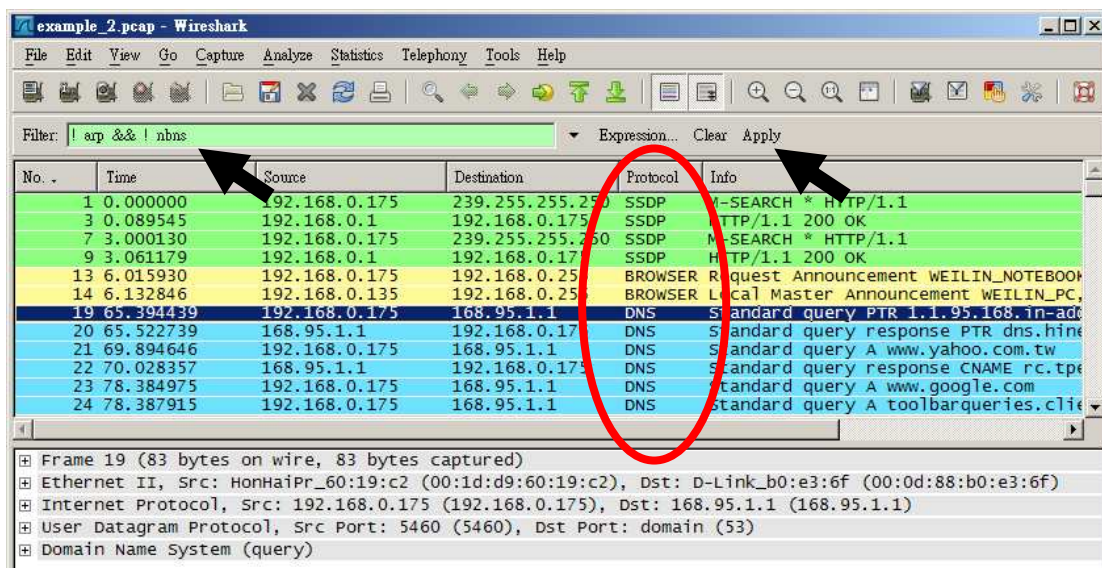


過濾掉多個指定協定 (ARP 與 nbns)

如果您不想看 **ARP** 和 **nbns** 的協定封包，可以在 Wireshark 的 Filter 裡輸入過濾條件「not arp and not nbns」後，按下「Apply」即可看見所有非 ARP 和 NBNS 的協定封包。

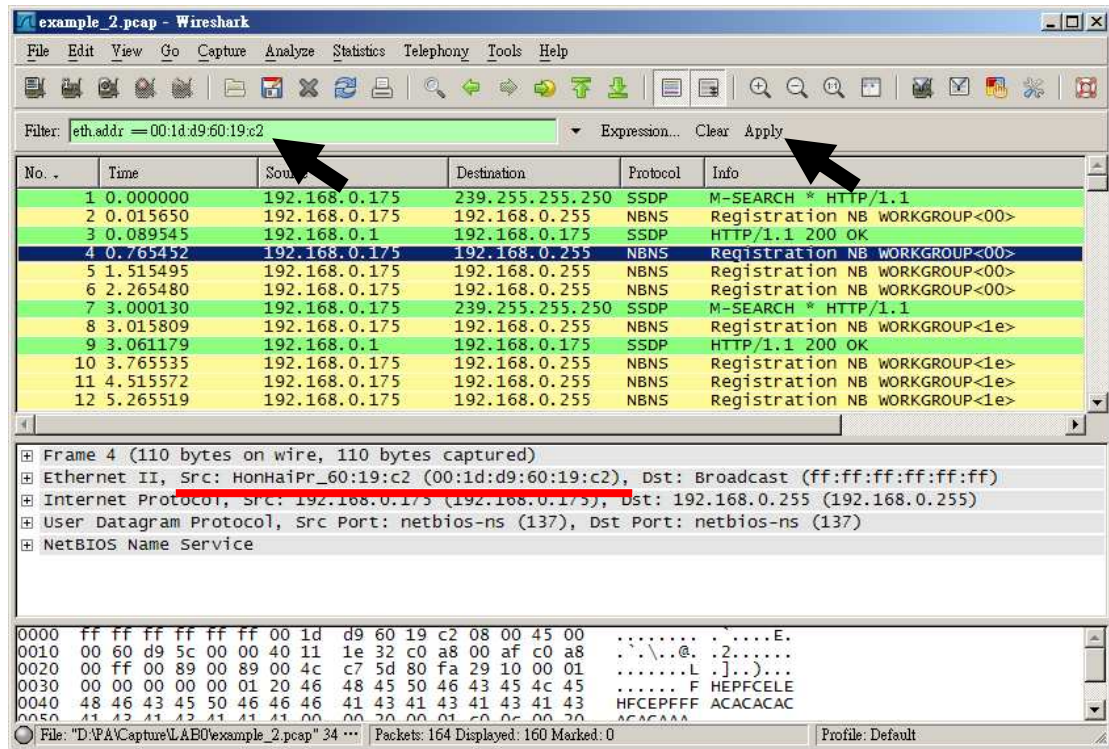


當然您如果用符號來輸入過濾條件「! arp && ! nbns」，過濾出來的封包會是一樣的！

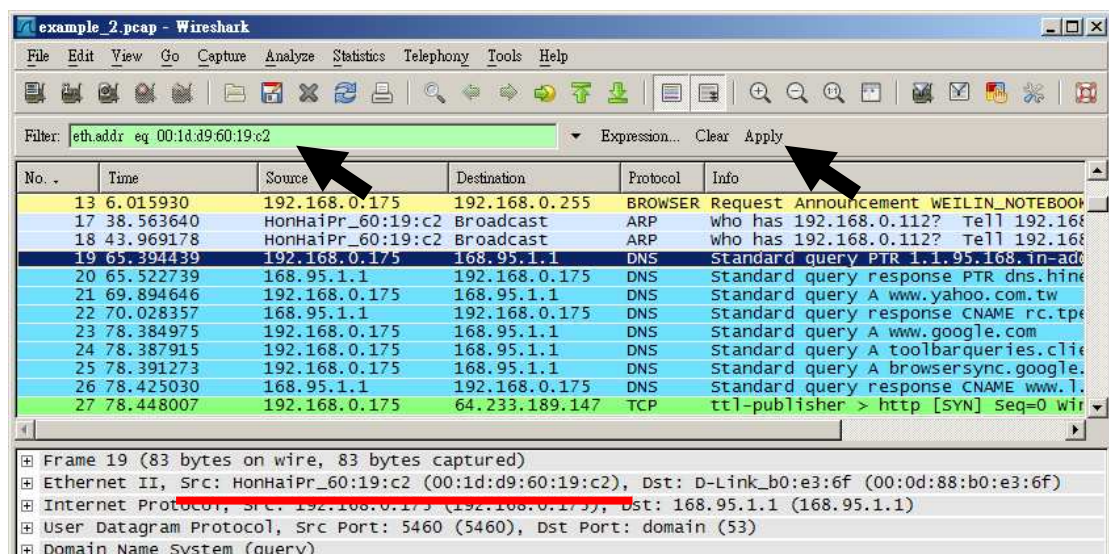


以 Mac Address 過封包

您可以用網路卡的 Mac Address 來過濾封包，我們找出屬於自己網卡 (Mac Address) 的封包，可以在 Wireshark 的 Filter 裡輸入過濾條件「eth.addr == 00:1d:d9:60:19:c2 」後，按下「Apply」即可看見所有屬於 00:1d:d9:60:19:c2 的封包。

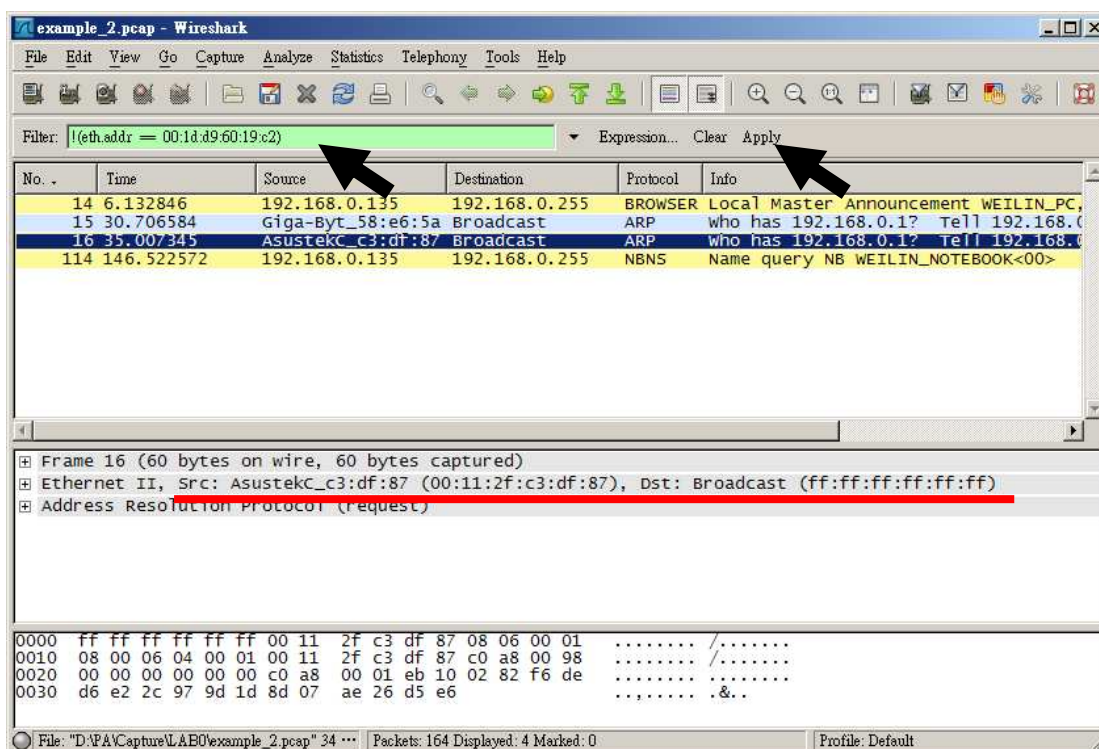


如果您不習慣用符號來下過濾條件，以「eth.addr eq 00:1d:d9:60:19:c2」過濾出來的封包會是一樣的！

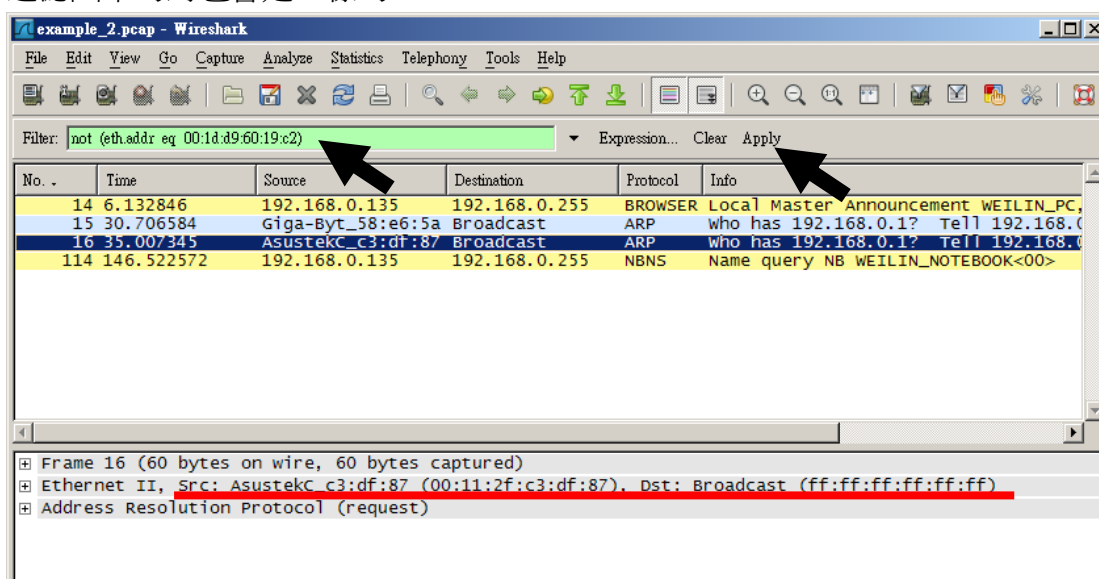


過濾掉自己 Mac Address 的封包

過濾掉非自己網卡的封包，可以在 Wireshark 的 Filter 裡輸入過濾條件「!(eth.addr == 00:1d:d9:60:19:c2)」後，按下「Apply」即可看見所有非 00:1d:d9:60:19:c2 的封包。

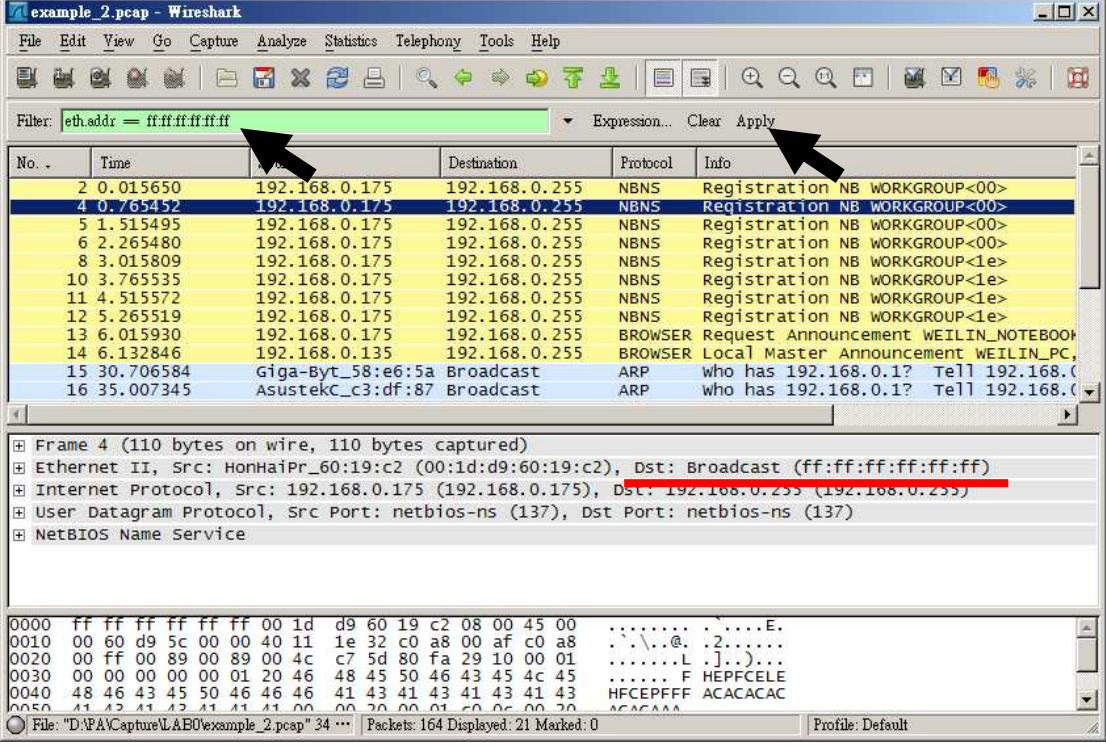


如果您不以符號來下過濾條件，用「not (eth.addr eq 00:1d:d9:60:19:c2)」過濾出來的封包會是一樣的！



找出所有的廣播封包

廣播封包其實就是網卡位置為 `ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff`，您可以在 Wireshark 的 Filter 裡輸入過濾條件「`eth.addr == ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff`」後，按下「Apply」即可看見所有的廣播封包。



The screenshot shows the Wireshark interface with the following details:

- Filter: `eth.addr == ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff`
- Table of captured packets:

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
2	0.015650	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<00>
4	0.765452	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<00>
5	1.515495	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<00>
6	2.265480	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<00>
8	3.015809	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<1e>
10	3.765535	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<1e>
11	4.515572	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<1e>
12	5.265519	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<1e>
13	6.015930	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	BROWSER	Request Announcement WEILIN_NOTEBOOK
14	6.132846	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.255	BROWSER	Local Master Announcement WEILIN_PC,
15	30.706584	Giga-Byt_58:e6:5a	Broadcast	ARP	who has 192.168.0.1? Tell 192.168.0.1
16	35.007345	AsustekC_c3:df:87	Broadcast	ARP	who has 192.168.0.1? Tell 192.168.0.1

Packet 4 details:

- Frame 4 (110 bytes on wire, 110 bytes captured)
- Ethernet II, Src: HonHaiPr_60:19:c2 (00:1d:d9:60:19:c2), Dst: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
- Internet Protocol, Src: 192.168.0.175 (192.168.0.175), Dst: 192.168.0.255 (192.168.0.255)
- User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: netbios-ns (137), Dst Port: netbios-ns (137)
- NetBIOS Name Service

Hex dump of packet 4:

```
0000 ff ff ff ff ff ff 00 1d d9 60 19 c2 08 00 45 00 .....E.
0010 00 60 d9 5c 00 00 40 11 1e 32 c0 a8 00 af c0 a8 ...\.@. 2.....
0020 00 ff 00 89 00 89 00 4c c7 5d 80 fa 29 10 00 01 .....L.]..)...
0030 00 00 00 00 00 01 20 46 48 45 50 46 43 45 4c 45 ..... F HEPFCELE
0040 48 46 43 45 50 46 46 46 41 43 41 43 41 43 41 43 HFCEPFFF ACACACAC
0050 41 43 41 43 41 41 41 00 00 00 00 01 c0 00 00 00 ACACAAA
```

找出有關自己 IP 的封包

找出有關於自己 IP 發出的封包（發出或是接收），您可以在 Wireshark 的 Filter 裡輸入過濾條件「ip.addr == 192.168.0.175」後，按下「Apply」即可看見所有的自己 IP 有關的封包。

The screenshot shows the Wireshark interface with the filter 'ip.addr == 192.168.0.175' applied. A red circle highlights the filtered packets in the packet list pane. Two black arrows point to the filter text and the 'Apply' button. The packet list pane shows the following data:

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
1	0.000000	192.168.0.175	239.255.255.250	SSDP	M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
2	0.015650	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<00>
3	0.089545	192.168.0.1	192.168.0.175	SSDP	HTTP/1.1 200 OK
4	0.765452	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<00>
5	1.515495	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<00>
6	2.265480	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<00>
7	3.000130	192.168.0.175	239.255.255.250	SSDP	M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
8	3.015809	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<1e>
9	3.061179	192.168.0.1	192.168.0.175	SSDP	HTTP/1.1 200 OK
10	3.765535	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<1e>
11	4.515572	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<1e>
12	5.265519	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<1e>

The packet details pane shows the following information for the selected packet (Frame 5):

- Frame 5 (110 bytes on wire, 110 bytes captured)
- Ethernet II, Src: HonHaiPr_60:19:c2 (00:1d:d9:60:19:c2), Dst: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
- Internet Protocol, Src: 192.168.0.175 (192.168.0.175), Dst: 192.168.0.255 (192.168.0.255)
- User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: netbios-ns (137), Dst Port: netbios-ns (137)
- NetBIOS Name Service

The packet bytes pane shows the following hex and ASCII data:

```
0000 ff ff ff ff ff ff 00 1d d9 60 19 c2 08 00 45 00 .....E.
0010 00 60 d9 5d 00 00 40 11 1e 31 c0 a8 00 af c0 a8 ...]..@.!......
0020 00 ff 00 89 00 89 00 4c c7 5d 80 fa 29 10 00 01 .....L.]..)...
0030 00 00 00 00 00 01 20 46 48 45 50 46 43 45 4c 45 ..... F HEPFCELE
0040 48 46 43 45 50 46 46 46 41 43 41 43 41 43 41 43 HFCEPFFF ACACACAC
0050 41 43 41 43 41 41 41 00 00 00 00 01 c0 0c 00 00 ACACAAA
```

找出 Port 為 80 的封包

要找出 Port 為 80 的封包也很簡單，不過您要知道，您要找的是 tcp 還是 udp，我們範例是找出 tcp 的封包，所以可以在 Wireshark 的 Filter 裡輸入過濾條件「tcp.port == 80」後，按下「Apply」即可看見所有 Port 為 80 的封包。

The screenshot shows the Wireshark interface with the following details:

- Filter: `tcp.port == 80`
- Packet List Table:

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
27	78.448007	192.168.0.175	64.233.189.147	TCP	ttl-publisher > http [SYN] Seq=0 win=0
29	78.528115	192.168.0.175	72.14.203.139	TCP	ttlpriceproxy > http [SYN] Seq=0 win=0
32	78.559814	64.233.189.147	192.168.0.175	TCP	http > ttl-publisher [SYN, ACK] Seq=1
33	78.559867	192.168.0.175	64.233.189.147	TCP	ttl-publisher > http [ACK] Seq=1
34	78.560069	192.168.0.175	64.233.189.147	HTTP	GET /notebook/token?zx=VRPLS HTTP/1.1
35	78.621446	72.14.203.139	192.168.0.175	TCP	http > ttlpriceproxy [SYN, ACK] Seq=1
36	78.621498	192.168.0.175	72.14.203.139	TCP	ttlpriceproxy > http [ACK] Seq=1
37	78.621709	192.168.0.175	72.14.203.139	HTTP	GET /history/feeds/default/subscribe HTTP/1.1
41	78.685761	72.14.203.139	192.168.0.175	TCP	http > ttlpriceproxy [ACK] Seq=1
45	78.706270	72.14.203.139	192.168.0.175	TCP	[TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
46	78.706525	72.14.203.139	192.168.0.175	HTTP	HTTP/1.1 400 Bad Request (text/html)
47	78.706571	192.168.0.175	72.14.203.139	TCP	ttlpriceproxy > http [ACK] Seq=756

Packet 33 details:

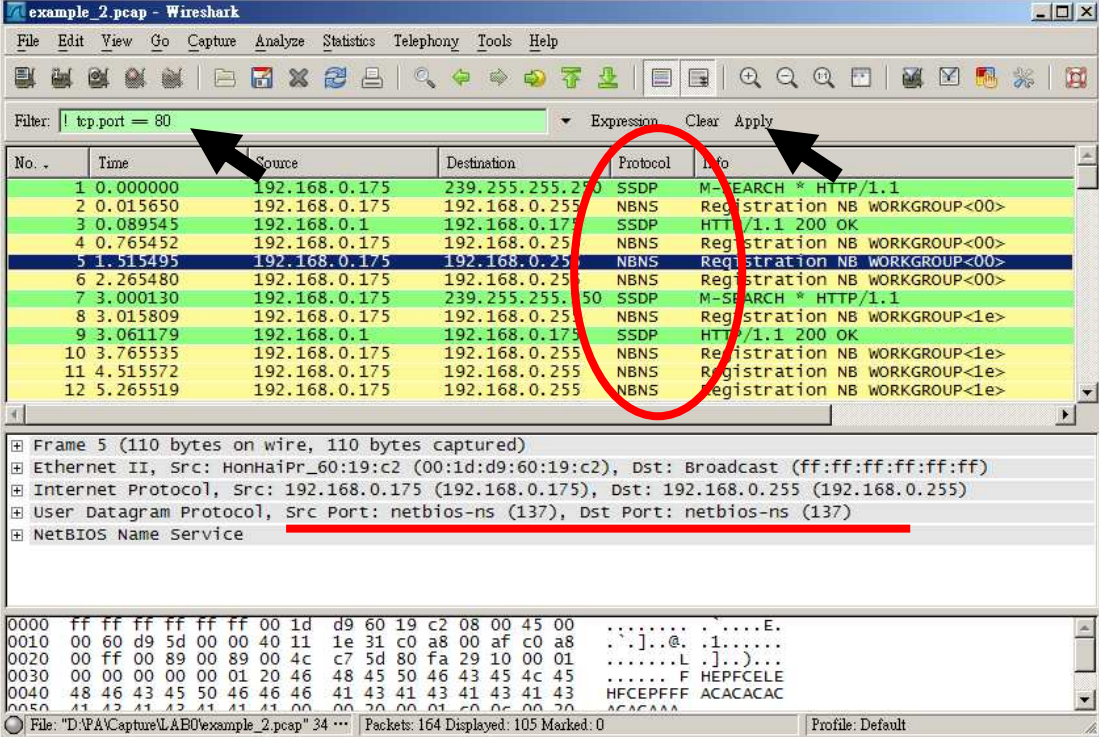
- Frame 33 (54 bytes on wire, 54 bytes captured)
- Ethernet II, Src: HonHaiPr_60:19:c2 (00:1d:d9:60:19:c2), Dst: D-Link_b0:e3:6f (00:0d:88:b0:e3:6f)
- Internet Protocol, Src: 192.168.0.175 (192.168.0.175), Dst: 64.233.189.147 (64.233.189.147)
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: ttl-publisher (5462), Dst Port: http (80), Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 0

Hex dump:

```
0000 00 0d 88 b0 e3 6f 00 1d d9 60 19 c2 08 00 45 00  ....o... ..E.
0010 00 28 d9 7a 40 00 40 06 a1 81 c0 a8 00 af 40 e9  .(.z@.@. ....@.
0020 bd 93 15 56 00 50 4f 9f 04 fb 2b 1a ee 5e 50 10  ...V.PO. ...AP.
0030 fa f0 71 56 00 00  ..qv..
```

過濾掉非 Port 為 80 的封包

現在要找出不是 Port 為 80 的封包，所以可以在 Wireshark 的 Filter 裡輸入過濾條件「! tcp.port == 80」後，按下「Apply」即可看見所有 Port 為 80 的封包。



The screenshot shows the Wireshark interface with a filter applied: `! tcp.port == 80`. The packet list pane displays 12 packets, all of which are filtered to show only those with a destination port of 80. The selected packet (No. 5) is highlighted in blue, and its details pane is expanded to show the NetBIOS Name Service protocol. The packet bytes pane shows the raw data in hexadecimal and ASCII.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
1	0.000000	192.168.0.175	239.255.255.250	SSDP	M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
2	0.015650	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<00>
3	0.089545	192.168.0.1	192.168.0.175	SSDP	HTTP/1.1 200 OK
4	0.765452	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<00>
5	1.515495	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<00>
6	2.265480	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<00>
7	3.000130	192.168.0.175	239.255.255.250	SSDP	M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
8	3.015809	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<1e>
9	3.061179	192.168.0.1	192.168.0.175	SSDP	HTTP/1.1 200 OK
10	3.765535	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<1e>
11	4.515572	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<1e>
12	5.265519	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.255	NBNS	Registration NB WORKGROUP<1e>

Details pane for Frame 5 (110 bytes on wire, 110 bytes captured):

- Ethernet II, Src: HonHaiPr_60:19:c2 (00:1d:d9:60:19:c2), Dst: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
- Internet Protocol, Src: 192.168.0.175 (192.168.0.175), Dst: 192.168.0.255 (192.168.0.255)
- User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: netbios-ns (137), Dst Port: netbios-ns (137)
- NetBIOS Name Service

Packet bytes pane:

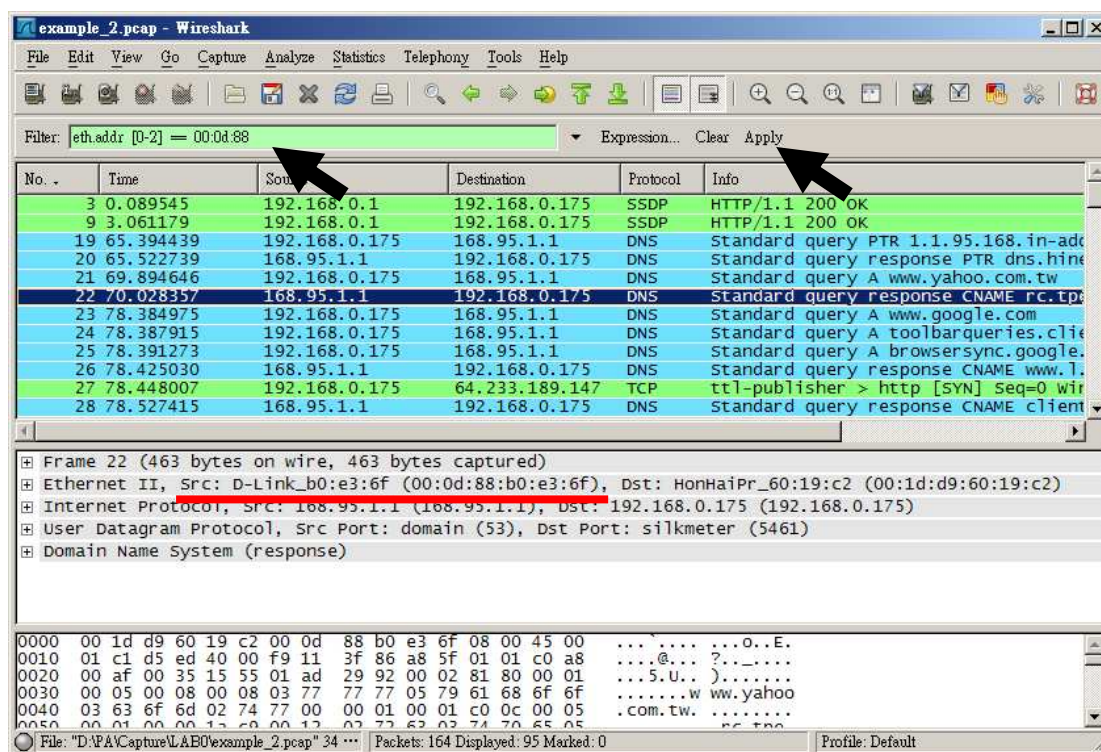
```
0000 ff ff ff ff ff ff 00 1d d9 60 19 c2 08 00 45 00 .....E.
0010 00 60 d9 5d 00 00 40 11 1e 31 c0 a8 00 af c0 a8 ...]..@.!......
0020 00 ff 00 89 00 89 00 4c c7 5d 80 fa 29 10 00 01 .....L.]..)...
0030 00 00 00 00 00 01 20 46 48 45 50 46 43 45 4c 45 .....F HEPFCELE
0040 48 46 43 45 50 46 46 46 41 43 41 43 41 43 41 43 HFCEPFFF ACACACAC
0050 41 43 41 43 41 41 41 00 00 00 00 01 c0 0c 00 00 ACACAAA
```


找出封包為 D-Link 品牌網卡的封包

要找出為 D-Link 品牌網卡的封包並不難，只是您要先知道網路卡 Mac Address 的編碼方式：

00 : 0D : 88 : B0 : E3 : 6F
廠商編號 流水號

所以 D-Link 的廠商編號是 00:0D:88，我們只要找 Mac Address 的廠商編號為 00:0D:88，只要是用同品牌的網路卡並正在使用中，就會被我們擷取到封包，您可以在 Wireshark 的 Filter 裡輸入過濾條件「eth.addr [0-2] == 00:0d:88」後，按下「Apply」即可看見。



The screenshot shows the Wireshark interface with a filter applied: `eth.addr [0-2] == 00:0d:88`. The packet list shows several filtered packets, including SSDP and DNS traffic. Packet 22 is highlighted, and its details pane shows the Ethernet II header with source MAC address `D-Link_b0:e3:6f (00:0d:88:b0:e3:6f)`. The hex dump at the bottom shows the raw bytes of the packet.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
3	0.089545	192.168.0.1	192.168.0.175	SSDP	HTTP/1.1 200 OK
9	3.061179	192.168.0.1	192.168.0.175	SSDP	HTTP/1.1 200 OK
19	65.394439	192.168.0.175	168.95.1.1	DNS	Standard query PTR 1.1.95.168.in-addr.arpa
20	65.522739	168.95.1.1	192.168.0.175	DNS	Standard query response PTR dns.hinet.net
21	69.894646	192.168.0.175	168.95.1.1	DNS	Standard query A www.yahoo.com.tw
22	70.028357	168.95.1.1	192.168.0.175	DNS	Standard query response CNAME rc.tpe.net.tw
23	78.384975	192.168.0.175	168.95.1.1	DNS	Standard query A www.google.com
24	78.387915	192.168.0.175	168.95.1.1	DNS	Standard query A toolbarqueries.clients.google.com
25	78.391273	192.168.0.175	168.95.1.1	DNS	Standard query A browsersync.google.com
26	78.425030	168.95.1.1	192.168.0.175	DNS	Standard query response CNAME www.l.google.com
27	78.448007	192.168.0.175	64.233.189.147	TCP	ttl-publisher > http [SYN] Seq=0 window=0
28	78.527415	168.95.1.1	192.168.0.175	DNS	Standard query response CNAME client

課堂練習：

01.請找出所有 UDP 的封包

02.請找出所有有關 DNS 的封包

03.請找出所有有關 DNS 和 ICMP 的封包

04.請找出所有自己 IP 發出去的封包

05.請找出所有非自己 IP 的封包

06.請找出所有 UDP 80 Port 的封包

07.請找出所有 port 為 21 和 20 的封包

08.請找出有關自己 IP 的 TCP Port 80 的封包

09.請找出由自己發出的廣播封包

10.請找出是 Gateway 的封包，但是不是廣播的封包

11.請找出是自己發出的封包，但是目的地不是給 168.95.1.1 的封包

12.請找出所有非自己發出，也非 Gateway 發出的封包

13.請找出所有來源 IP 的 80 Port 封包

14.請找出 TCP Port 大於 1000 的封包

15.請找出 沒有使用 IP 協定的封包

16.請找出 ARP 的查詢的封包，不要回覆的封包

17.請找出 ICMP 的回應封包

18.請找出所有發給自己的封包，且 IP 封包長度超過 1000 bytes 的封包

19.請找出本網段所有的封包

20.請找出有關 DNS 查詢 www.google.com 的查詢往來封包

21.請找出所有 D-Link 網卡接收到的封包

22.請找出非本網段的廣播封包

--

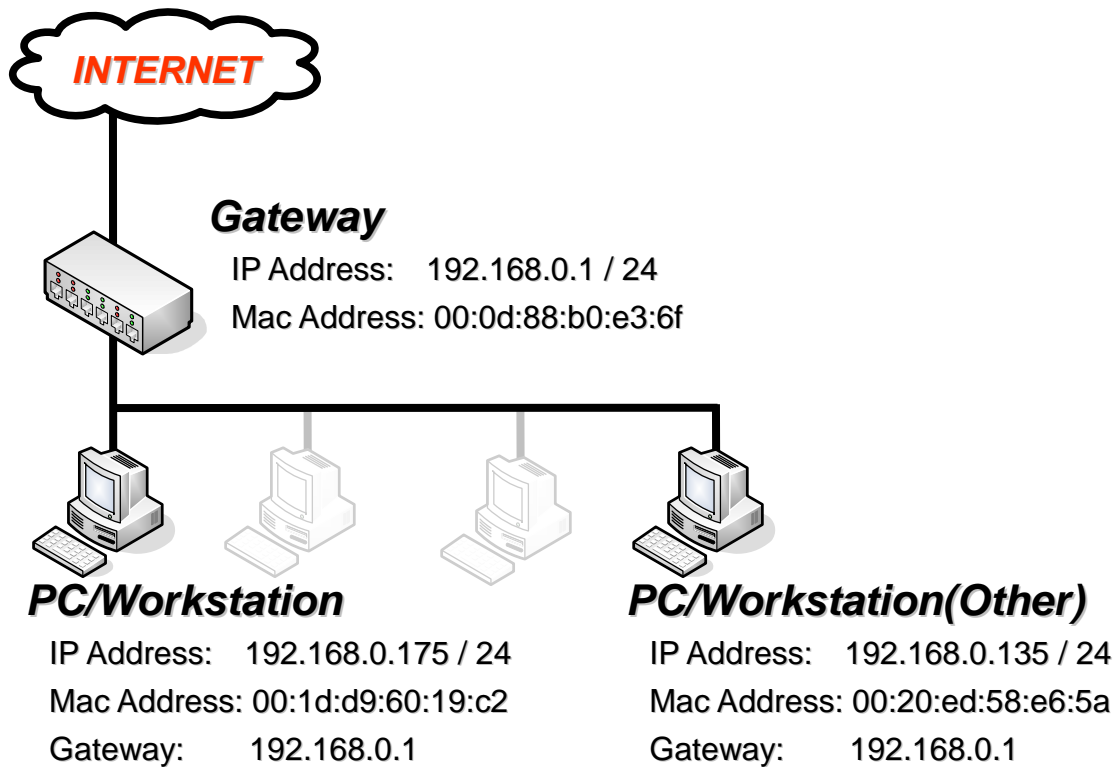
心得筆記：

--

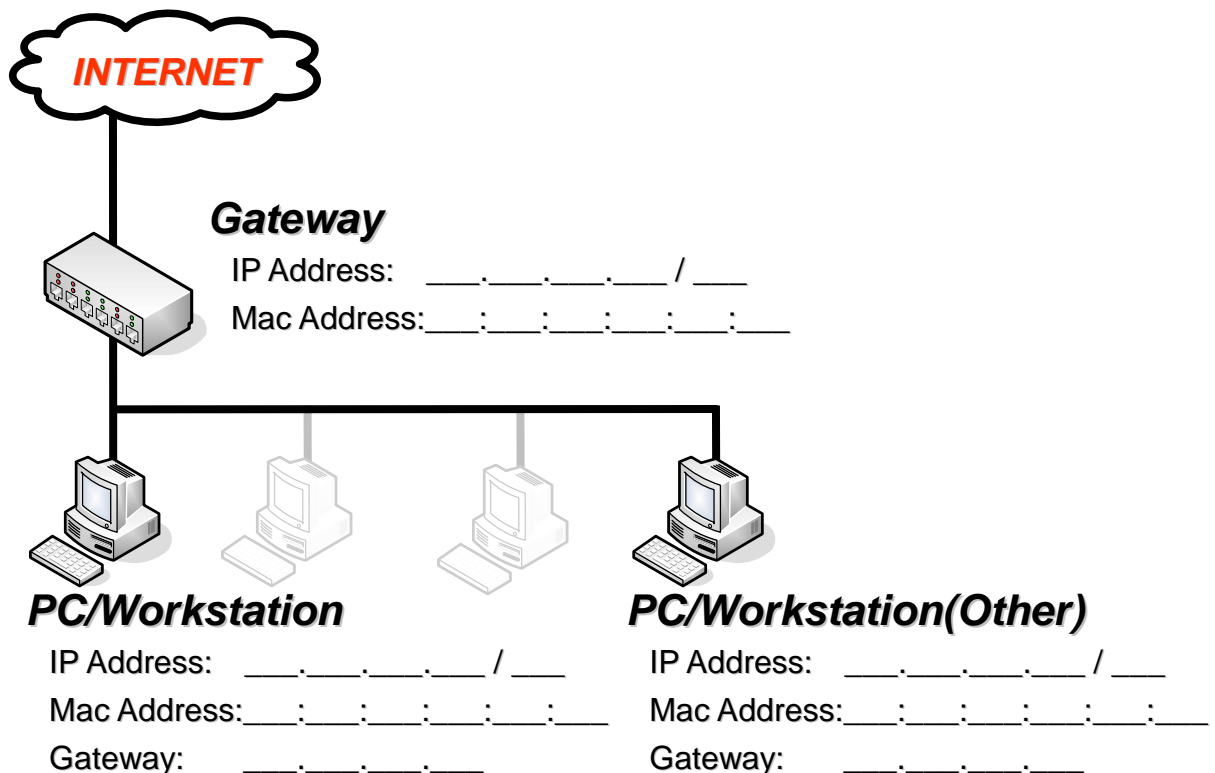
PROTOCOL ANALYSIS

1-2-1 : PING

講義環境設定



我的環境設定



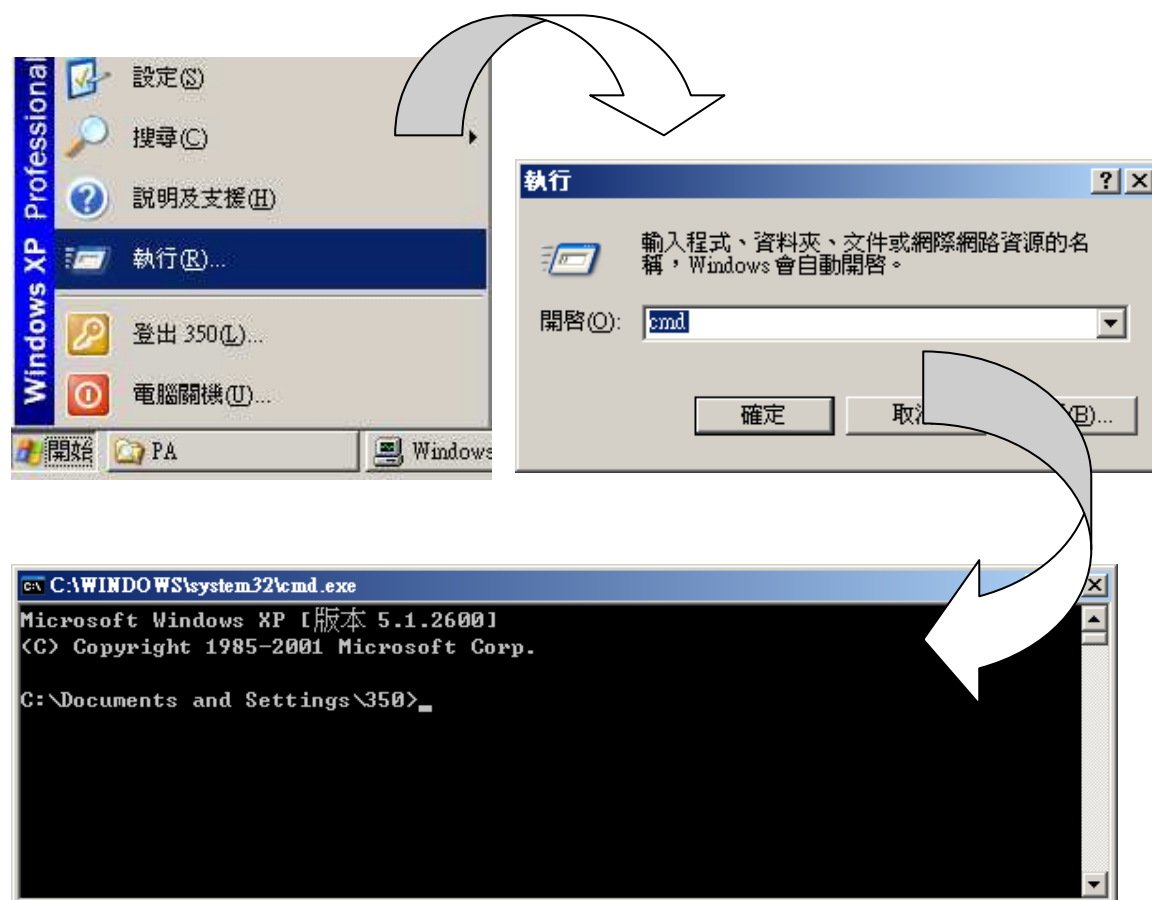
PING 到網路世界

剛進入網路世界探險的各位，除了從書本上獲得網路原理的理論和知識外，最重要的是如何印證書本上的種種；所以，我們從最簡單的 PING 來帶各位進入網路叢林中。

檢視封包的第一步，當然是開啓您的 Wireshark，並準備好您的網路擷取狀態；如果您還未了解如何啓動 Wireshark 擷取方式，請您回到前面回顧一下！

請現在啓動 Wireshark 並開始擷取封包

請開啓您的文字模式（以 Windows 為例），所以請執行「開始」→「執行」，輸入「cmd」，按下確定。



PING to Gateway

我們首先來 PING 我們的 Gateway，藉由 Gateway 給我們的回應封包，來檢查網路狀態以及回覆資訊。

請在文字模式中，按下指令「ping 192.168.0.1」，由於我們現在網路都是通的，所以您將會在文字模式看到下面這個訊息回應：

```
C:\Documents and Settings\350>ping 192.168.0.1

Pinging 192.168.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

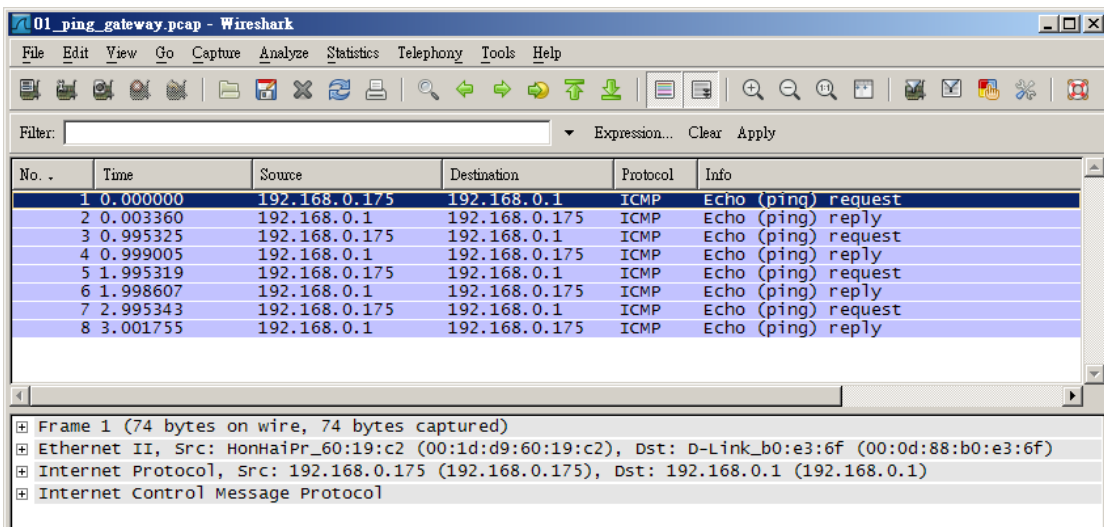
Reply from 192.168.0.1: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.0.1: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.0.1: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.0.1: bytes=32 time=6ms TTL=64

Ping statistics for 192.168.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 3ms, Maximum = 6ms, Average = 3ms

C:\Documents and Settings\350>
```

請停止您 **Wireshark** 的擷取，開始觀察封包資訊

您已經可以在 Wireshark 裡看見許多關於 ICMP 的封包資訊（本範例可以在 \Capture\1-2-1_PING\01_ping_gateway.pcap 取得）：



我們現在有了 Windows 的 Ping 給我們帶來了 Gateway 的訊息，以及我們擷取到「真正」網路世界裡面的封包了，現在開始來一窺網路的真實世界囉！

不過開始之前，您應該先知道三個東西：

Frame header

802.3 (Ethernet II *)

PREAMBLE	SFD	DESTINATIONS MAC ADDRESS	SOURCE MAC ADDRESS	LENGTH (TYPE)	DATE	FCS
----------	-----	-----------------------------	-----------------------	------------------	------	-----

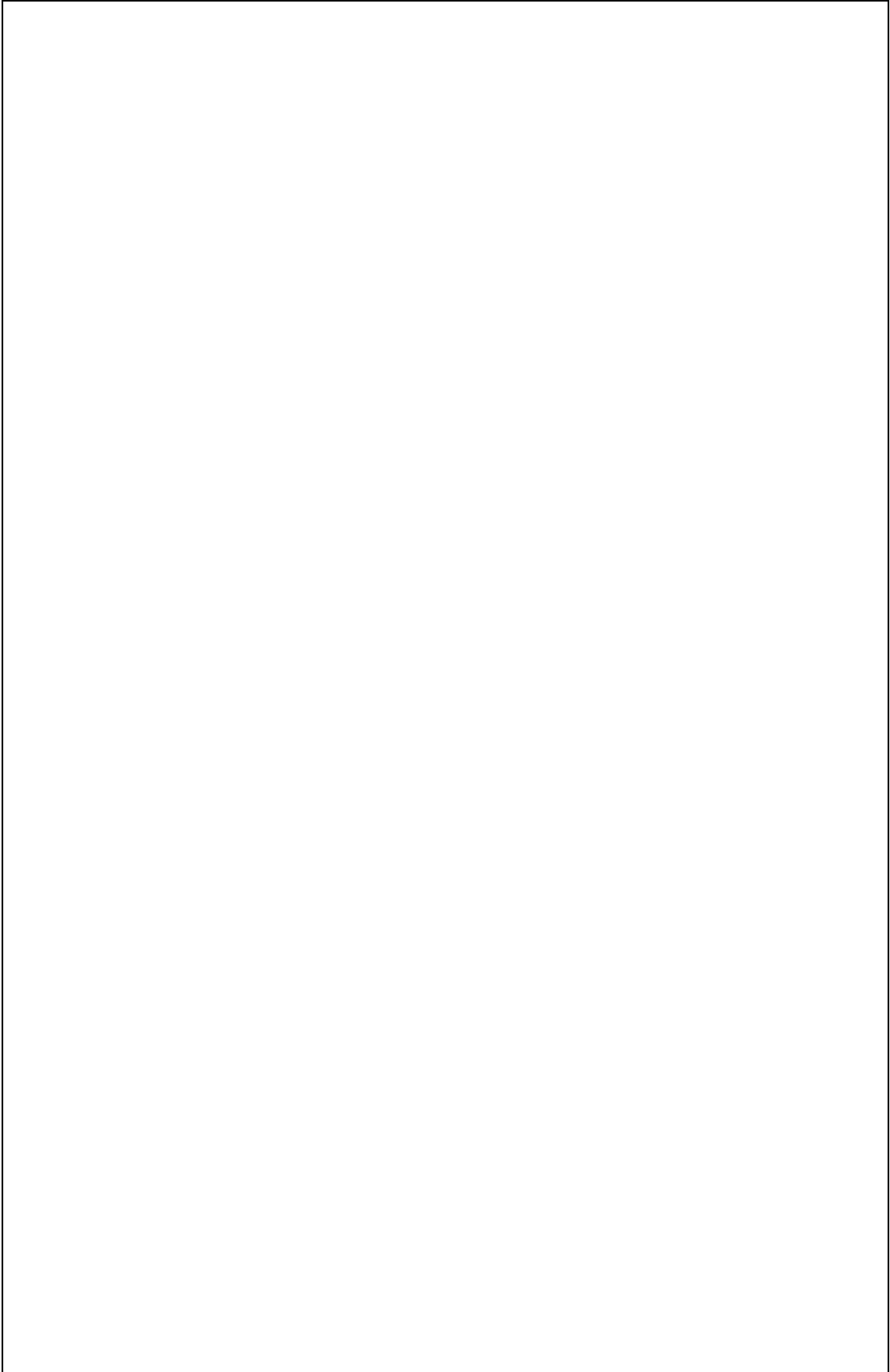
IP header

VERS	HLEN	SERVICE TYPE	TOTAL LENGTH	
IDENTIFICATION			FLAGS	FRAGMENT OFFSET
TIME TO LIVE	PROTOCOL		HEADER CHECKSUM	
SOURCE IP ADDRESS				
DESTINATION IP ADDRESS				
IP OPTIONS			PADDING	
DATA				

ICMP header

TYPE	CODE	CHECKSUM
DATA		

PING to Gateway 筆記



PING to Other

我們剛剛 PING 了我們的 Gateway，藉由 Gateway 給我們的回應封包，來檢查網路狀態以及回覆資訊；現在我們來 PING 我們同網段電腦。

在開始之前，我們先檢視一個資訊，請在文字模式中輸入指令「arp -a」，您可以暫時不用了解這是什麼以及回應的內容是什麼：

```
C:\Documents and Settings\350>arp -a

Interface: 192.168.0.175 --- 0x4
Internet Address      Physical Address      Type
192.168.0.1          00-0d-88-b0-e3-6f    dynamic

C:\Documents and Settings\350>
```

請現在啓動 Wireshark 並開始擷取封包

請在執行視窗中，按下指令「ping 192.168.0.135」，由於我們現在網路都是通的，所以您將會在文字模式看到下面這個訊息回應：

```
C:\Documents and Settings\350>ping 192.168.0.135

Pinging 192.168.0.135 with 32 bytes of data:

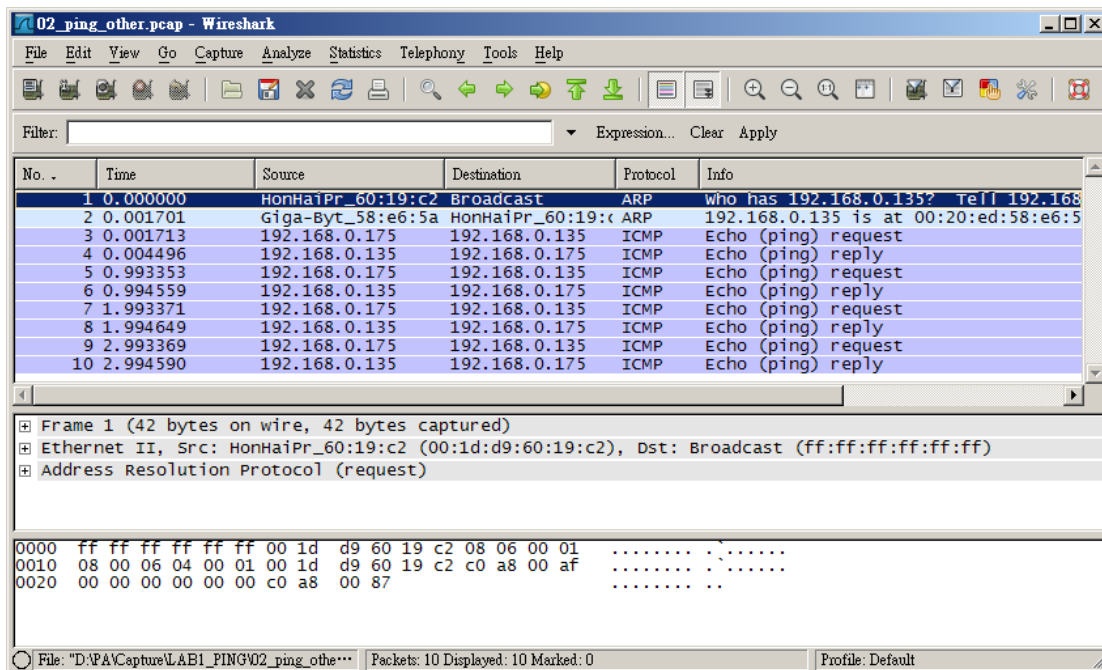
Reply from 192.168.0.135: bytes=32 time=4ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.0.135: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.0.135: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.0.135: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.0.135:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 4ms, Average = 1ms

C:\Documents and Settings\350>
```

請停止您 Wireshark 的擷取，開始觀察封包資訊

以及在 Wireshark 所擷取到的訊息（本範例可以在 \Caputre\1-2-1_PING\02_ping_other.pcap 取得）：



我們發現與剛剛 PING Gateway 所得到的回應以及擷取到得到的封包差不多，但是似乎又有點不一樣！是的，正常的話會多兩個 ARP 封包！

我們再來先重新檢視一個資訊，請到文字模式中輸入指令「arp -a」，您回去上一頁比照，會發現多了我們剛剛 PING 的那台腦：

```

C:\Documents and Settings\350>arp -a

Interface: 192.168.0.175 --- 0x4
Internet Address      Physical Address      Type
192.168.0.1           00-0d-88-b0-e3-6f    dynamic
192.168.0.135        00-20-ed-58-e6-5a    dynamic

C:\Documents and Settings\350>
  
```

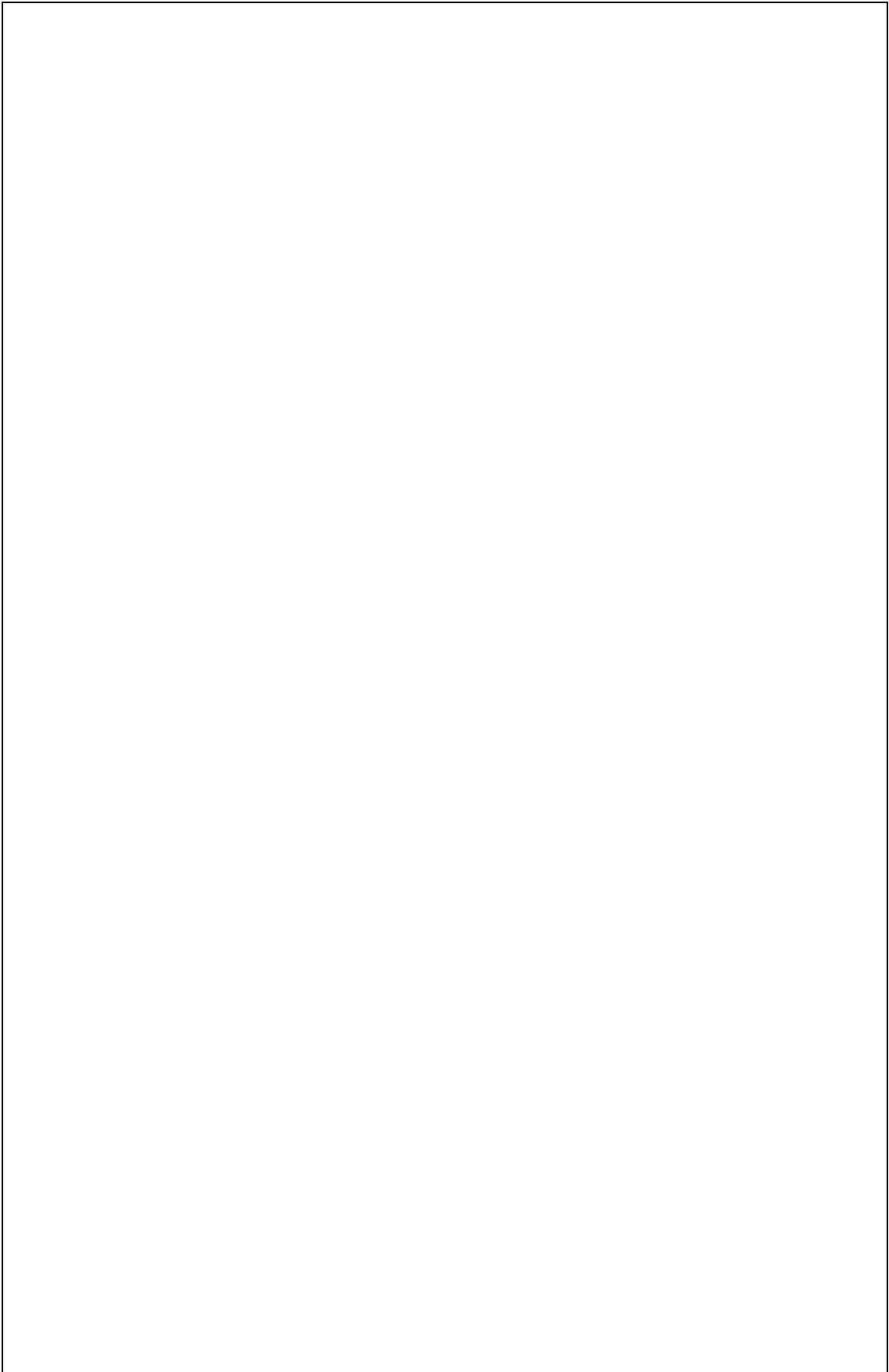
除了上一個章節的三個 Header 外，所以您應該再知道一個 Header，沒錯！就是 ARP header：

ARP Header

HARDWARE TYPE		PROTOCOL TYPE
HLEN	PLEN	OPERATION
SENDER MAC ADDRESS		
SENDER IP ADDRESS		
TARGET MAC ADDRESS		
TARGET IP ADDRESS		

ARP 筆記

PING to Other 筆記



自由練習一：PING to Nobody

我們以 PING 一台同事實上不存在的 IP (網段及 IP 都正確) ，試想會發生什麼事情？再以實際封包分析來驗證！

```
C:\Documents and Settings\350>ping 192.168.0.100

Pinging 192.168.0.100 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.

Ping statistics for 192.168.0.100:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

C:\Documents and Settings\350>
```

自由練習二：PING to Wrong

我們以 PING 一台同事實上不存在的錯誤 IP (網段不正確)，試想會發生什麼事情？再以實際封包分析來驗證！

```
C:\Documents and Settings\350>ping 192.168.1.100

Pinging 192.168.1.100 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.100:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

C:\Documents and Settings\350>
```

自由練習三：PING to ME

我們以 PING 自己本機的 IP (192.168.0.175)，試想會發生什麼事情？再以實際封包分析來驗證！

```
C:\Documents and Settings\350>ping 192.168.0.175

Pinging 192.168.0.175 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.0.175: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.0.175: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.0.175: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.0.175: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.0.175:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Documents and Settings\350>
```

自由練習四：PING to ME

我們以 PING 自己本機的 Loopback Address (127.0.0.1)，試想會發生什麼事情？再以實際封包分析來驗證！

```
C:\Documents and Settings\350>ping 127.0.0.1

Pinging 127.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 127.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 127.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 127.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 127.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

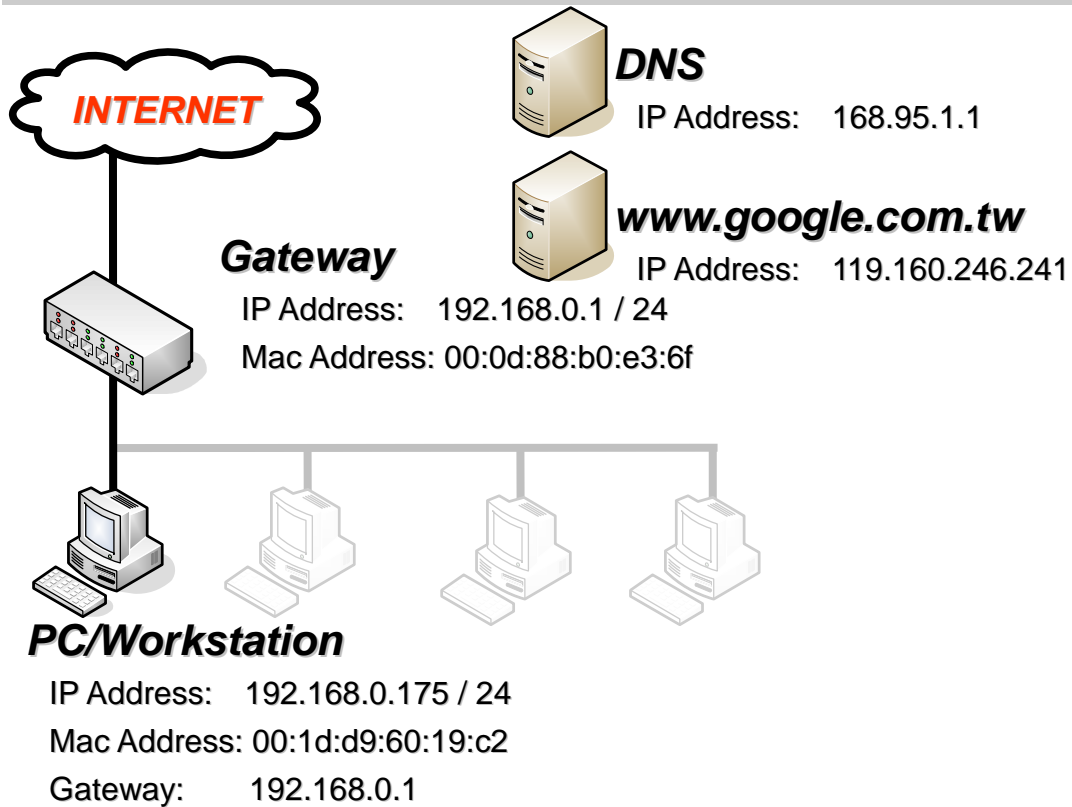
Ping statistics for 127.0.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Documents and Settings\350>
```

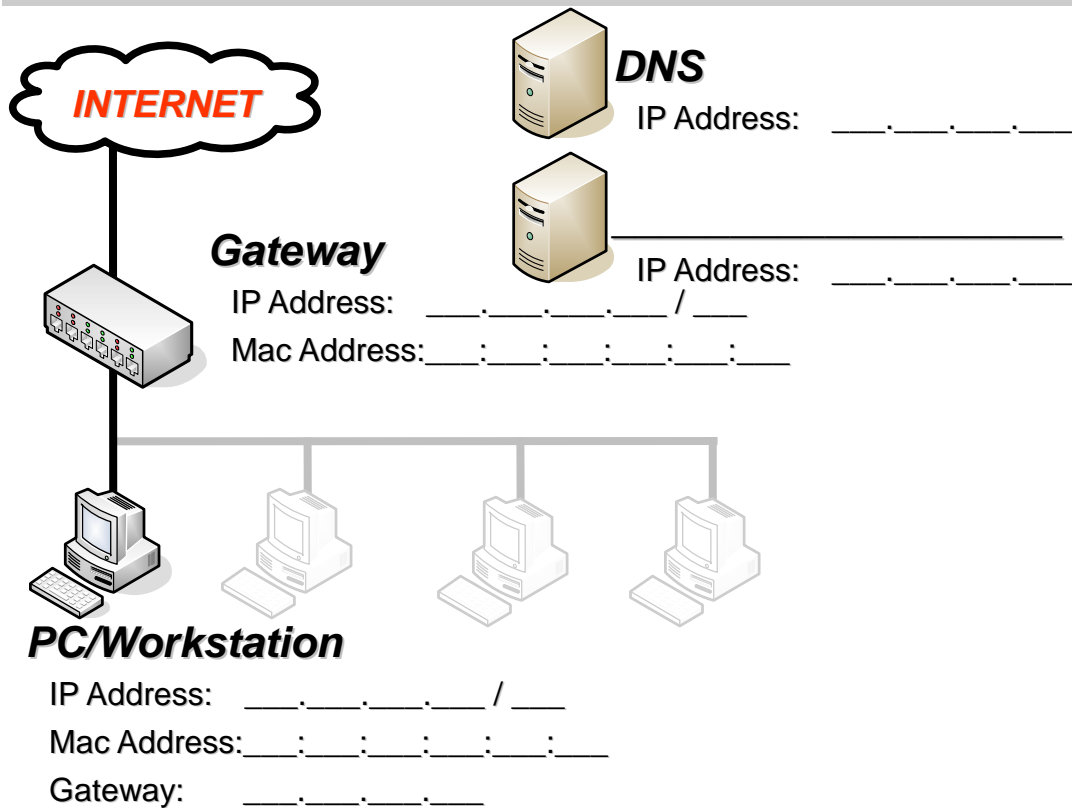
PROTOCOL ANALYSIS

1-2-2 : DNS

講義環境設定



我的環境設定



DNS 到網路世界

您知道中央氣象局的 IP 嗎？跟您說 IP 是「 210.65.0.71 」，如果想查氣象資訊請在瀏覽器上輸入 210.65.0.71，應該如下所示：



The screenshot shows the Central Weather Bureau (CWB) website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for 'Home', 'English', 'Children's Edition', 'FAQ', 'Guidance', 'Feedback', 'Glossary', and 'User Login'. Below this is a search bar and a main menu with categories like 'About Us', 'Latest News', 'Government Information', 'Statistical Data', 'Public Education', 'Convenient Services', 'Diverse Services', 'Major Policies', and 'Employment Information'. The main content area features a 'Big Rain Special Report' (大雨特報) and a 'CWB Services' menu. The central part of the page displays weather forecasts for 'Today', 'Tomorrow Morning', and 'Tomorrow Day'. A map of Taiwan is shown with a focus on Taipei. To the right, there is a table of weather forecasts for various regions, including Taipei, Keelung, and Taoyuan. The bottom right corner has a video player for a weather forecast video.

Region	Forecast
中部 / 外島	
台中	30°~34°
彰化	30°~34°
南投	29°~33°
雲林	30°~34°
嘉義	30°~34°
馬祖	29°~32°
金門	30°~34°
北部	
基隆北海岸	30°~35°
台北市	30°~36°
台北	30°~36°
桃園	30°~36°
新竹	30°~35°
苗栗	30°~35°

不過現在知道 IP，不代表您以後都記得，但是您要知道，在目前的網路世界中，是靠 IP 來辨別身分的，IP 是由四組數字組成，從 0.0.0.0 到 255.255.255.255，當然這不是您想要用就用，他是有一定的分配規則與管理單位的（詳細內容請翻閱 TCP/IP 相關書籍）；既然都是以 IP 作為辨識，那可想而知一定很不好記住！

您一定會想，想到中央氣象局網站就直接輸入「 www.cwb.gov.tw 」就好了，何必記難記的四組數字？其實您只是在使用 DNS 服務而已，DNS 服務是什麼？DNS 最主要的就是將 www.cwb.gov.tw 轉成 210.65.0.71，所以您只要記住 www.cwb.gov.tw 這種有文字意義的網址就可以了，不必記住難記又無意義的數字。

如果您以中央氣象局網站 www.cwb.gov.tw 進入網站，就算中央氣象局變更 IP 位址您也不會察覺，而您也不用在乎中央氣象局的 IP 是多少（排除駭客行為）。

了解目前網路設定

接下來，我們在開始了解 DNS 前，請先了解自己的網路設定資訊，並將相關資訊填入「我的環境資訊」裡：



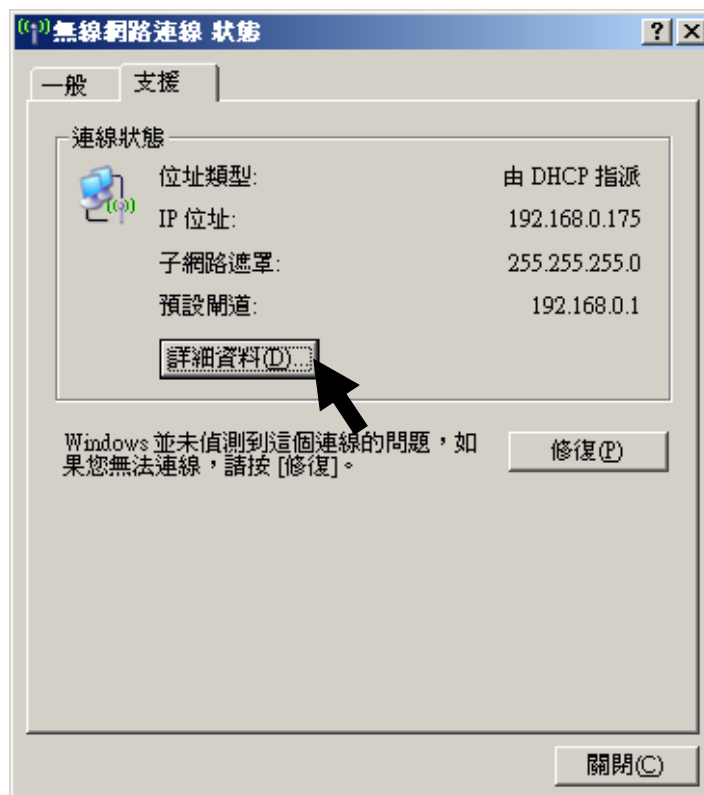
桌面 → 網路上的芳鄰 → 滑鼠右鍵選「內容」



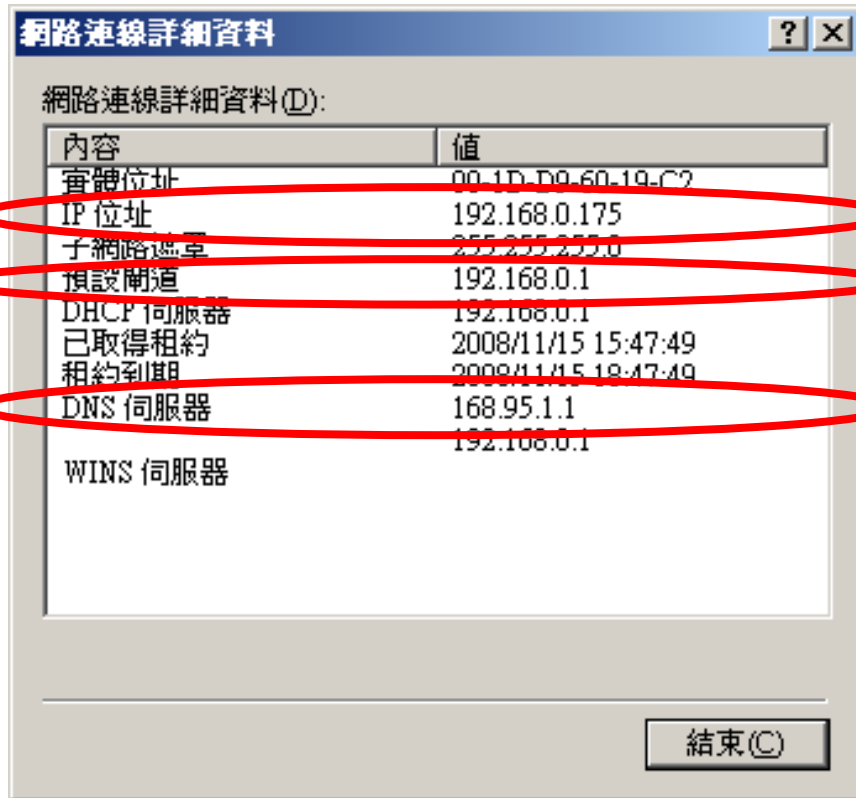
選擇您的網路介面 (本範例為無線網路) → 滑鼠左鍵兩下



出現該介面卡的連線狀態，請選擇「支援」



再選擇「詳細資料」



裡面有我們想要的網路設定資訊！

清除 DNS 快取

我們待會會以台 **Wireshark** 網站為例，如果您電腦曾經連線過，在 DNS 以及瀏覽器上，都會存留著快取資訊，這樣就會影響等會我們觀察 DNS 封包，而在本 LAB 中，我們只需要清除 DNS 快取即可。

請在文字模式中，按下指令「`ipconfig /flushdns`」，清除成功的話，您將會看到下面這個訊息回應：

```
C:\Documents and Settings\350>ipconfig /flushdns

Windows IP Configuration

Successfully flushed the DNS Resolver Cache.

C:\Documents and Settings\350>
```

開始擷取 DNS 封包

爲了不讓各位被其他封包混搖視線，我們還是以 ICMP (ping) 作爲前鋒，幫助我們觀察 DNS 封包，

請先別急著打開您網路瀏覽器，因爲於網頁封包部分 (HTTP) ，我們將會有另外章節來解釋。在這裡，我們只需要文字模式即可。

請開啓您的 Wireshark ，準備好您的網路擷取狀態：

請現在啓動 Wireshark 並開始擷取封包

請在執行視窗中，按下指令「ping tw.yahoo.com」，由於我們現在網路都是通的，所以您將會在文字模式看到下面這個訊息回應：

```
C:\Documents and Settings\350>ping www.wireshark.org

Pinging www.wireshark.org [67.228.110.120] with 32 bytes of data:

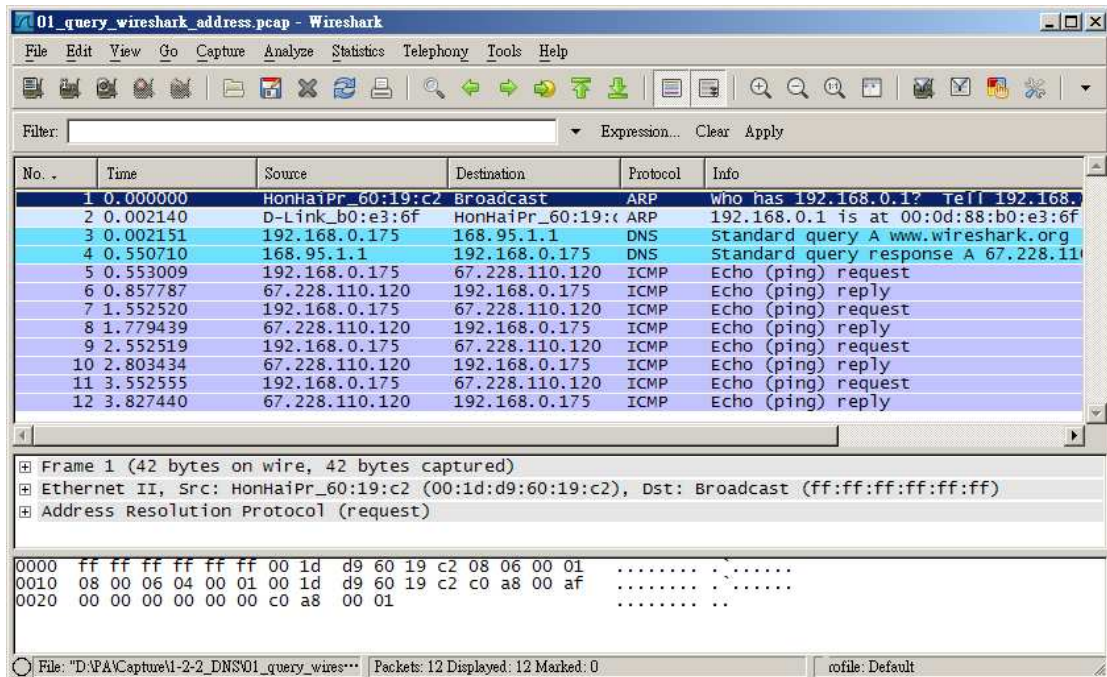
Reply from 67.228.110.120: bytes=32 time=304ms TTL=45
Reply from 67.228.110.120: bytes=32 time=226ms TTL=45
Reply from 67.228.110.120: bytes=32 time=250ms TTL=45
Reply from 67.228.110.120: bytes=32 time=274ms TTL=45

Ping statistics for 67.228.110.120:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 226ms, Maximum = 304ms, Average = 263ms

C:\Documents and Settings\350>
```

請停止您 **Wireshark** 的擷取，開始觀察封包資訊

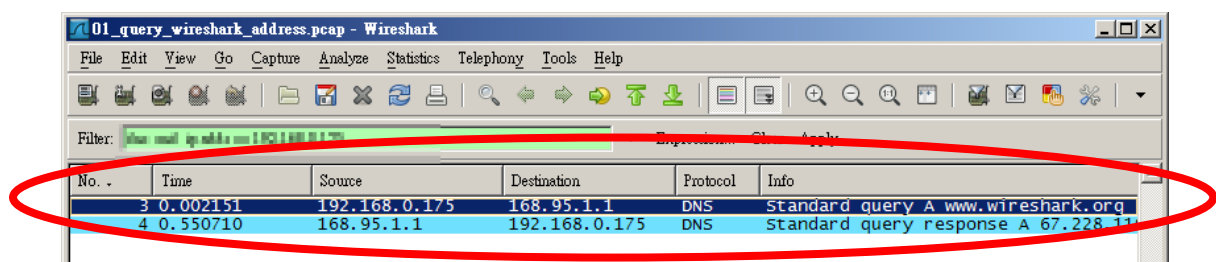
您已經可以在 Wireshark 裡看見許多關於這整個查詢以及的封包資訊 (本範例可以在 \Caputre\1-2-2_DNS\01_query_wireshark_address.pcap 取得) :



過濾封包

沒錯，封包實在太多了，還有一堆網頁封包以及別人的封包，您應該知道怎麼過濾吧！試試看：

過濾出屬於自己的 DNS 封包



最主要為「封包 1」與「封包 2」，其他 DNS 封包是網頁內容去查詢的。

開始觀察 DNS 封包

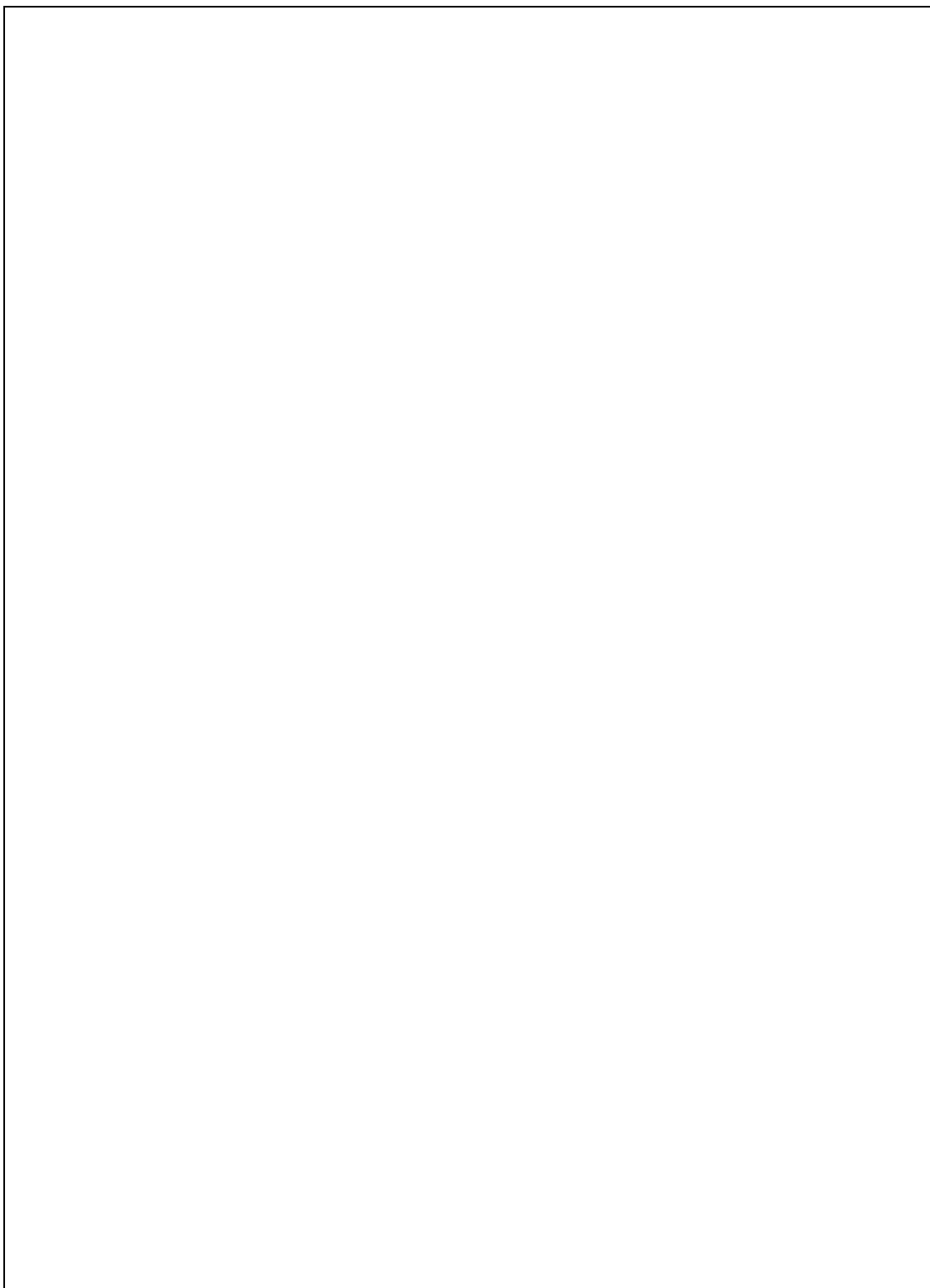
在開始觀察封包前，您應該知道 DNS 的封包格式：

IDENTIFICATION	QR	OPCODE	AA	TC	RD	RA	Z	AD	CD	RCODE
QUESTIONS			ANSWER RRS							
AUTHORITY RRS			ADDITIONAL RRS							

DNS 查詢流程筆記

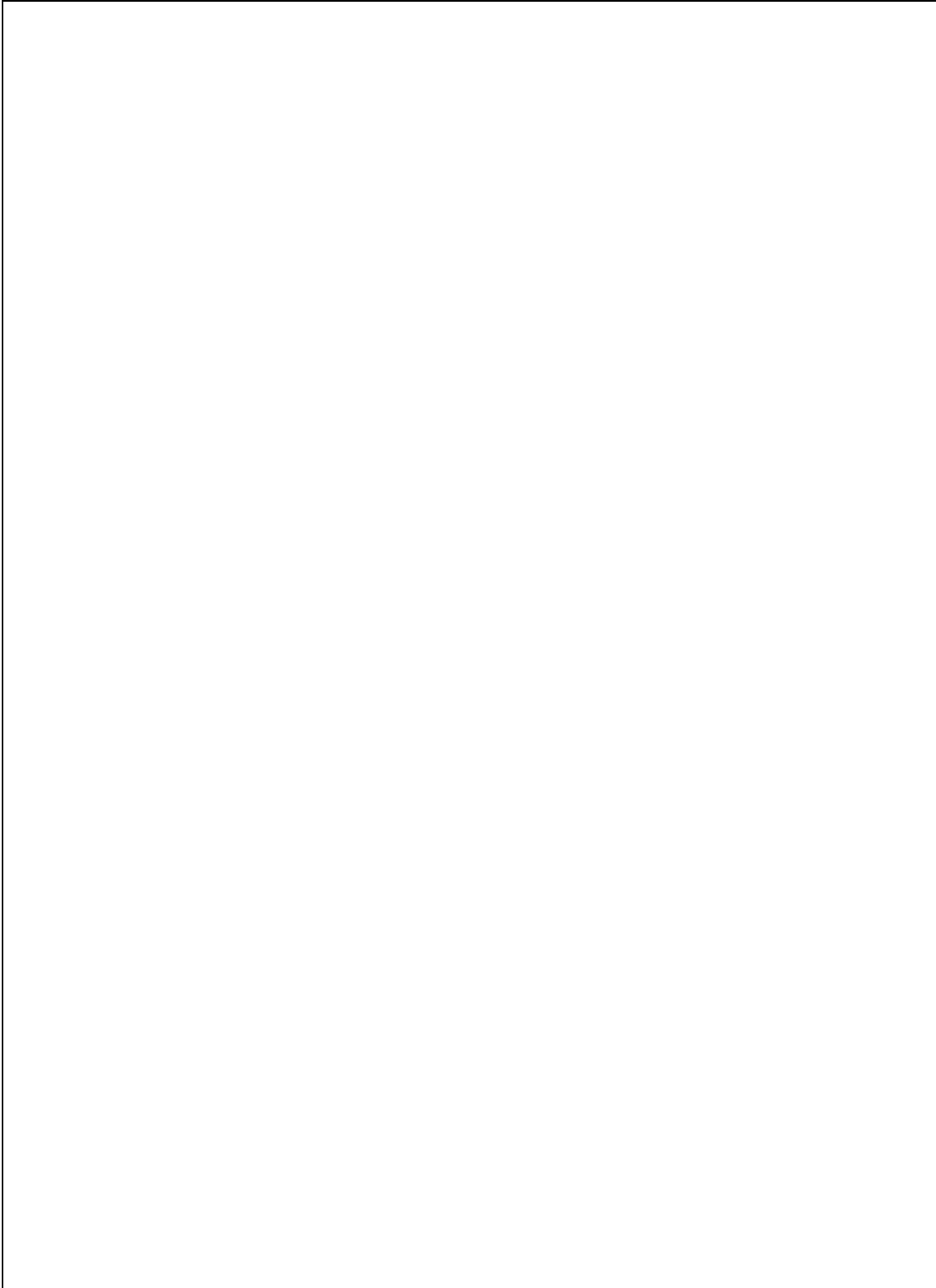
自由練習一：請求錯誤的「Wireshark 台灣站」主機

我們試著查詢「www.wireshark.org.tw」，試想會發生什麼事情（事實上這個 Domain 沒有人使用）？再以實際封包分析來驗證！



自由練習二：請求不存在的 **Domain Name**

我們試著查詢「www.sharkshark.org」，試想會發生什麼事情（事實上這個 **Domain** 沒有人使用）？再以實際封包分析來驗證！



自由練習三：查詢不同 DNS 的回應

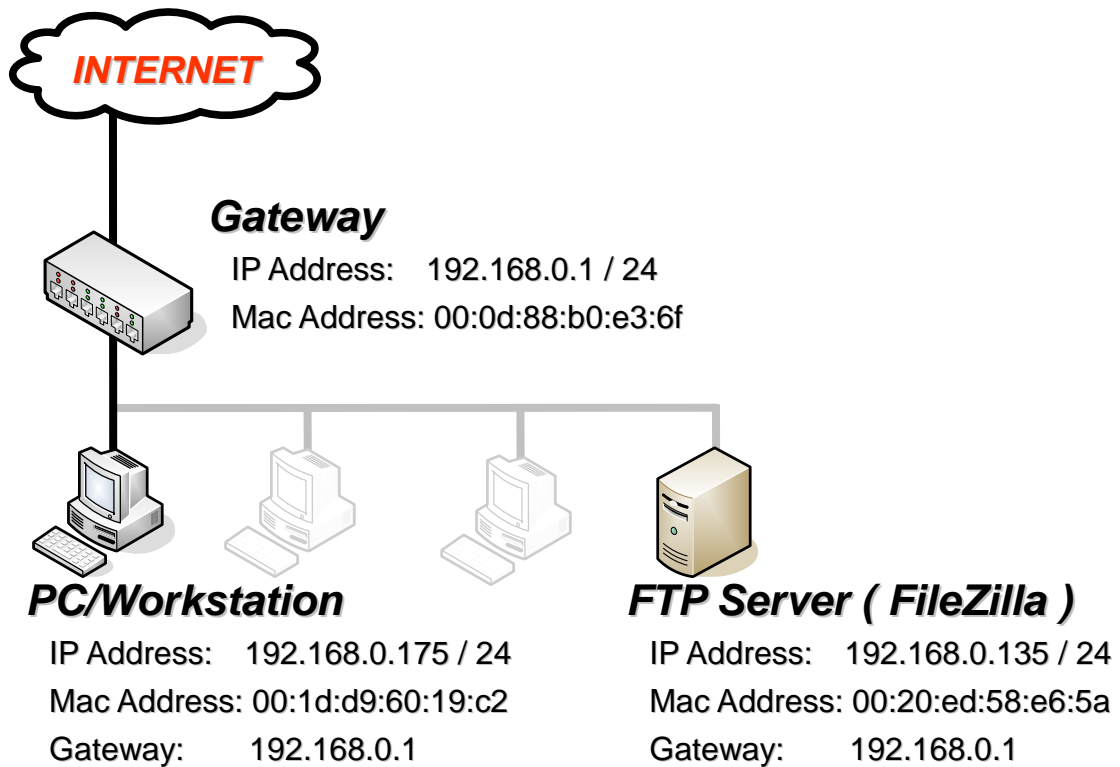
我們試著對不同 DNS 查詢「www.wireshark.org」，不同 DNS 的回應有何差別嗎？還是沒有差別？再以實際封包分析來驗證！（記得清除 DNS 快取）

Google Public DNS	8.8.8.8	GIGA DNS	203.133.1.6
HINET DNS	168.95.1.1	SO NET DNS	61.64.127.1
SEEDNET DSN (N)	139.175.55.244	Sparq DNS	61.56.211.185

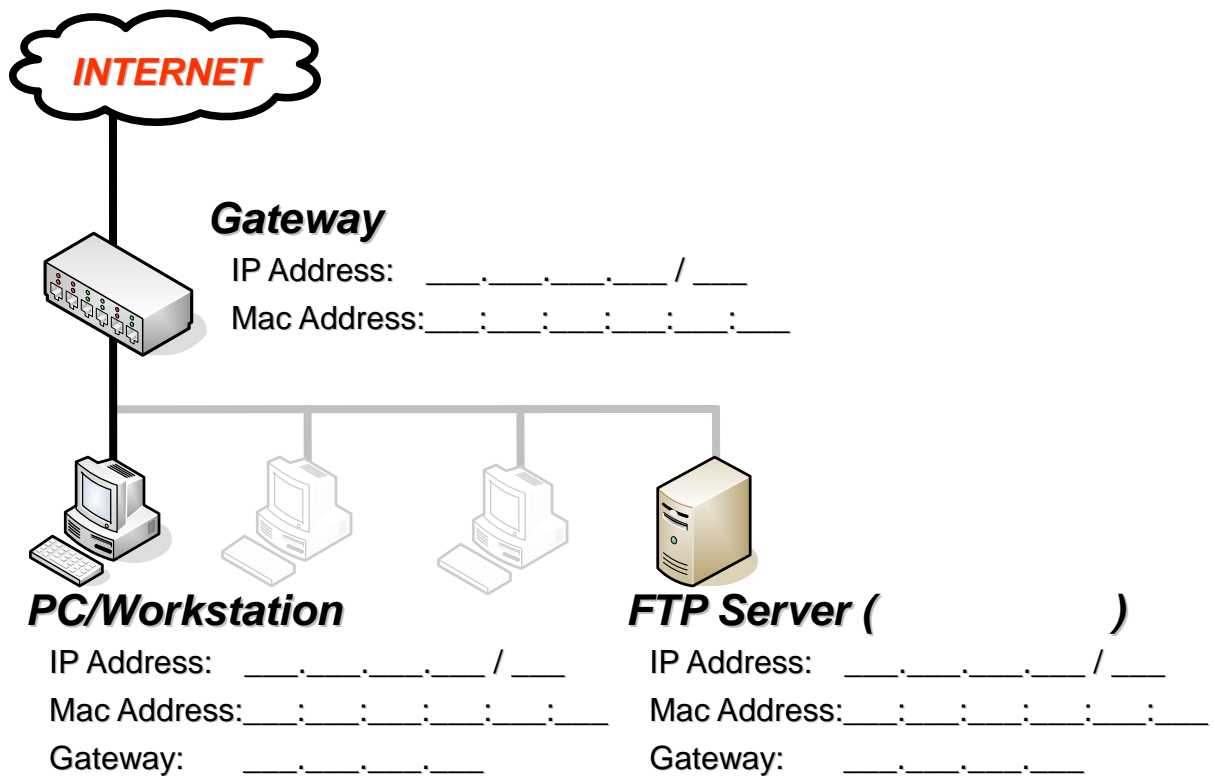
PROTOCOL ANALYSIS

1-2-3 : FTP

講義環境設定



我的環境設定



開始使用 FTP

本範例的 FTP Server 採用 Open Source 的 **FileZilla Server**，在課程上都架設完畢了！您如果自行練習可以自行選用任何一個軟體或是套件。

首先開始前，請您啟動好 Wireshark 來擷取我們接下來的封包資訊喔！

請現在啟動 Wireshark 並開始擷取封包

首先，我們還是一樣啟動文字模式，並且登入 FTP：「ftp 192.168.0.135」，連線成功將會出現 220 的歡迎訊息，並會要求您輸入 FTP 的使用者帳號，我們輸入「PA」。

```
C:\Documents and Settings\350>ftp 192.168.0.135
Connected to 192.168.0.135.
220-FileZilla Server version 0.9.34 beta
220-written by Tim Kosse (Tim.Kosse@gmx.de)
220 Please visit http://sourceforge.net/projects/filezilla/
User (192.168.0.135:(none)): PA
```

然後 FTP Sever 要求您輸入 pa 的密碼，密碼：「123456」。

```
331 Password required for pa
Password: 123456
```

出現登入成功後出現 230 Logged on，並出現提示 FTP 命令列，我們先查看整個 FTP 目錄，請輸入「dir」。

```
230 Logged on
ftp> dir
```

我們已經列出了目錄，請進入 Capture 下的 2-1-1_FTP 目錄並查一邊查看目錄列表，請跟著畫面指令操作。

```
200 Port command successful
150 Opening data channel for directory list.
drwxr-xr-x 1 ftp ftp          0 Jul 23 15:09 Capture
drwxr-xr-x 1 ftp ftp          0 Jul 23 15:22 Doc
drwxr-xr-x 1 ftp ftp          0 Jul 23 15:22 Software
226 Transfer OK
ftp: 171 bytes received in 0.00Seconds 171000.00Kbytes/sec.
ftp> cd Capture

250 CWD successful. "/Capture" is current directory.
ftp> dir

200 Port command successful
150 Opening data channel for directory list.
drwxr-xr-x 1 ftp ftp          0 Jul 23 15:06 1-1_BASE
drwxr-xr-x 1 ftp ftp          0 Jul 23 15:06 1-2-1_PING
drwxr-xr-x 1 ftp ftp          0 Jul 23 15:06 1-2-2_DNS
drwxr-xr-x 1 ftp ftp          0 Jul 23 15:07 1-2-3_FTP
drwxr-xr-x 1 ftp ftp          0 Jul 23 15:06 1-2-SP1_DHCP
drwxr-xr-x 1 ftp ftp          0 Jul 23 15:06 1-2-SP2_HTTP
drwxr-xr-x 1 ftp ftp          0 Jul 23 15:06 1-2-SP3_MSN
drwxr-xr-x 1 ftp ftp          0 Jul 23 15:06 Appendix_GeoIP
drwxr-xr-x 1 ftp ftp          0 Jul 23 15:06 Appendix_Statistics
226 Transfer OK
ftp: 563 bytes received in 0.00Seconds 563000.00Kbytes/sec.
ftp> cd 2-1-1_FTP

250 CWD successful. "Capture/1-2-3_FTP" is current directory.
ftp> dir
```

下載我們需要的檔案 test.txt，請輸入：「get test.txt」

```
200 Port command successful
150 Opening data channel for directory list.
-r--r--r-- 1 ftp ftp      2217 Jul 23 15:07 01_command.txt
-r--r--r-- 1 ftp ftp      7966 Jul 23 15:07 01_FTP.pcap
-r--r--r-- 1 ftp ftp        26 Jul 23 13:11 test.txt
226 Transfer OK
ftp: 186 bytes received in 0.00Seconds 186000.00Kbytes/sec.
ftp> get test.txt
```

下載完成後，我們離開 FTP！

```
200 Port command successful
150 Opening data channel for file transfer.
226 Transfer OK
ftp: 26 bytes received in 0.00Seconds 0.84Kbytes/sec.
ftp> bye

221 Goodbye

C:\Documents and Settings\350>
```

請停止您 **Wireshark** 的擷取，開始觀察封包資訊

解析封包內容資訊

要開始 FTP 的封包分析時，當然您要先瞭解 **FTP 運作原理**，當然 350 會在上課時以投影片講解，所以如果還有不清楚的同學，麻煩再回去看一下投影片喔！

下列是剛剛整個過程所擷取的封包（本範例可以在 \Caputre\1-2-3_FTP\01_FTP.pcap 取得）：

01_FTP.pcap - Wireshark

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Tools Help

Filter: Expression... Clear Apply

No. .	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
1	0.000000	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	TCP	11276 > ftp [S]
2	0.001621	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	TCP	ftp > 11276 [S]
3	0.001666	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	TCP	11276 > ftp [AC]
4	0.003008	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	FTP	Response: 220-F
5	0.003243	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.175	FTP	Request: USER F
6	0.003284	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	TCP	11276 > ftp [AC]
7	0.003432	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	FTP	Response: 220 F
8	0.074491	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	TCP	11276 > ftp [AC]
9	1.934989	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	FTP	Request: USER F
10	1.936631	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	FTP	Response: 331 F
11	2.152664	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	TCP	11276 > ftp [AC]
12	4.130566	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	FTP	Request: PASS J

Frame 1 (66 bytes on wire, 66 bytes captured)

- Ethernet II, Src: HonHaiPr_60:19:c2 (00:1d:d9:60:19:c2), Dst: Giga-Byt_58:e6:5a (00:20:ed:58:e6:5a)
- Internet Protocol, Src: 192.168.0.175 (192.168.0.175), Dst: 192.168.0.135 (192.168.0.135)
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 11276 (11276), Dst Port: ftp (21), Seq: 0, Len: 0

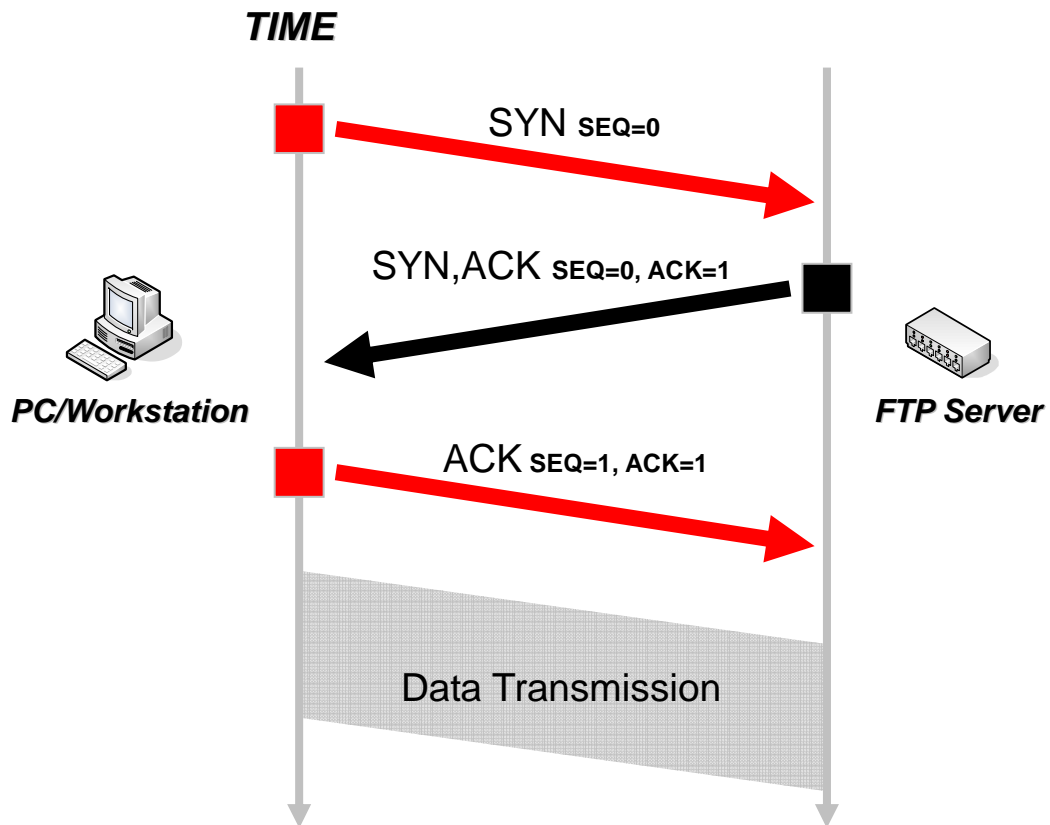
```

0000  00 20 ed 58 e6 5a 00 1d d9 60 19 c2 08 00 43 00  . . . . .
0010  00 34 12 7a 40 00 80 06 65 c3 c0 a8 00 af c0 a8  .4.z8...e.....
0020  00 87 2c 0c 00 15 55 90 49 f8 00 00 00 80 02  .,....U.I.....
0030  ff ff 20 dc 00 00 02 04 05 b4 01 03 03 0c 01 01  .. .....
0040  04 02  ..
    
```

File: "D:\PA_TANet\Capture\1-2-3_FTP\01_FTP.pcap" Packets: 86 Displayed: 86 Marked: 0 Profile: Default

三方交握

任何 TCP 在傳輸資料前都需要先建立一個虛擬線路(連線)，所以再建立時需以三方交握的方式來建立，下圖則為兩方的交握過程，您可以搭配您的實際狀況來檢視是否現實連線確實如此：



三方交握筆記

連線模式

一般在 FTP 我們會因為您的網路環境 (如：防火牆) 的原因，您需要採用不同的連線模式，一般來說分為主動模式 (Active Mode)、被動模式 (Passive Mode)：

Mini Question：

請問我們上課所採用的 FileZilla Server，當您連線該 Server 所產生的封包分析後，請問是什麼模式？

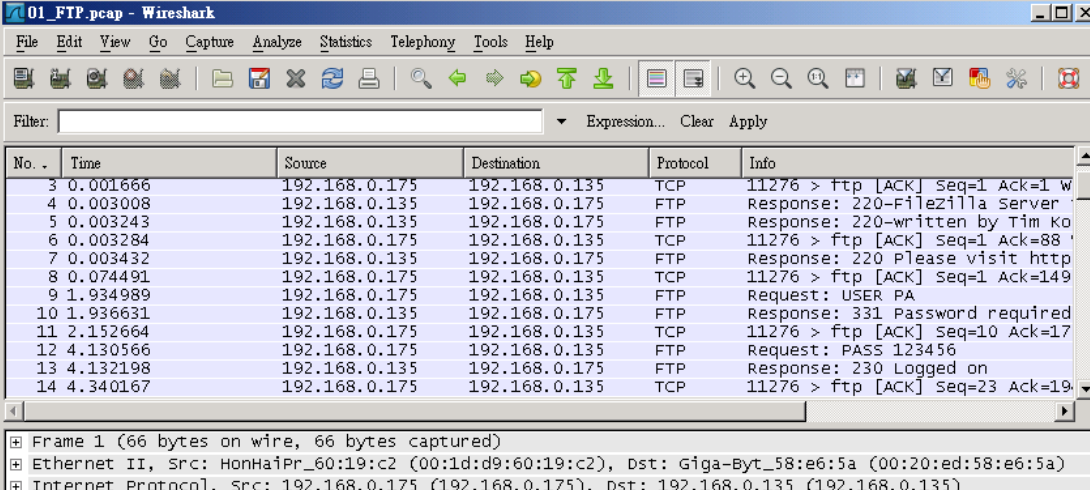
主動模式 (Active Mode)

被動模式 (Passive Mode)

連線模式筆記

FTP 登入流程

接下來我們要登入 FTP，從封包擷取的過程中，您應該了解這些過程，以及 FTP 帶來的隱憂：



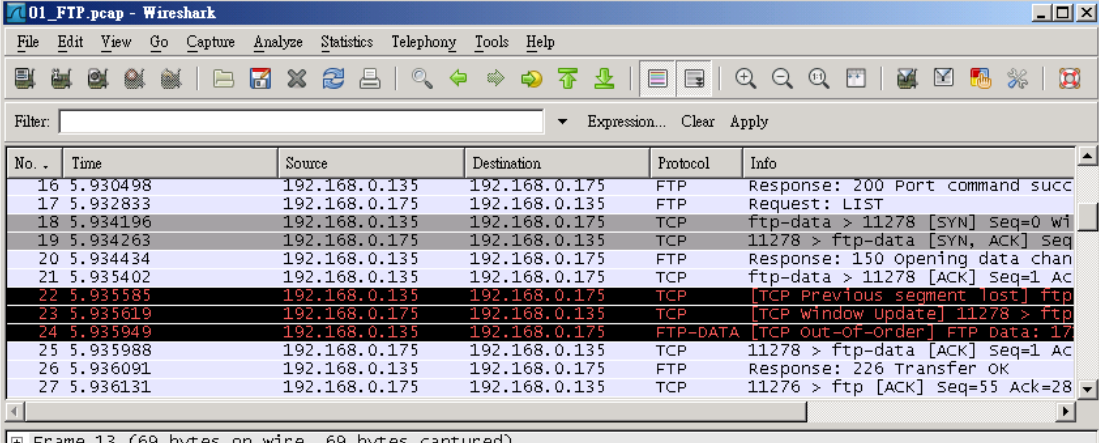
No. .	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
3	0.001666	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	TCP	11276 > ftp [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 w
4	0.003008	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	FTP	Response: 220-Filezilla Server
5	0.003243	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	FTP	Response: 220-written by Tim Ko
6	0.003284	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	TCP	11276 > ftp [ACK] seq=1 Ack=88
7	0.003432	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	FTP	Response: 220 Please visit http
8	0.074491	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	TCP	11276 > ftp [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=149
9	1.934989	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	FTP	Request: USER PA
10	1.936631	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	FTP	Response: 331 Password required
11	2.152664	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	TCP	11276 > ftp [ACK] seq=10 Ack=17
12	4.130566	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	FTP	Request: PASS 123456
13	4.132198	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	FTP	Response: 230 Logged on
14	4.340167	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	TCP	11276 > ftp [ACK] Seq=23 Ack=19

Frame 1 (66 bytes on wire, 66 bytes captured)
Ethernet II, Src: HonHaiPr_60:19:c2 (00:1d:d9:60:19:c2), Dst: Giga-Byt_58:e6:5a (00:20:ed:58:e6:5a)
Internet Protocol, Src: 192.168.0.175 (192.168.0.175), Dst: 192.168.0.135 (192.168.0.135)

FTP 登入流程筆記

資料傳輸與溝通

我們現在開始來分析登入後的指令溝通以及資料傳輸過程，如果您擷取了許多與自己無關的封包，請記得使用過濾功能：



The image shows a Wireshark capture window titled "01_FTP.pcap - Wireshark". The interface includes a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Go, Capture, Analyze, Statistics, Telephony, Tools, Help), a toolbar with various icons, and a filter field. The main pane displays a list of captured packets with columns for No., Time, Source, Destination, Protocol, and Info. The packets show an FTP session with various commands and responses, including LIST, opening data channels, and data transfers. Some packets are highlighted in red, indicating errors or warnings like "TCP Previous segment lost" and "TCP window update".

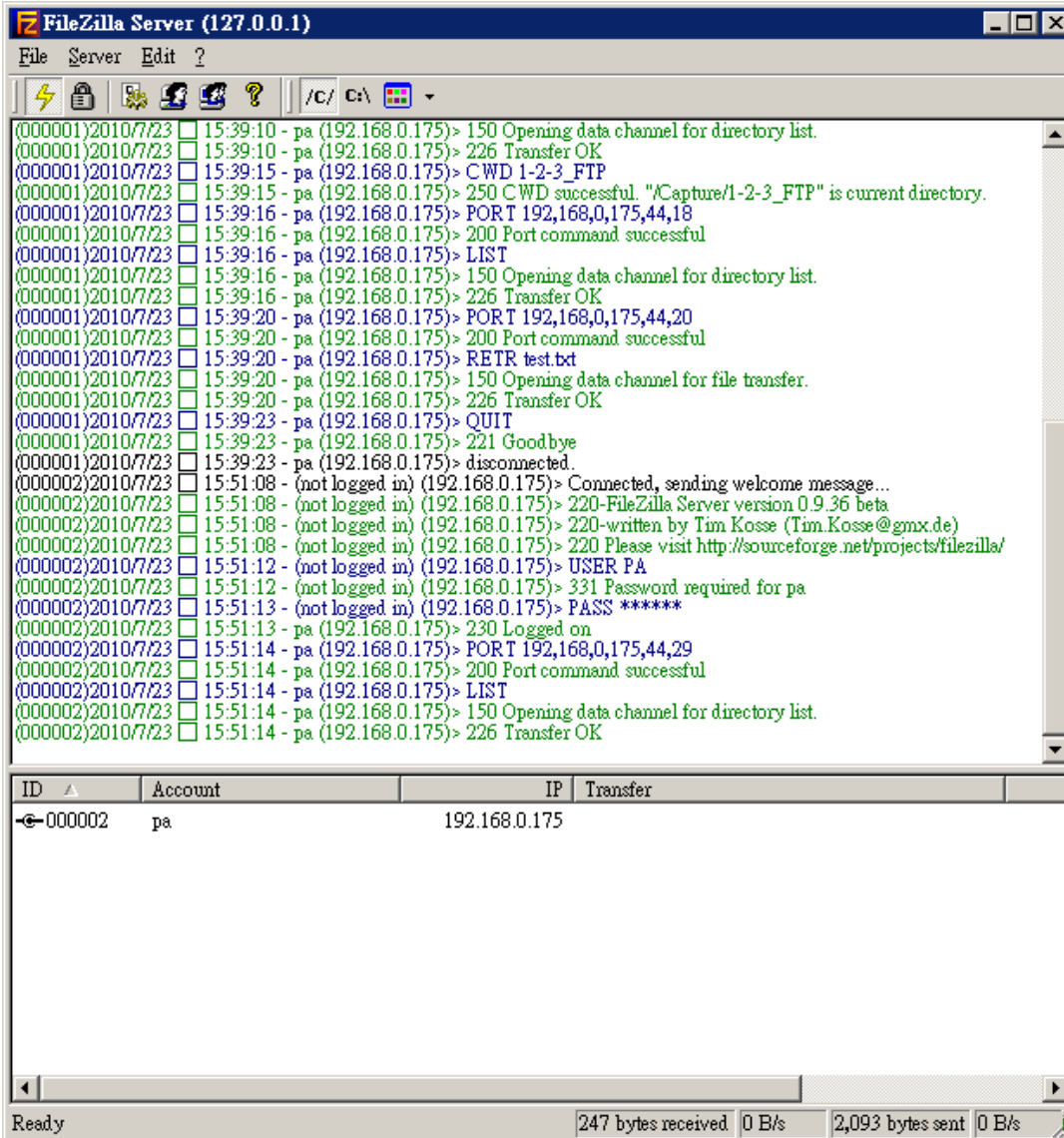
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
16	5.930498	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	FTP	Response: 200 Port command succ
17	5.932833	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	FTP	Request: LIST
18	5.934196	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	TCP	ftp-data > 11278 [SYN] Seq=0 wi
19	5.934263	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	TCP	11278 > ftp-data [SYN, ACK] seq
20	5.934434	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	FTP	Response: 150 Opening data chan
21	5.935402	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	TCP	ftp-data > 11278 [ACK] Seq=1 Ac
22	5.935585	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	TCP	[TCP Previous segment lost] ftp
23	5.935619	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	TCP	[TCP window Update] 11278 > ftp
24	5.935949	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	FTP-DATA	[TCP out-of-order] FTP Data: 17
25	5.935988	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	TCP	11278 > ftp-data [ACK] Seq=1 Ac
26	5.936091	192.168.0.135	192.168.0.175	FTP	Response: 226 Transfer OK
27	5.936131	192.168.0.175	192.168.0.135	TCP	11276 > ftp [ACK] seq=55 Ack=28

Frame 13 (69 bytes on wire, 69 bytes captured)

資料傳輸與溝通筆記

Server 端訊息

在上課中，如果您是當 FTP Server 的同學，您可以打開檢視界面，我們可以由 FileZilla Server 上看到整個連線過程，不同的 FTP Server 套件的檢視方法不一定相同：



```
FileZilla Server (127.0.0.1)
File Server Edit ?
/C/ C:\
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:10 - pa (192.168.0.175)> 150 Opening data channel for directory list.
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:10 - pa (192.168.0.175)> 226 Transfer OK
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:15 - pa (192.168.0.175)> CWD 1-2-3_FTP
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:15 - pa (192.168.0.175)> 250 CWD successful. "1-Capture/1-2-3_FTP" is current directory.
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:16 - pa (192.168.0.175)> PORT 192,168,0,175,44,18
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:16 - pa (192.168.0.175)> 200 Port command successful
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:16 - pa (192.168.0.175)> LIST
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:16 - pa (192.168.0.175)> 150 Opening data channel for directory list.
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:16 - pa (192.168.0.175)> 226 Transfer OK
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:20 - pa (192.168.0.175)> PORT 192,168,0,175,44,20
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:20 - pa (192.168.0.175)> 200 Port command successful
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:20 - pa (192.168.0.175)> RETR test.txt
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:20 - pa (192.168.0.175)> 150 Opening data channel for file transfer.
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:20 - pa (192.168.0.175)> 226 Transfer OK
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:23 - pa (192.168.0.175)> QUIT
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:23 - pa (192.168.0.175)> 221 Goodbye
(000001)2010/7/23 15:39:23 - pa (192.168.0.175)> disconnected.
(000002)2010/7/23 15:51:08 - (not logged in) (192.168.0.175)> Connected, sending welcome message...
(000002)2010/7/23 15:51:08 - (not logged in) (192.168.0.175)> 220-FileZilla Server version 0.9.36 beta
(000002)2010/7/23 15:51:08 - (not logged in) (192.168.0.175)> 220-written by Tim Kosse (Tim.Kosse@gmx.de)
(000002)2010/7/23 15:51:08 - (not logged in) (192.168.0.175)> 220 Please visit http://sourceforge.net/projects/filezilla/
(000002)2010/7/23 15:51:12 - (not logged in) (192.168.0.175)> USER PA
(000002)2010/7/23 15:51:12 - (not logged in) (192.168.0.175)> 331 Password required for pa
(000002)2010/7/23 15:51:13 - (not logged in) (192.168.0.175)> PASS *****
(000002)2010/7/23 15:51:13 - pa (192.168.0.175)> 230 Logged on
(000002)2010/7/23 15:51:14 - pa (192.168.0.175)> PORT 192,168,0,175,44,29
(000002)2010/7/23 15:51:14 - pa (192.168.0.175)> 200 Port command successful
(000002)2010/7/23 15:51:14 - pa (192.168.0.175)> LIST
(000002)2010/7/23 15:51:14 - pa (192.168.0.175)> 150 Opening data channel for directory list.
(000002)2010/7/23 15:51:14 - pa (192.168.0.175)> 226 Transfer OK
```

ID	Account	IP	Transfer
← 000002	pa	192.168.0.175	

Ready 247 bytes received 0 B/s 2,093 bytes sent 0 B/s

自由練習

您應該已經從這個 LAB 中發現傳統的 FTP 雖然方便，但是卻在本質上出現嚴重的問題(明碼帶來的隱憂)，請問您有什麼解決方案呢？

PROTOCOL ANALYSIS

附錄：協定資訊

Protocol Numbers List (updated 2009-06-18)

Registries included below:

- Assigned Internet Protocol Numbers

Registry Name: Assigned Internet Protocol Numbers

Reference: [RFC5237]

Registration Procedures: IESG Approval or Standards Action

Note: In the Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) [RFC791] there is a field called "Protocol" to identify the next level protocol. This is an 8 bit field. In Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6) [RFC1883], this field is called the "Next Header" field.

Registry:

Decimal	Keyword	Protocol	References
0	HOPOPT	IPv6 Hop-by-Hop Option	[RFC1883]
1	ICMP	Internet Control Message	[RFC792]
2	IGMP	Internet Group Management	[RFC1112]
3	GGP	Gateway-to-Gateway	[RFC823]
4	IP	IP in IP (encapsulation)	[RFC2003]
5	ST	Stream	[RFC1190][RFC1819]
6	TCP	Transmission Control	[RFC793]
7	CBT	CBT	[Ballardie]
8	EGP	Exterior Gateway Protocol	[RFC888][DLM1]
9	IGP	any private interior gateway (used by Cisco for their IGRP)	[IANA]
10	BBN-RCC-MON	BBN RCC Monitoring	[SGC]
11	NVP-II	Network Voice Protocol	[RFC741][SC3]
12	PUP	PUP	[PUP][XEROX]
13	ARGUS	ARGUS	[RWS4]
14	EMCON	EMCON	[BN7]
15	XNET	Cross Net Debugger	[IEN158][JFH2]
16	CHAOS	Chaos	[NC3]
17	UDP	User Datagram	[RFC768][JBP]
18	MUX	Multiplexing	[IEN90][JBP]
19	DCN-MEAS	DCN Measurement Subsystems	[DLM1]
20	HMP	Host Monitoring	[RFC869][RH6]
21	PRM	Packet Radio Measurement	[ZSU]
22	XNS-IDP	XEROX NS IDP	[ETHERNET][XEROX]
23	TRUNK-1	Trunk-1	[BWB6]
24	TRUNK-2	Trunk-2	[BWB6]
25	LEAF-1	Leaf-1	[BWB6]
26	LEAF-2	Leaf-2	[BWB6]
27	RDP	Reliable Data Protocol	[RFC908][RH6]
28	IRTP	Internet Reliable Transaction	[RFC938][TXM]
29	ISO-TP4	ISO Transport Protocol Class 4	[RFC905][RC77]
30	NETBLT	Bulk Data Transfer Protocol	[RFC969][DDC1]
31	MFE-NSP	MFE Network Services Protocol	[MFENET][BCH2]
32	MERIT-INP	MERIT Internodal Protocol	[HWB]
33	DCCP	Datagram Congestion Control Protocol	[RFC4340]
34	3PC	Third Party Connect Protocol	[SAF3]
35	IDPR	Inter-Domain Policy Routing Protocol	[MXS1]
36	XTP	XTP	[GXC]
37	DDP	Datagram Delivery Protocol	[WXC]
38	IDPR-CMTP	IDPR Control Message Transport Proto	[MXS1]

Decimal	Keyword	Protocol	References
39	TP++	TP++ Transport Protocol	[DXF]
40	IL	IL Transport Protocol	[Presotto]
41	IPv6	Ipv6	[Deering]
42	SDRP	Source Demand Routing Protocol	[DXE1]
43	IPv6-Route	Routing Header for IPv6	[Deering]
44	IPv6-Frag	Fragment Header for IPv6	[Deering]
45	IDRP	Inter-Domain Routing Protocol	[Hares]
46	RSVP	Reservation Protocol	[Braden]
47	GRE	General Routing Encapsulation	[Li]
48	DSR	Dynamic Source Routing Protocol	[RFC4728]
49	BNA	BNA	[Salamon]
50	ESP	Encap Security Payload	[RFC4303]
51	AH	Authentication Header	[RFC4302]
52	I-NLSP	Integrated Net Layer Security TUBA	[GLENN]
53	SWIPE	IP with Encryption	[JI6]
54	NARP	NBMA Address Resolution Protocol	[RFC1735]
55	MOBILE	IP Mobility	[Perkins]
56	TLSP	Transport Layer Security Protocol using Kryptonnet key management	[Oberg]
57	SKIP	SKIP	[Markson]
58	IPv6-ICMP	ICMP for IPv6	[RFC1883]
59	IPv6-NoNxt	No Next Header for IPv6	[RFC1883]
60	IPv6-Opts	Destination Options for IPv6	[RFC1883]
61		any host internal protocol	[IANA]
62	CFTP	CFTP	[CFTP][HCF2]
63		any local network	[IANA]
64	SAT-EXPAK	SATNET and Backroom EXPAK	[SHB]
65	KRYPTOLAN	Kryptolan	[PXL1]
66	RVD	MIT Remote Virtual Disk Protocol	[MBG]
67	IPPC	Internet Pluribus Packet Core	[SHB]
68		any distributed file system	[IANA]
69	SAT-MON	SATNET Monitoring	[SHB]
70	VISA	VISA Protocol	[GXT1]
71	IPCV	Internet Packet Core Utility	[SHB]
72	CPNX	Computer Protocol Network Executive	[DXM2]
73	CPHB	Computer Protocol Heart Beat	[DXM2]
74	WSN	Wang Span Network	[VXD]
75	PVP	Packet Video Protocol	[SC3]
76	BR-SAT-MON	Backroom SATNET Monitoring	[SHB]
77	SUN-ND	SUN ND PROTOCOL-Temporary	[WM3]
78	WB-MON	WIDEBAND Monitoring	[SHB]
79	WB-EXPAK	WIDEBAND EXPAK	[SHB]
80	ISO-IP	ISO Internet Protocol	[MTR]
81	VMTP	VMTP	[DRC3]
82	SECURE-VMTP	SECURE-VMTP	[DRC3]
83	VINES	VINES	[BXH]
84	TTP	TTP	[JXS]
85	NSFNET-IGP	NSFNET-IGP	[HWB]
86	DGP	Dissimilar Gateway Protocol	[DGP][ML109]
87	TCF	TCF	[GAL5]
88	EIGRP	EIGRP	[CISCO][GXS]
89	OSPFIGP	OSPFIGP	[RFC1583][JTM4]
90	Sprite-RPC	Sprite RPC Protocol	[SPRITE][BXW]
91	LARP	Locus Address Resolution Protocol	[BXH]
92	MTP	Multicast Transport Protocol	[SXA]
93	AX.25	AX.25 Frames	[BK29]

Decimal	Keyword	Protocol	References
94	IPIP	IP-within-IP Encapsulation Protocol	[JI6]
95	MICP	Mobile Internetworking Control Pro.	[JI6]
96	SCC-SP	Semaphore Communications Sec. Pro.	[HXH]
97	ETHERIP	Ethernet-within-IP Encapsulation	[RFC3378]
98	ENCAP	Encapsulation Header	[RFC1241,RXB3]
99		any private encryption scheme	[IANA]
100	GMTP	GMTP	[RXB5]
101	IFMP	Ipsilon Flow Management Protocol	[Hinden]
102	PNNI	PNNI over IP	[Callon]
103	PIM	Protocol Independent Multicast	[Farinacci]
104	ARIS	ARIS	[Feldman]
105	SCPS	SCPS	[Durst]
106	QNX	QNX	[Hunter]
107	A/N	Active Networks	[Braden]
108	IPComp	IP Payload Compression Protocol	[RFC2393]
109	SNP	Sitara Networks Protocol	[Sridhar]
110	Compaq-Peer	Compaq Peer Protocol	[Volpe]
111	IPX-in-IP	IPX in IP	[Lee]
112	VRRP	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol	[RFC3768]
113	PGM	PGM Reliable Transport Protocol	[Speakman]
114		any 0-hop protocol	[IANA]
115	L2TP	Layer Two Tunneling Protocol	[Aboba]
116	DDX	D-II Data Exchange (DDX)	[Worley]
117	IATP	Interactive Agent Transfer Protocol	[Murphy]
118	STP	Schedule Transfer Protocol	[JMP]
119	SRP	SpectraLink Radio Protocol	[Hamilton]
120	UTI	UTI	[Lothberg]
121	SMP	Simple Message Protocol	[Ekblad]
122	SM	SM	[Crowcroft]
123	PTP	Performance Transparency Protocol	[Welzl]
124	ISIS over IPv4		[Przygienda]
125	FIRE		[Partridge]
126	CRTP	Combat Radio Transport Protocol	[Sautter]
127	CRUDP	Combat Radio User Datagram	[Sautter]
128	SSCOPMCE		[Waber]
129	IPLT		[Hollbach]
130	SPS	Secure Packet Shield	[McIntosh]
131	PIPE	Private IP Encapsulation within IP	[Petri]
132	SCTP	Stream Control Transmission Protocol	[Stewart]
133	FC	Fibre Channel	[Rajagopal]
134	RSVP-E2E-IGNORE		[RFC3175]
135	Mobility Header		[RFC3775]
136	UDPLite		[RFC3828]
137	MPLS-in-IP		[RFC4023]
138	manet	MANET Protocols	[RFC5498]
139	HIP	Host Identity Protocol	[RFC5201]
140	Shim6	Shim6 Protocol	[RFC5533]
141-252		Unassigned	[IANA]
253		Use for experimentation and testing	[RFC3692]
254		Use for experimentation and testing	[RFC3692]
255	Reserved		[IANA]

Ethernet Type Codes

Ethernet		Exp. Ethernet		Description
decimal	Hex	decimal	octal	
000	0000-05DC	-	-	IEEE802.3 Length Field
257	0101-01FF	-	-	Experimental
512	0200	512	1000	XEROX PUP (see 0A00)
513	0201	-	-	PUP Addr Trans (see 0A01)
	0400			Nixdorf
1536	0600	1536	3000	XEROX NS IDP
	0660			DLOG
	0661			DLOG
2048	0800	513	1001	Internet IP (IPv4)
2049	0801	-	-	X.75 Internet
2050	0802	-	-	NBS Internet
2051	0803	-	-	ECMA Internet
2052	0804	-	-	Chaosnet
2053	0805	-	-	X.25 Level 3
2054	0806	-	-	ARP
2055	0807	-	-	XNS Compatability
2076	081C	-	-	Symbolics Private
2184	0888-088A	-	-	Xyplex
2304	0900	-	-	Ungermann-Bass net debugr
2560	0A00	-	-	Xerox IEEE802.3 PUP
2561	0A01	-	-	PUP Addr Trans
2989	0BAD	-	-	Banyan Systems
4096	1000	-	-	Berkeley Trailer nego
4097	1001-100F	-	-	Berkeley Trailer encap/IP
5632	1600	-	-	Valid Systems
16962	4242	-	-	PCS Basic Block Protocol
21000	5208	-	-	BBN Simnet
24576	6000	-	-	DEC Unassigned (Exp.)
24577	6001	-	-	DEC MOP Dump/Load
24578	6002	-	-	DEC MOP Remote Console
24579	6003	-	-	DEC DECNET Phase IV Route
24580	6004	-	-	DEC LAT
24581	6005	-	-	DEC Diagnostic Protocol
24582	6006	-	-	DEC Customer Protocol
24583	6007	-	-	DEC LAVC, SCA
24584	6008-6009	-	-	DEC Unassigned
24586	6010-6014	-	-	3Com Corporation
28672	7000	-	-	Ungermann-Bass download
28674	7002	-	-	Ungermann-Bass dia/loop
28704	7020-7029	-	-	LRT
28720	7030	-	-	Proteon
28724	7034	-	-	Cabletron
32771	8003	-	-	Cronus VLN
32772	8004	-	-	Cronus Direct
32773	8005	-	-	HP Probe
32774	8006	-	-	Nestar
32776	8008	-	-	AT&T
32784	8010	-	-	Excelan
32787	8013	-	-	SGI diagnostics
32788	8014	-	-	SGI network games
32789	8015	-	-	SGI reserved
32790	8016	-	-	SGI bounce server
32793	8019	-	-	Apollo Computers
32815	802E	-	-	Tymshare
32816	802F	-	-	Tigan, Inc.

Ethernet		Exp. Ethernet		Description
decimal	Hex	decimal	octal	
32821	8035	-	-	Reverse ARP
32822	8036	-	-	Aeonic Systems
32824	8038	-	-	DEC LANBridge
32825	8039-803C	-	-	DEC Unassigned
32829	803D	-	-	DEC Ethernet Encryption
32830	803E	-	-	DEC Unassigned
32831	803F	-	-	DEC LAN Traffic Monitor
32832	8040-8042	-	-	DEC Unassigned
32836	8044	-	-	Planning Research Corp.
32838	8046	-	-	AT&T
32839	8047	-	-	AT&T
32841	8049	-	-	ExperData
32859	805B	-	-	Stanford V Kernel exp.
32860	805C	-	-	Stanford V Kernel prod.
32861	805D	-	-	Evans & Sutherland
32864	8060	-	-	Little Machines
32866	8062	-	-	Counterpoint Computers
32869	8065	-	-	Univ. of Mass. @ Amherst
32870	8066	-	-	Univ. of Mass. @ Amherst
32871	8067	-	-	Veeco Integrated Auto.
32872	8068	-	-	General Dynamics
32873	8069	-	-	AT&T
32874	806A	-	-	Autophon
32876	806C	-	-	ComDesign
32877	806D	-	-	Computgraphic Corp.
32878	806E-8077	-	-	Landmark Graphics Corp.
32890	807A	-	-	Matra
32891	807B	-	-	Dansk Data Elektronik
32892	807C	-	-	Merit Internodal
32893	807D-807F	-	-	Vitalink Communications
32896	8080	-	-	Vitalink TransLAN III
32897	8081-8083	-	-	Counterpoint Computers
32923	809B	-	-	Appletalk
32924	809C-809E	-	-	Datability
32927	809F	-	-	Spider Systems Ltd.
32931	80A3	-	-	Nixdorf Computers
32932	80A4-80B3	-	-	Siemens Gammasonics Inc.
32960	80C0-80C3	-	-	DCA Data Exchange Cluster
	80C4			Banyan Systems
	80C5			Banyan Systems
32966	80C6	-	-	Pacer Software
32967	80C7	-	-	Applitek Corporation
32968	80C8-80CC	-	-	Intergraph Corporation
32973	80CD-80CE	-	-	Harris Corporation
32975	80CF-80D2	-	-	Taylor Instrument
32979	80D3-80D4	-	-	Rosemount Corporation
32981	80D5	-	-	IBM SNA Service on Ether
32989	80DD	-	-	Varian Associates
32990	80DE-80DF	-	-	Integrated Solutions TRFS
32992	80E0-80E3	-	-	Allen-Bradley
32996	80E4-80F0	-	-	Datability
33010	80F2	-	-	Retix
33011	80F3	-	-	AppleTalk AARP (Kinetics)
33012	80F4-80F5	-	-	Kinetics
33015	80F7	-	-	Apollo Computer
33023	80FF-8103	-	-	Wellfleet Communications
33031	8107-8109	-	-	Symbolics Private
33072	8130	-	-	Hayes Microcomputers
33073	8131	-	-	VG Laboratory Systems
	8132-8136			Bridge Communications

Ethernet		Exp. Ethernet		Description
decimal	Hex	decimal	octal	
33079	8137-8138	-	-	Novell, Inc.
33081	8139-813D	-	-	KTI
	8148			Logcraft
	8149			Network Computing Devices
	814A			Alpha Micro
33100	814C	-	-	SNMP
	814D			BIIN
	814E			BIIN
	814F			Technically Elite Concept
	8150			Rational Corp
	8151-8153			Qualcomm
	815C-815E			Computer Protocol Pty Ltd
	8164-8166			Charles River Data System
	817D-818C			Protocol Engines
	818D			Motorola Computer
	819A-81A3			Qualcomm
	81A4			ARAI Bunkichi
	81A5-81AE			RAD Network Devices
	81B7-81B9			Xyplex
	81CC-81D5			Apricot Computers
	81D6-81DD			Artisoft
	81E6-81EF			Polygon
	81F0-81F2			Comsat Labs
	81F3-81F5			SAIC
	81F6-81F8			VG Analytical
	8203-8205			Quantum Software
	8221-8222			Ascom Banking Systems
	823E-8240			Advanced Encryption Syste
	827F-8282			Athena Programming
	8263-826A			Charles River Data System
	829A-829B			Inst Ind Info Tech
	829C-82AB			Taurus Controls
	82AC-8693			Walker Richer & Quinn
	8694-869D			Idea Courier
	869E-86A1			Computer Network Tech
	86A3-86AC			Gateway Communications
	86DB			SECTRA
	86DE			Delta Controls
34543	86DF	-	-	ATOMIC
	86E0-86EF			Landis & Gyr Powers
	8700-8710			Motorola
	8A96-8A97			Invisible Software
36864	9000	-	-	Loopback
36865	9001	-	-	3Com(Bridge) XNS Sys Mgmt
36866	9002	-	-	3Com(Bridge) TCP-IP Sys
36867	9003	-	-	3Com(Bridge) loop detect
65280	FF00	-	-	BBN VITAL-LanBridge cache
	FF00-FF0F			ISC Bunker Ramo

Port Numbers List (updated 2009-09-25)

如果您對其他 Port Numbers 想知道的更多更詳細，可以到這裡瀏覽

<http://www.iana.org/assignments/port-numbers>

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
-----	-----	-----	-----
	0/tcp	Reserved	
	0/udp	Reserved	
#		Jon Postel <postel@isi.edu>	
spr-itunes	0/tcp	Shirt Pocket netTunes	
spl-itunes	0/tcp	Shirt Pocket launchTunes	
#		David Nanian <dnanian@shirt-pocket.com> 28 September 2007	
tcpmux	1/tcp	TCP Port Service Multiplexer	
tcpmux	1/udp	TCP Port Service Multiplexer	
#		Mark Lottor <MKL@nisc.sri.com>	
compressnet	2/tcp	Management Utility	
compressnet	2/udp	Management Utility	
compressnet	3/tcp	Compression Process	
compressnet	3/udp	Compression Process	
#		Bernie Volz <volz@cisco.com>	
#	4/tcp	Unassigned	
#	4/udp	Unassigned	
rje	5/tcp	Remote Job Entry	
rje	5/udp	Remote Job Entry	
#		Jon Postel <postel@isi.edu>	
#	6/tcp	Unassigned	
#	6/udp	Unassigned	
echo	7/tcp	Echo	
echo	7/udp	Echo	
#		Jon Postel <postel@isi.edu>	
#	8/tcp	Unassigned	
#	8/udp	Unassigned	
discard	9/tcp	Discard	
discard	9/udp	Discard	
#		Jon Postel <postel@isi.edu>	
discard	9/sctp	Discard	
#		IETF TSVWG	
#		Randall Stewart <rrs@cisco.com>	
#		[RFC4960]	
discard	9/dccp	Discard SC:DISC	
#		IETF dccp WG, Eddie Kohler <kohler@cs.ucla.edu>, [RFC4340]	
#	10/tcp	Unassigned	
#	10/udp	Unassigned	
systat	11/tcp	Active Users	
systat	11/udp	Active Users	
#		Jon Postel <postel@isi.edu>	
#	12/tcp	Unassigned	
#	12/udp	Unassigned	
daytime	13/tcp	Daytime (RFC 867)	
daytime	13/udp	Daytime (RFC 867)	
#		Jon Postel <postel@isi.edu>	
#	14/tcp	Unassigned	
#	14/udp	Unassigned	
#	15/tcp	Unassigned [was netstat]	
#	15/udp	Unassigned	
#	16/tcp	Unassigned	
#	16/udp	Unassigned	
qotd	17/tcp	Quote of the Day	
qotd	17/udp	Quote of the Day	
#		Jon Postel <postel@isi.edu>	
msp	18/tcp	Message Send Protocol	
msp	18/udp	Message Send Protocol	
#		Rina Nathaniel <---none--- ></td <td></td>	
chargen	19/tcp	Character Generator	
chargen	19/udp	Character Generator	
ftp-data	20/tcp	File Transfer [Default Data]	
ftp-data	20/udp	File Transfer [Default Data]	
#		Jon Postel <postel@isi.edu>	
ftp-data	20/sctp	FTP	
#		IETF TSVWG	
#		Randall Stewart <rrs@cisco.com>	
#		[RFC4960]	
ftp	21/tcp	File Transfer [Control]	
ftp	21/udp	File Transfer [Control]	
#		Jon Postel <postel@isi.edu>	
ftp	21/sctp	FTP	
#		IETF TSVWG	
#		Randall Stewart <rrs@cisco.com>	
#		[RFC4960]	
ssh	22/tcp	SSH Remote Login Protocol	
ssh	22/udp	SSH Remote Login Protocol	
#		Tatu Ylonen <ylo@cs.hut.fi>	
ssh	22/sctp	SSH	
#		IETF TSVWG	
#		Randall Stewart <rrs@cisco.com>	
#		[RFC4960]	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
telnet	23/tcp	Telnet	
telnet	23/udp	Telnet	
#		Jon Postel <postel&isi.edu>	
	24/tcp	any private mail system	
	24/udp	any private mail system	
#		Rick Adams <rick&UNET.UU.NET>	
smtp	25/tcp	Simple Mail Transfer	
smtp	25/udp	Simple Mail Transfer	
#		Jon Postel <postel&isi.edu>	
#	26/tcp	Unassigned	
#	26/udp	Unassigned	
nsw-fe	27/tcp	NSW User System FE	
nsw-fe	27/udp	NSW User System FE	
#		Robert Thomas <BThomas&F.BBN.COM>	
#	28/tcp	Unassigned	
#	28/udp	Unassigned	
msg-icp	29/tcp	MSG ICP	
msg-icp	29/udp	MSG ICP	
#		Robert Thomas <BThomas&F.BBN.COM>	
#	30/tcp	Unassigned	
#	30/udp	Unassigned	
msg-auth	31/tcp	MSG Authentication	
msg-auth	31/udp	MSG Authentication	
#		Robert Thomas <BThomas&F.BBN.COM>	
#	32/tcp	Unassigned	
#	32/udp	Unassigned	
dsp	33/tcp	Display Support Protocol	
dsp	33/udp	Display Support Protocol	
#		Ed Cain <cain&edn-unix.dca.mil>	
#	34/tcp	Unassigned	
#	34/udp	Unassigned	
	35/tcp	any private printer server	
	35/udp	any private printer server	
#		Jon Postel <postel&isi.edu>	
#	36/tcp	Unassigned	
#	36/udp	Unassigned	
time	37/tcp	Time	
time	37/udp	Time	
#		Jon Postel <postel&isi.edu>	
rap	38/tcp	Route Access Protocol	
rap	38/udp	Route Access Protocol	
#		Robert Ullmann <ariel&world.std.com>	
rlp	39/tcp	Resource Location Protocol	
rlp	39/udp	Resource Location Protocol	
#		Mike Accetta <MIKE.ACETTA&CMU-CS-A.EDU>	
#	40/tcp	Unassigned	
#	40/udp	Unassigned	
graphics	41/tcp	Graphics	
graphics	41/udp	Graphics	
name	42/tcp	Host Name Server	
name	42/udp	Host Name Server	
nameserver	42/tcp	Host Name Server	
nameserver	42/udp	Host Name Server	
nicname	43/tcp	Who Is	
nicname	43/udp	Who Is	
mpm-flags	44/tcp	MPM FLAGS Protocol	
mpm-flags	44/udp	MPM FLAGS Protocol	
mpm	45/tcp	Message Processing Module [recv]	
mpm	45/udp	Message Processing Module [recv]	
mpm-snd	46/tcp	MPM [default send]	
mpm-snd	46/udp	MPM [default send]	
#		Jon Postel <postel&isi.edu>	
ni-ftp	47/tcp	NI FTP	
ni-ftp	47/udp	NI FTP	
#		Steve Kille <S.Kille&isode.com>	
auditd	48/tcp	Digital Audit Daemon	
auditd	48/udp	Digital Audit Daemon	
#		Larry Scott <scott&zk3.dec.com>	
tacacs	49/tcp	Login Host Protocol (TACACS)	
tacacs	49/udp	Login Host Protocol (TACACS)	
#		Pieter Ditmars <pditmars&BBN.COM>	
re-mail-ck	50/tcp	Remote Mail Checking Protocol	
re-mail-ck	50/udp	Remote Mail Checking Protocol	
#		Steve Dorner <s-dorner&UIUC.EDU>	
la-maint	51/tcp	IMP Logical Address Maintenance	
la-maint	51/udp	IMP Logical Address Maintenance	
#		Andy Malis <malis_a&timeplex.com>	
xns-time	52/tcp	XNS Time Protocol	
xns-time	52/udp	XNS Time Protocol	
#		Susie Armstrong <Armstrong.wbst128@XEROX>	
domain	53/tcp	Domain Name Server	
domain	53/udp	Domain Name Server	
#		Paul Mockapetris <PVM&ISI.EDU>	
xns-ch	54/tcp	XNS Clearinghouse	
xns-ch	54/udp	XNS Clearinghouse	
#		Susie Armstrong <Armstrong.wbst128@XEROX>	
isi-gl	55/tcp	ISI Graphics Language	
isi-gl	55/udp	ISI Graphics Language	
xns-auth	56/tcp	XNS Authentication	
xns-auth	56/udp	XNS Authentication	
#		Susie Armstrong <Armstrong.wbst128@XEROX>	
#	57/tcp	any private terminal access	
#	57/udp	any private terminal access	
#		Jon Postel <postel&isi.edu>	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
xns-mail	58/tcp	XNS Mail	
xns-mail	58/udp	XNS Mail	
#	59/tcp	Susie Armstrong <Armstrong.wbst128@XEROX>	
	59/udp	any private file service	
#		any private file service	
		Jon Postel <postel@isi.edu>	
	60/tcp	Unassigned	
	60/udp	Unassigned	
ni-mail	61/tcp	NI MAIL	
ni-mail	61/udp	NI MAIL	
#		Steve Kille <S.Kille@isode.com>	
acas	62/tcp	ACA Services	
acas	62/udp	ACA Services	
#		E. Wald <ewald@via.enet.dec.com>	
whois++	63/tcp	whois++	
whois++	63/udp	whois++	
#		Rickard Schoultz <schoultz@snet.se>	
covia	64/tcp	Communications Integrator (CI)	
covia	64/udp	Communications Integrator (CI)	
#		Dan Smith <dan.smith@den.galileo.com>	
tacacs-ds	65/tcp	TACACS-Database Service	
tacacs-ds	65/udp	TACACS-Database Service	
#		Kathy Huber <khuber@bbn.com>	
sql*net	66/tcp	Oracle SQL*NET	
sql*net	66/udp	Oracle SQL*NET	
#		Jack Haverty <jhaverty@ORACLE.COM>	
bootps	67/tcp	Bootstrap Protocol Server	
bootps	67/udp	Bootstrap Protocol Server	
bootpc	68/tcp	Bootstrap Protocol Client	
bootpc	68/udp	Bootstrap Protocol Client	
#		Bill Croft <Croft@SUMEX-AIM.STANFORD.EDU>	
tftp	69/tcp	Trivial File Transfer	
tftp	69/udp	Trivial File Transfer	
#		David Clark <ddc@LCS.MIT.EDU>	
gopher	70/tcp	Gopher	
gopher	70/udp	Gopher	
#		Mark McCahill <mpm@boombox.micro.umn.edu>	
netrjs-1	71/tcp	Remote Job Service	
netrjs-1	71/udp	Remote Job Service	
netrjs-2	72/tcp	Remote Job Service	
netrjs-2	72/udp	Remote Job Service	
netrjs-3	73/tcp	Remote Job Service	
netrjs-3	73/udp	Remote Job Service	
netrjs-4	74/tcp	Remote Job Service	
netrjs-4	74/udp	Remote Job Service	
#		Bob Braden <Braden@ISI.EDU>	
	75/tcp	any private dial out service	
	75/udp	any private dial out service	
#		Jon Postel <postel@isi.edu>	
deos	76/tcp	Distributed External Object Store	
deos	76/udp	Distributed External Object Store	
#		Robert Ullmann <ariel@world.std.com>	
	77/tcp	any private RJE service	
	77/udp	any private RJE service	
#		Jon Postel <postel@isi.edu>	
vettcp	78/tcp	vettcp	
vettcp	78/udp	vettcp	
#		Christopher Leong <leong@kolmod.mlo.dec.com>	
finger	79/tcp	Finger	
finger	79/udp	Finger	
#		David Zimmerman <dpz@RUTGERS.EDU>	
http	80/tcp	World Wide Web HTTP	
http	80/udp	World Wide Web HTTP	
www	80/tcp	World Wide Web HTTP	
www	80/udp	World Wide Web HTTP	
www-http	80/tcp	World Wide Web HTTP	
www-http	80/udp	World Wide Web HTTP	
#		Tim Berners-Lee <timbl@W3.org>	
http	80/sctp	HTTP	
#		IETF TSVWG	
#		Randall Stewart <rrs@cisco.com>	
#		[RFC4960]	
#	81	Unassigned (Removed on 2007-09-06)	
xfer	82/tcp	XFER Utility	
xfer	82/udp	XFER Utility	
#		Thomas M. Smith <Thomas.M.Smith@lmco.com>	
mit-ml-dev	83/tcp	MIT ML Device	
mit-ml-dev	83/udp	MIT ML Device	
#		David Reed <--none-->	
ctf	84/tcp	Common Trace Facility	
ctf	84/udp	Common Trace Facility	
#		Hugh Thomas <thomas@oils.enet.dec.com>	
mit-ml-dev	85/tcp	MIT ML Device	
mit-ml-dev	85/udp	MIT ML Device	
#		David Reed <--none-->	
mfcbol	86/tcp	Micro Focus Cobol	
mfcbol	86/udp	Micro Focus Cobol	
#		Simon Edwards <--none-->	
	87/tcp	any private terminal link	
	87/udp	any private terminal link	
#		Jon Postel <postel@isi.edu>	
kerberos	88/tcp	Kerberos	
kerberos	88/udp	Kerberos	
#		B. Clifford Neuman <bcn@isi.edu>	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
su-mit-tg	89/tcp	SU/MIT Telnet Gateway	
su-mit-tg	89/udp	SU/MIT Telnet Gateway	
#		Mark Crispin <MRC&PANDA.COM>	
#####	90	being used unofficially by Pointcast	#####
dnsix	90/tcp	DNSIX Securit Attribute Token Map	
dnsix	90/udp	DNSIX Securit Attribute Token Map	
#		Charles Watt <watt&sware.com>	
mit-dov	91/tcp	MIT Dover Spooler	
mit-dov	91/udp	MIT Dover Spooler	
#		Eliot Moss <EBM&XX.LCS.MIT.EDU>	
npp	92/tcp	Network Printing Protocol	
npp	92/udp	Network Printing Protocol	
#		Louis Mamakos <Louie&sayshell.umd.edu>	
dcp	93/tcp	Device Control Protocol	
dcp	93/udp	Device Control Protocol	
#		Daniel Tappan <Tappan&BBN.COM>	
objcall	94/tcp	Tivoli Object Dispatcher	
objcall	94/udp	Tivoli Object Dispatcher	
#		Tom Bereiter <--none-->	
supdup	95/tcp	SUPDUP	
supdup	95/udp	SUPDUP	
#		Mark Crispin <MRC&PANDA.COM>	
dixie	96/tcp	DIXIE Protocol Specification	
dixie	96/udp	DIXIE Protocol Specification	
#		Tim Howes <Tim.Howes&terminator.cc.umich.edu>	
swift-rvf	97/tcp	Swift Remote Virtual File Protocol	
swift-rvf	97/udp	Swift Remote Virtual File Protocol	
#		Maurice R. Turcotte <mailrus!uf florida!rml!dnmrt%rmatl&uunet.UU.NET>	
tacnews	98/tcp	TAC News	
tacnews	98/udp	TAC News	
#		Jon Postel <postel&isi.edu>	
metagram	99/tcp	Metagram Relay	
metagram	99/udp	Metagram Relay	
#		Geoff Goodfellow <Geoff&FERNWOOD.MPK.CA.US>	
newacct	100/tcp	[unauthorized use]	
hostname	101/tcp	NIC Host Name Server	
hostname	101/udp	NIC Host Name Server	
#		Jon Postel <postel&isi.edu>	
iso-tsap	102/tcp	ISO-TSAP Class 0	
iso-tsap	102/udp	ISO-TSAP Class 0	
#		Marshall Rose <mrose&dbc.mtview.ca.us>	
gppitnp	103/tcp	Genesis Point-to-Point Trans Net	
gppitnp	103/udp	Genesis Point-to-Point Trans Net	
acr-nema	104/tcp	ACR-NEMA Digital Imag. & Comm. 300	
acr-nema	104/udp	ACR-NEMA Digital Imag. & Comm. 300	
#		Patrick McNamee <--none-->	
cso	105/tcp	CCSO name server protocol	
cso	105/udp	CCSO name server protocol	
#		Martin Hamilton <martin&mrrl.lut.as.uk>	
csnet-ns	105/tcp	Mailbox Name Nameserver	
csnet-ns	105/udp	Mailbox Name Nameserver	
#		Marvin Solomon <solomon&CS.WISC.EDU>	
3com-tsmux	106/tcp	3COM-TSMUX	
3com-tsmux	106/udp	3COM-TSMUX	
#		Jeremy Siegel <jzs&NSD.3Com.COM>	
#####	106	Unauthorized use by insecure poppassd protocol	
rtelnet	107/tcp	Remote Telnet Service	
rtelnet	107/udp	Remote Telnet Service	
#		Jon Postel <postel&isi.edu>	
snagas	108/tcp	SNA Gateway Access Server	
snagas	108/udp	SNA Gateway Access Server	
#		Kevin Murphy <murphy&sevens.lkg.dec.com>	
pop2	109/tcp	Post Office Protocol - Version 2	
pop2	109/udp	Post Office Protocol - Version 2	
#		Joyce K. Reynolds <jkrey&isi.edu>	
pop3	110/tcp	Post Office Protocol - Version 3	
pop3	110/udp	Post Office Protocol - Version 3	
#		Marshall Rose <mrose&dbc.mtview.ca.us>	
sunrpc	111/tcp	SUN Remote Procedure Call	
sunrpc	111/udp	SUN Remote Procedure Call	
#		Chuck McManis <cmcmans&freigate.net>	
mcidas	112/tcp	McIDAS Data Transmission Protocol	
mcidas	112/udp	McIDAS Data Transmission Protocol	
#		Glenn Davis <support&unidata.ucar.edu>	
ident	113/tcp	Authentication Service	
auth	113/tcp	Authentication Service	
auth	113/udp	Authentication Service	
#		Mike St. Johns <stjohns&arpa.mil>	
#	114	Deprecated June 2004	
sftp	115/tcp	Simple File Transfer Protocol	
sftp	115/udp	Simple File Transfer Protocol	
#		Mark Lottor <MKL&nisc.sri.com>	
ansanotify	116/tcp	ANSA REX Notify	
ansanotify	116/udp	ANSA REX Notify	
#		Nicola J. Howarth <njh&ansa.co.uk>	
uucp-path	117/tcp	UUCP Path Service	
uucp-path	117/udp	UUCP Path Service	
sqlserv	118/tcp	SQL Services	
sqlserv	118/udp	SQL Services	
#		Larry Barnes <barnes&broke.enet.dec.com>	
nntp	119/tcp	Network News Transfer Protocol	
nntp	119/udp	Network News Transfer Protocol	
#		Phil Lapsley <phil&UCBARPA.BERKELEY.EDU>	
cfdpkt	120/tcp	CFDPKT	
cfdpkt	120/udp	CFDPKT	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		John Ioannidis <ji&close.cs.columbia.ed>	
erpc	121/tcp	Encore Expedited Remote Pro.Call	
erpc	121/udp	Encore Expedited Remote Pro.Call	
#		Jack O'Neil <---none--->	
smakynet	122/tcp	SMAKYNET	
smakynet	122/udp	SMAKYNET	
#		Pierre Arnaud <pierre.arnaud&iname.com>	
ntp	123/tcp	Network Time Protocol	
ntp	123/udp	Network Time Protocol	
#		Dave Mills <Mills&HUEY.UDEL.EDU>	
ansatrader	124/tcp	ANSA REX Trader	
ansatrader	124/udp	ANSA REX Trader	
#		Nicola J. Howarth <njh&ansa.co.uk>	
locus-map	125/tcp	Locus PC-Interface Net Map Ser	
locus-map	125/udp	Locus PC-Interface Net Map Ser	
#		Eric Peterson <lcc.eric&SEAS.UCLA.EDU>	
nxedit	126/tcp	NXEdit	
nxedit	126/udp	NXEdit	
#		Don Payette <Don.Payette&unisis.com>	
#####Port	126	Previously assigned to application below#####	
#unitary	126/tcp	Unisis Unitary Login	
#unitary	126/udp	Unisis Unitary Login	
#		<feil&kronos.nisd.cam.unisis.com>	
#####Port	126	Previously assigned to application above#####	
locus-con	127/tcp	Locus PC-Interface Conn Server	
locus-con	127/udp	Locus PC-Interface Conn Server	
#		Eric Peterson <lcc.eric&SEAS.UCLA.EDU>	
gss-xlicen	128/tcp	GSS X License Verification	
gss-xlicen	128/udp	GSS X License Verification	
#		John Light <johnl&gssc.gss.com>	
pwdgen	129/tcp	Password Generator Protocol	
pwdgen	129/udp	Password Generator Protocol	
#		Frank J. Wacho <WANCHO&WSMR-SIMTEL20.ARMY.MIL>	
cisco-fna	130/tcp	cisco FNATIVE	
cisco-fna	130/udp	cisco FNATIVE	
cisco-tna	131/tcp	cisco TNATIVE	
cisco-tna	131/udp	cisco TNATIVE	
cisco-sys	132/tcp	cisco SYSMAINT	
cisco-sys	132/udp	cisco SYSMAINT	
statsrv	133/tcp	Statistics Service	
statsrv	133/udp	Statistics Service	
#		Dave Mills <Mills&HUEY.UDEL.EDU>	
ingres-net	134/tcp	INGRES-NET Service	
ingres-net	134/udp	INGRES-NET Service	
#		Mike Berrow <---none--->	
epmap	135/tcp	DCE endpoint resolution	
epmap	135/udp	DCE endpoint resolution	
#		Joe Pato <pato&apollo.hp.com>	
profile	136/tcp	PROFILE Naming System	
profile	136/udp	PROFILE Naming System	
#		Larry Peterson <ljp&ARIZONA.EDU>	
netbios-ns	137/tcp	NETBIOS Name Service	
netbios-ns	137/udp	NETBIOS Name Service	
netbios-dgm	138/tcp	NETBIOS Datagram Service	
netbios-dgm	138/udp	NETBIOS Datagram Service	
netbios-ssn	139/tcp	NETBIOS Session Service	
netbios-ssn	139/udp	NETBIOS Session Service	
#		Jon Postel <postel&isi.edu>	
emfis-data	140/tcp	EMFIS Data Service	
emfis-data	140/udp	EMFIS Data Service	
emfis-cntl	141/tcp	EMFIS Control Service	
emfis-cntl	141/udp	EMFIS Control Service	
#		Gerd Beling <GBELING&ISI.EDU>	
bl-idm	142/tcp	Britton-Lee IDM	
bl-idm	142/udp	Britton-Lee IDM	
#		Susie Snitzer <---none--->	
imap	143/tcp	Internet Message Access Protocol	
imap	143/udp	Internet Message Access Protocol	
#		Mark Crispin <MRC&CAC.Washington.EDU>	
uma	144/tcp	Universal Management Architecture	
uma	144/udp	Universal Management Architecture	
#		Jay Whitney <jw&powercenter.com>	
uaac	145/tcp	UAAC Protocol	
uaac	145/udp	UAAC Protocol	
#		David A. Gomberg <gomberg&GATEWAY.MITRE.ORG>	
iso-tp0	146/tcp	ISO-IPO	
iso-tp0	146/udp	ISO-IPO	
iso-ip	147/tcp	ISO-IP	
iso-ip	147/udp	ISO-IP	
#		Marshall Rose <mrose&dbc.mtview.ca.us>	
jargon	148/tcp	Jargon	
jargon	148/udp	Jargon	
#		Bill Weinman <wew&bearnnet.com>	
aed-512	149/tcp	AED 512 Emulation Service	
aed-512	149/udp	AED 512 Emulation Service	
#		Albert G. Broscius <broscius&DSL.CIS.UPENN.EDU>	
sql-net	150/tcp	SQL-NET	
sql-net	150/udp	SQL-NET	
#		Martin Picard <---none--->	
hems	151/tcp	HEMS	
hems	151/udp	HEMS	
bftp	152/tcp	Background File Transfer Program	
bftp	152/udp	Background File Transfer Program	
#		Annette DeSchon <DESCHON&ISI.EDU>	
sgmp	153/tcp	SGMP	
sgmp	153/udp	SGMP	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Marty Schoffstahl <schoff&NISC.NYSER.NET>	
netsc-prod	154/tcp	NETSC	
netsc-prod	154/udp	NETSC	
netsc-dev	155/tcp	NETSC	
netsc-dev	155/udp	NETSC	
#		Sergio Heker <heker&JVNC.CSC.ORG>	
sqlsrv	156/tcp	SQL Service	
sqlsrv	156/udp	SQL Service	
#		Craig Rogers <Rogers&ISI.EDU>	
knet-cmp	157/tcp	KNET/VM Command/Message Protocol	
knet-cmp	157/udp	KNET/VM Command/Message Protocol	
#		Gary S. Malkin <GMALKIN&XYLOGICS.COM>	
pcmail-srv	158/tcp	PCMail Server	
pcmail-srv	158/udp	PCMail Server	
#		Mark L. Lambert <markl&PTT.LCS.MIT.EDU>	
nss-routing	159/tcp	NSS-Routing	
nss-routing	159/udp	NSS-Routing	
#		Yakov Rekhter <Yakov&IBM.COM>	
sgmp-traps	160/tcp	SGMP-TRAPS	
sgmp-traps	160/udp	SGMP-TRAPS	
#		Marty Schoffstahl <schoff&NISC.NYSER.NET>	
snmp	161/tcp	SNMP	
snmp	161/udp	SNMP	
snmptrap	162/tcp	SNMPTRAP	
snmptrap	162/udp	SNMPTRAP	
#		Marshall Rose <mrose&dbc.mtview.ca.us>	
cmip-man	163/tcp	CMIP/TCP Manager	
cmip-man	163/udp	CMIP/TCP Manager	
cmip-agent	164/tcp	CMIP/TCP Agent	
cmip-agent	164/udp	CMIP/TCP Agent	
#		Amatzia Ben-Artzi <---none--->	
xns-courier	165/tcp	Xerox	
xns-courier	165/udp	Xerox	
#		Susie Armstrong <Armstrong.wbst128&XEROX.COM>	
s-net	166/tcp	Sirius Systems	
s-net	166/udp	Sirius Systems	
#		Brian Lloyd <brian&lloyd.com>	
namp	167/tcp	NAMP	
namp	167/udp	NAMP	
#		Marty Schoffstahl <schoff&NISC.NYSER.NET>	
rsvd	168/tcp	RSVD	
rsvd	168/udp	RSVD	
#		Neil Todd <mcvax!ist.co.uk!neil&UUNET.UU.NET>	
send	169/tcp	SEND	
send	169/udp	SEND	
#		William D. Wisner <wisner&HAYES.FAI.ALASKA.EDU>	
print-srv	170/tcp	Network PostScript	
print-srv	170/udp	Network PostScript	
#		Brian Reid <reid&DECWRL.DEC.COM>	
multiplex	171/tcp	Network Innovations Multiplex	
multiplex	171/udp	Network Innovations Multiplex	
cl/1	172/tcp	Network Innovations CL/1	
cl/1	172/udp	Network Innovations CL/1	
#		Kevin DeVault <---none--->	
xplex-mux	173/tcp	Xyplex	
xplex-mux	173/udp	Xyplex	
#		Bob Stewart <STEWART&XYPLEX.COM>	
mailq	174/tcp	MAILQ	
mailq	174/udp	MAILQ	
#		Rayan Zachariassen <rayan&AI.TORONTO.EDU>	
vmnet	175/tcp	VMNET	
vmnet	175/udp	VMNET	
#		Christopher Tengi <tengi&Princeton.EDU>	
genrad-mux	176/tcp	GENRAD-MUX	
genrad-mux	176/udp	GENRAD-MUX	
#		Ron Thornton <thornton&qm7501.genrad.com>	
xdmcp	177/tcp	X Display Manager Control Protocol	
xdmcp	177/udp	X Display Manager Control Protocol	
#		Robert W. Scheifler <RWS&XX.LCS.MIT.EDU>	
nextstep	178/tcp	NextStep Window Server	
nextstep	178/udp	NextStep Window Server	
#		Leo Hourvitz <leo&NEXT.COM>	
bgp	179/tcp	Border Gateway Protocol	
bgp	179/udp	Border Gateway Protocol	
#		Kirk Lougheed <LOUGHEED&MATHOM.CISCO.COM>	
bgp	179/sctp	BGP	
#		IETF TSVWG	
#		Randall Stewart <rrs&cisco.com>	
#		[RFC4960]	
ris	180/tcp	Intergraph	
ris	180/udp	Intergraph	
#		Dave Buehmann <ingr!dave&UUNET.UU.NET>	
unify	181/tcp	Unify	
unify	181/udp	Unify	
#		Mark Ainsley <ianaportmaster&unify.com>	
audit	182/tcp	Unisys Audit SITP	
audit	182/udp	Unisys Audit SITP	
#		Gil Greenbaum <gcole&nisd.cam.unisys.com>	
ocbinder	183/tcp	OCBinder	
ocbinder	183/udp	OCBinder	
ocserver	184/tcp	OCServer	
ocserver	184/udp	OCServer	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Jerrilynn Okamura <--none-->	
remote-kis	185/tcp	Remote-KIS	
remote-kis	185/udp	Remote-KIS	
kis	186/tcp	KIS Protocol	
kis	186/udp	KIS Protocol	
#		Ralph Droms <rdroms@NRI.RESTON.VA.US>	
aci	187/tcp	Application Communication Interface	
aci	187/udp	Application Communication Interface	
#		Rick Carlos <rick.ticipa.csc.ti.com>	
mumps	188/tcp	Plus Five's MUMPS	
mumps	188/udp	Plus Five's MUMPS	
#		Hokey Stenn <hokey@PLUS5.COM>	
qft	189/tcp	Queued File Transport	
qft	189/udp	Queued File Transport	
#		Wayne Schroeder <schroeder@SDS.SDSC.EDU>	
gacp	190/tcp	Gateway Access Control Protocol	
gacp	190/udp	Gateway Access Control Protocol	
#		C. Philip Wood <cpw@LANL.GOV>	
prospero	191/tcp	Prospero Directory Service	
prospero	191/udp	Prospero Directory Service	
#		B. Clifford Neuman <bcn@isi.edu>	
osu-nms	192/tcp	OSU Network Monitoring System	
osu-nms	192/udp	OSU Network Monitoring System	
#		Doug Karl <KARL-D@OSU-20.IRCC.OHIO-STATE.EDU>	
srm	193/tcp	Spider Remote Monitoring Protocol	
srm	193/udp	Spider Remote Monitoring Protocol	
#		Ted J. Socolofsky <Teds@SPIDER.CO.UK>	
irc	194/tcp	Internet Relay Chat Protocol	
irc	194/udp	Internet Relay Chat Protocol	
#		Jarkko Oikarinen <jto@TOLSUN.OULU.FI>	
dn6-nlm-aud	195/tcp	DNSIX Network Level Module Audit	
dn6-nlm-aud	195/udp	DNSIX Network Level Module Audit	
dn6-smm-red	196/tcp	DNSIX Session Mgt Module Audit Redir	
dn6-smm-red	196/udp	DNSIX Session Mgt Module Audit Redir	
#		Lawrence Lebahn <DIA3@PAXRV-NES.NAVY.MIL>	
dls	197/tcp	Directory Location Service	
dls	197/udp	Directory Location Service	
dls-mon	198/tcp	Directory Location Service Monitor	
dls-mon	198/udp	Directory Location Service Monitor	
#		Scott Bellew <smb@cs.purdue.edu>	
smux	199/tcp	SMUX	
smux	199/udp	SMUX	
#		Marshall Rose <mrose@dbc.mtview.ca.us>	
src	200/tcp	IBM System Resource Controller	
src	200/udp	IBM System Resource Controller	
#		Gerald McBrearty <--none-->	
at-rtmp	201/tcp	AppleTalk Routing Maintenance	
at-rtmp	201/udp	AppleTalk Routing Maintenance	
at-nbp	202/tcp	AppleTalk Name Binding	
at-nbp	202/udp	AppleTalk Name Binding	
at-3	203/tcp	AppleTalk Unused	
at-3	203/udp	AppleTalk Unused	
at-echo	204/tcp	AppleTalk Echo	
at-echo	204/udp	AppleTalk Echo	
at-5	205/tcp	AppleTalk Unused	
at-5	205/udp	AppleTalk Unused	
at-zis	206/tcp	AppleTalk Zone Information	
at-zis	206/udp	AppleTalk Zone Information	
at-7	207/tcp	AppleTalk Unused	
at-7	207/udp	AppleTalk Unused	
at-8	208/tcp	AppleTalk Unused	
at-8	208/udp	AppleTalk Unused	
#		Rob Chandhok <chandhok@gnome.cs.cmu.edu>	
qmt	209/tcp	The Quick Mail Transfer Protocol	
qmt	209/udp	The Quick Mail Transfer Protocol	
#		Dan Bernstein <djb@silverton.berkeley.edu>	
z39.50	210/tcp	ANSI Z39.50	
z39.50	210/udp	ANSI Z39.50	
#		Mark H. Needleman <mark@sirsi.com>	
914c/g	211/tcp	Texas Instruments 914C/G Terminal	
914c/g	211/udp	Texas Instruments 914C/G Terminal	
#		Bill Harrell <--none-->	
anet	212/tcp	ATEXSSTR	
anet	212/udp	ATEXSSTR	
#		Jim Taylor <taylor@heart.epps.kodak.com>	
ipx	213/tcp	IPX	
ipx	213/udp	IPX	
#		Don Provan <donp@xlnvax.novell.com>	
vmpwscs	214/tcp	VM PWSCS	
vmpwscs	214/udp	VM PWSCS	
#		Dan Shia <dset!shia@uunet.UU.NET>	
softpc	215/tcp	Insignia Solutions	
softpc	215/udp	Insignia Solutions	
#		Martyn Thomas <--none-->	
CAIlic	216/tcp	Computer Associates Int'l License Server	
CAIlic	216/udp	Computer Associates Int'l License Server	
#		Chuck Spitz <spich04@cai.com>	
dbase	217/tcp	dBASE Unix	
dbase	217/udp	dBASE Unix	
#		Don Gibson	
#		<sequent!aero!twinsun!ashtate.A-T.COM!dong@uunet.UU.NET>	
mpp	218/tcp	Netix Message Posting Protocol	
mpp	218/udp	Netix Message Posting Protocol	
#		Shannon Yeh <yeh@netix.com>	
uarps	219/tcp	Unisys ARPs	
uarps	219/udp	Unisys ARPs	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Ashok Marwaha <---none---	
imap3	220/tcp	Interactive Mail Access Protocol v3	
imap3	220/udp	Interactive Mail Access Protocol v3	
#		James Rice <RICE&SUMEX-AIM.STANFORD.EDU>	
fln-spx	221/tcp	Berkeley rlogind with SPX auth	
fln-spx	221/udp	Berkeley rlogind with SPX auth	
rsh-spx	222/tcp	Berkeley rshd with SPX auth	
rsh-spx	222/udp	Berkeley rshd with SPX auth	
cdc	223/tcp	Certificate Distribution Center	
cdc	223/udp	Certificate Distribution Center	
#		Kannan Alagappan <kannan&sejour.enet.dec.com>	
#####		Possible Conflict of Port 222 with "Masqdiabler"#####	
###		Contact for Masqdiabler is Charles Wright <cpwright&villagenet.com>###	
masqdiabler	224/tcp	masqdiabler	
masqdiabler	224/udp	masqdiabler	
#		Charles Wright <cpwright&villagenet.com>	
#	225-241	Reserved	
#		Jon Postel <postel&isi.edu>	
direct	242/tcp	Direct	
direct	242/udp	Direct	
#		Herb Sutter <Herbs&cntc.com>	
sur-meas	243/tcp	Survey Measurement	
sur-meas	243/udp	Survey Measurement	
#		Dave Clark <ddc&LCS.MIT.EDU>	
inbusiness	244/tcp	inbusiness	
inbusiness	244/udp	inbusiness	
#		Derrick Hisatake <derrick.i.hisatake&intel.com>	
link	245/tcp	LINK	
link	245/udp	LINK	
dsp3270	246/tcp	Display Systems Protocol	
dsp3270	246/udp	Display Systems Protocol	
#		Weldon J. Showalter <Gamma&MINTAKA.DCA.MIL>	
subntbcst_tftp	247/tcp	SUBNTBCST_TFTP	
subntbcst_tftp	247/udp	SUBNTBCST_TFTP	
#		John Fake <fake&us.ibm.com>	
bhfh	248/tcp	bhfh	
bhfh	248/udp	bhfh	
#		John Kelly <johnk&bellhow.com>	
#	249-255	Reserved	
#		Jon Postel <postel&isi.edu>	
rap	256/tcp	RAP	
rap	256/udp	RAP	
#		J.S. Greenfield <greeny&raleigh.ibm.com>	
set	257/tcp	Secure Electronic Transaction	
set	257/udp	Secure Electronic Transaction	
#		Donald Eastlake <dee3&torque.pothole.com>	
#	258	Unassigned (Removed 2006-09-13)	
esro-gen	259/tcp	Efficient Short Remote Operations	
esro-gen	259/udp	Efficient Short Remote Operations	
#		Mohsen Banan <mohsen&rostam.neda.com>	
openport	260/tcp	Openport	
openport	260/udp	Openport	
#		John Marland <jmarland&dean.openport.com>	
nsiiops	261/tcp	IIOP Name Service over TLS/SSL	
nsiiops	261/udp	IIOP Name Service over TLS/SSL	
#		Jeff Stewart <jstewart&netscape.com>	
arcisdms	262/tcp	Arcisdms	
arcisdms	262/udp	Arcisdms	
#		Russell Crook (rmc&snl.ca)	
hdap	263/tcp	HDAP	
hdap	263/udp	HDAP	
#		Troy Gau <troy&zyxel.com>	
bgmp	264/tcp	BGMP	
bgmp	264/udp	BGMP	
#		Dave Thaler <thalerd&eeecs.umich.edu>	
x-bone-ctl	265/tcp	X-Bone CTL	
x-bone-ctl	265/udp	X-Bone CTL	
#		Joe Touch <touch&isi.edu>	
sst	266/tcp	SCSI on ST	
sst	266/udp	SCSI on ST	
#		Donald D. Woelz <don&genroco.com>	
td-service	267/tcp	Tobit David Service Layer	
td-service	267/udp	Tobit David Service Layer	
td-replica	268/tcp	Tobit David Replica	
td-replica	268/udp	Tobit David Replica	
#		Franz-Josef Leuders <development&tobit.com>	
manet	269/tcp	MANET Protocols	
manet	269/udp	MANET Protocols	[RFC-ietf-manet-iana-07.txt]
#	270-279	Unassigned	
http-mgmt	280/tcp	http-mgmt	
http-mgmt	280/udp	http-mgmt	
#		Adrian Pell	
#		<PELL_ADRIAN/HP-UnitedKingdom_om6&hplb.hpl.hp.com>	
personal-link	281/tcp	Personal Link	
personal-link	281/udp	Personal Link	
#		Dan Cummings <doc&cnr.com>	
cableport-ax	282/tcp	Cable Port A/X	
cableport-ax	282/udp	Cable Port A/X	
#		Craig Langfahl <Craig_J_Langfahl&ccm.ch.intel.com>	
rescap	283/tcp	rescap	
rescap	283/udp	rescap	
#		Paul Hoffman <phoffman&imc.org>	
corerjd	284/tcp	corerjd	
corerjd	284/udp	corerjd	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Chris Thornhill <port_contact&cjt.ca>	
#	285	Unassigned	
fxp	286/tcp	FXP Communication	
fxp	286/udp	FXP Communication	
#		James Darnall <james_r_darnall@sbcglobal.net>	
k-block	287/tcp	K-BLOCK	
k-block	287/udp	K-BLOCK	
#		Simon P Jackson <jacko&kring.co.uk>	
#	288-307	Unassigned	
Novastorbakcup	308/tcp	Novastor Backup	
Novastorbakcup	308/udp	Novastor Backup	
#		Brian Dickman <brian&novastor.com>	
entrusttime	309/tcp	EntrustTime	
entrusttime	309/udp	EntrustTime	
#		Peter Whittaker <pww&entrust.com>	
bhmds	310/tcp	bhmds	
bhmds	310/udp	bhmds	
#		John Kelly <johnk&bellhow.com>	
asip-webadmin	311/tcp	AppleShare IP WebAdmin	
asip-webadmin	311/udp	AppleShare IP WebAdmin	
#		Ann Huang <annhuang@apple.com>	
vslnp	312/tcp	VSLMP	
vslnp	312/udp	VSLMP	
#		Gerben Wierda <Gerben_Wierda&RnA.nl>	
magenta-logic	313/tcp	Magenta Logic	
magenta-logic	313/udp	Magenta Logic	
#		Karl Rousseau <kr&netfusion.co.uk>	
opalis-robot	314/tcp	Opalis Robot	
opalis-robot	314/udp	Opalis Robot	
#		Laurent Domenech, Opalis <ldomenech&opalis.com>	
dpsi	315/tcp	DPSI	
dpsi	315/udp	DPSI	
#		Tony Scamurra <Tony&DesktopPaging.com>	
decauth	316/tcp	decAuth	
decauth	316/udp	decAuth	
#		Michael Agishtein <misha&unx.dec.com>	
zannet	317/tcp	Zannet	
zannet	317/udp	Zannet	
#		Zan Oliphant <zan&accessone.com>	
pkix-timestamp	318/tcp	PKIX TimeStamp	
pkix-timestamp	318/udp	PKIX TimeStamp	
#		Robert Zuccherato <robert.zuccherato&entrust.com>	
ptp-event	319/tcp	PTP Event	
ptp-event	319/udp	PTP Event	
ptp-general	320/tcp	PTP General	
ptp-general	320/udp	PTP General	
#		John Eidson <eidson&hpl.hp.com>	
pip	321/tcp	PIP	
pip	321/udp	PIP	
#		Gordon Mohr <gojomo&usa.net>	
rtsp	322/tcp	RTSPS	
rtsp	322/udp	RTSPS	
#		Anders Klemets <andersklµsoft.com>	
#	323-332	Unassigned	
texar	333/tcp	Texar Security Port	
texar	333/udp	Texar Security Port	
#		Eugen Bacic <ebacic&texar.com>	
#	334-343	Unassigned	
pdap	344/tcp	Prospero Data Access Protocol	
pdap	344/udp	Prospero Data Access Protocol	
#		B. Clifford Neuman <bcn&isi.edu>	
pawserv	345/tcp	Perf Analysis Workbench	
pawserv	345/udp	Perf Analysis Workbench	
zserv	346/tcp	Zebra server	
zserv	346/udp	Zebra server	
faterv	347/tcp	Fatmen Server	
faterv	347/udp	Fatmen Server	
csi-sgwp	348/tcp	Cabletron Management Protocol	
csi-sgwp	348/udp	Cabletron Management Protocol	
mftp	349/tcp	mftp	
mftp	349/udp	mftp	
#		Dave Feinleib <davefeµsoft.com>	
matip-type-a	350/tcp	MATIP Type A	
matip-type-a	350/udp	MATIP Type A	
matip-type-b	351/tcp	MATIP Type B	
matip-type-b	351/udp	MATIP Type B	
#		Alain Robert <arobert&par.sita.int>	
# The following entry records an unassigned but widespread use			
bhoetty	351/tcp	bhoetty (added 5/21/97)	
bhoetty	351/udp	bhoetty	
#		John Kelly <johnk&bellhow.com>	
dtag-ste-sb	352/tcp	DTAG (assigned long ago)	
dtag-ste-sb	352/udp	DTAG	
#		Ruediger Wald <wald&ez-darms.td.telekom.de>	
# The following entry records an unassigned but widespread use			
bhoedap4	352/tcp	bhoedap4 (added 5/21/97)	
bhoedap4	352/udp	bhoedap4	
#		John Kelly <johnk&bellhow.com>	
ndsauth	353/tcp	NDSAUTH	
ndsauth	353/udp	NDSAUTH	
#		Jayakumar Ramalingam <jayakumar&novell.com>	
bh611	354/tcp	bh611	
bh611	354/udp	bh611	
#		John Kelly <johnk&bellhow.com>	
datex-asn	355/tcp	DATEX-ASN	
datex-asn	355/udp	DATEX-ASN	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Kenneth Vaughn <kvaughn@mail.viggen.com>	
cloanto-net-1	356/tcp	Cloanto Net 1	
cloanto-net-1	356/udp	Cloanto Net 1	
#		Michael Battilana <mcb-iana@cloanto.com>	
bhevent	357/tcp	bhevent	
bhevent	357/udp	bhevent	
#		John Kelly <johnk@bellhow.com>	
shrinkwrap	358/tcp	Shrinkwrap	
shrinkwrap	358/udp	Shrinkwrap	
#		Bill Simpson <wsimpson@greendragon.com>	
nsrmp	359/tcp	Network Security Risk Management Protocol	
nsrmp	359/udp	Network Security Risk Management Protocol	
#		Eric Jacksch <jacksch@tenebris.ca>	
scoi2odialog	360/tcp	scoi2odialog	
scoi2odialog	360/udp	scoi2odialog	
#		Keith Petley <keithp@sco.COM>	
semantix	361/tcp	Semantix	
semantix	361/udp	Semantix	
#		Semantix <xSupport@semantix.com>	
srssend	362/tcp	SRS Send	
srssend	362/udp	SRS Send	
#		Curt Mayer <curt@emergent.com>	
rsvp_tunnel	363/tcp	RSVP Tunnel	
rsvp_tunnel	363/udp	RSVP Tunnel	
#		Andreas Terzis <terzis@cs.ucla.edu>	
aurora-cmgr	364/tcp	Aurora CMGR	
aurora-cmgr	364/udp	Aurora CMGR	
#		Philip Budne <budne@auroratech.com>	
dtk	365/tcp	DTK	
dtk	365/udp	DTK	
#		Fred Cohen <fc@all.net>	
odmr	366/tcp	ODMR	
odmr	366/udp	ODMR	
#		Randall Gellens <randy@qualcomm.com>	
Mortgageware	367/tcp	MortgageWare	
Mortgageware	367/udp	MortgageWare	
#		Ole Hellevik <oleh@interlinq.com>	
qbikgdp	368/tcp	ObikGDP	
qbikgdp	368/udp	ObikGDP	
#		Adrien de Croy <adrien@qbik.com>	
rpc2portmap	369/tcp	rpc2portmap	
rpc2portmap	369/udp	rpc2portmap	
codaaauth2	370/tcp	codaaauth2	
codaaauth2	370/udp	codaaauth2	
#		Robert Watson <robert@cyrus.watson.org>	
clearcase	371/tcp	Clearcase	
clearcase	371/udp	Clearcase	
#		Dave LeBlang <lelang@atria.com>	
ulistproc	372/tcp	ListProcessor	
ulistproc	372/udp	ListProcessor	
#		Anastasios Kotsikonas <tasos@cs.bu.edu>	
legent-1	373/tcp	Legent Corporation	
legent-1	373/udp	Legent Corporation	
legent-2	374/tcp	Legent Corporation	
legent-2	374/udp	Legent Corporation	
#		Keith Boyce <---none--->	
hassle	375/tcp	Hassle	
hassle	375/udp	Hassle	
#		Reinhard Doelz <doelz@comp.bioz.unibas.ch>	
nip	376/tcp	Amiga Envoy Network Inquiry Proto	
nip	376/udp	Amiga Envoy Network Inquiry Proto	
#		Heinz Wrobel <hwrobel@gmx.de>	
tnETOS	377/tcp	NEC Corporation	
tnETOS	377/udp	NEC Corporation	
dsETOS	378/tcp	NEC Corporation	
dsETOS	378/udp	NEC Corporation	
#		Tomoo Fujita <tf@arc.bsl.fc.nec.co.jp>	
is99c	379/tcp	TIA/EIA/IS-99 modem client	
is99c	379/udp	TIA/EIA/IS-99 modem client	
is99s	380/tcp	TIA/EIA/IS-99 modem server	
is99s	380/udp	TIA/EIA/IS-99 modem server	
#		Frank Quick <fquick@qualcomm.com>	
hp-collector	381/tcp	hp performance data collector	
hp-collector	381/udp	hp performance data collector	
hp-managed-node	382/tcp	hp performance data managed node	
hp-managed-node	382/udp	hp performance data managed node	
hp-alarm-mgr	383/tcp	hp performance data alarm manager	
hp-alarm-mgr	383/udp	hp performance data alarm manager	
#		Frank Blakely <frankb@hpptc16.rose.hp.com>	
arns	384/tcp	A Remote Network Server System	
arns	384/udp	A Remote Network Server System	
#		David Hornsby <djh@munnari.OZ.AU>	
ibm-app	385/tcp	IBM Application	
ibm-app	385/udp	IBM Application	
#		Lisa Tomita <---none--->	
asa	386/tcp	ASA Message Router Object Def.	
asa	386/udp	ASA Message Router Object Def.	
#		Steve Laitinen <laitinen@brutus.aa.ab.com>	
aurp	387/tcp	Appletalk Update-Based Routing Pro.	
aurp	387/udp	Appletalk Update-Based Routing Pro.	
#		Chris Ranch <cranch@novell.com>	
unidata-ldm	388/tcp	Unidata LDM	
unidata-ldm	388/udp	Unidata LDM	
#		Glenn Davis <support@unidata.ucar.edu>	
ldap	389/tcp	Lightweight Directory Access Protocol	
ldap	389/udp	Lightweight Directory Access Protocol	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Tim Howes <Tim.Howes@terminator.cc.umich.edu>	
uis	390/tcp	UIS	
uis	390/udp	UIS	
#		Ed Barron <---none--- ></td <td></td>	
synotics-relay	391/tcp	SynOptics SNMP Relay Port	
synotics-relay	391/udp	SynOptics SNMP Relay Port	
synotics-broker	392/tcp	SynOptics Port Broker Port	
synotics-broker	392/udp	SynOptics Port Broker Port	
#		Illan Raab <iraab@synoptics.com>	
meta5	393/tcp	Meta5	
meta5	393/udp	Meta5	
#		Jim Kanzler <jim.kanzler@meta5.com>	
embl-ndt	394/tcp	EMBL Nucleic Data Transfer	
embl-ndt	394/udp	EMBL Nucleic Data Transfer	
#		Peter Gad <peter@bmc.uu.se>	
netcp	395/tcp	NETscout Control Protocol	
netcp	395/udp	NETscout Control Protocol	
#		Anil Singhal <---none--- ></td <td></td>	
netware-ip	396/tcp	Novell Netware over IP	
netware-ip	396/udp	Novell Netware over IP	
mptn	397/tcp	Multi Protocol Trans. Net.	
mptn	397/udp	Multi Protocol Trans. Net.	
#		Soumitra Sarkar <sarkar@vnet.ibm.com>	
kryptolan	398/tcp	Kryptolan	
kryptolan	398/udp	Kryptolan	
#		Peter de Laval <pdl@sectra.se>	
iso-tsap-c2	399/tcp	ISO Transport Class 2 Non-Control over TCP	
iso-tsap-c2	399/udp	ISO Transport Class 2 Non-Control over UDP	
#		Yanick Pouffary <pouffary@taec.enet.dec.com>	
work-sol	400/tcp	Workstation Solutions	
work-sol	400/udp	Workstation Solutions	
#		Jim Ward <jimw@worksta.com>	
ups	401/tcp	Uninterruptible Power Supply	
ups	401/udp	Uninterruptible Power Supply	
#		Charles Bennett <chuck@benatong.com>	
genie	402/tcp	Genie Protocol	
genie	402/udp	Genie Protocol	
#		Mark Hankin <---none--- ></td <td></td>	
decap	403/tcp	decap	
decap	403/udp	decap	
nced	404/tcp	nced	
nced	404/udp	nced	
ncld	405/tcp	ncld	
ncld	405/udp	ncld	
#		Richard Jones <---none--- ></td <td></td>	
imsp	406/tcp	Interactive Mail Support Protocol	
imsp	406/udp	Interactive Mail Support Protocol	
#		John Myers <jgm@cmu.edu>	
timbuktu	407/tcp	Timbuktu	
timbuktu	407/udp	Timbuktu	
#		Marc Epard <marc@netopia.com>	
prm-sm	408/tcp	Prospero Resource Manager Sys. Man.	
prm-sm	408/udp	Prospero Resource Manager Sys. Man.	
prm-nm	409/tcp	Prospero Resource Manager Node Man.	
prm-nm	409/udp	Prospero Resource Manager Node Man.	
#		B. Clifford Neuman <bcn@isi.edu>	
decladebug	410/tcp	DECLadebug Remote Debug Protocol	
decladebug	410/udp	DECLadebug Remote Debug Protocol	
#		Anthony Berent <anthony.berent@reo.mts.dec.com>	
rmt	411/tcp	Remote MT Protocol	
rmt	411/udp	Remote MT Protocol	
#		Peter Eriksson <pen@lysator.liu.se>	
synotics-trap	412/tcp	Trap Convention Port	
synotics-trap	412/udp	Trap Convention Port	
#		Illan Raab <iraab@synoptics.com>	
smsp	413/tcp	Storage Management Services Protocol	
smsp	413/udp	Storage Management Services Protocol	
#		Murthy Srinivas <murthy@novell.com>	
infoseek	414/tcp	InfoSeek	
infoseek	414/udp	InfoSeek	
#		Steve Kirsch <stk@infoseek.com>	
bnet	415/tcp	BNet	
bnet	415/udp	BNet	
#		Jim Mertz <JMertz+RV09@rvdc.unisys.com>	
silverplatter	416/tcp	Silverplatter	
silverplatter	416/udp	Silverplatter	
#		Peter Ciuffetti <petec@silverplatter.com>	
onmux	417/tcp	Onmux	
onmux	417/udp	Onmux	
#		Stephen Hanna <hanna@world.std.com>	
hyper-g	418/tcp	Hyper-G	
hyper-g	418/udp	Hyper-G	
#		Frank Kappe <fkappe@iicm.tu-graz.ac.at>	
ariel1	419/tcp	Ariel 1	
ariel1	419/udp	Ariel 1	
#		Joel Karafin <jkarafin@infotrieve.com>	
smpte	420/tcp	SMPTE	
smpte	420/udp	SMPTE	
#		Si Becker <71362.22@CompuServe.COM>	
ariel2	421/tcp	Ariel 2	
ariel2	421/udp	Ariel 2	
ariel3	422/tcp	Ariel 3	
ariel3	422/udp	Ariel 3	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Joel Karafin <jkarafin@infotrieve.com>	
opc-job-start	423/tcp	IBM Operations Planning and Control Start	
opc-job-start	423/udp	IBM Operations Planning and Control Start	
opc-job-track	424/tcp	IBM Operations Planning and Control Track	
opc-job-track	424/udp	IBM Operations Planning and Control Track	
#		Conny Larsson <cocke@VNET.IBM.COM>	
icad-el	425/tcp	ICAD	
icad-el	425/udp	ICAD	
#		Larry Stone <lcs@icad.com>	
smartsdp	426/tcp	smartsdp	
smartsdp	426/udp	smartsdp	
#		Marie-Pierre Belanger <belanger_marie@emc.com>	
svrloc	427/tcp	Server Location	
svrloc	427/udp	Server Location	
#		<vezades@ftp.com>	
ocs_cmu	428/tcp	OCS_CMU	
ocs_cmu	428/udp	OCS_CMU	
ocs_amu	429/tcp	OCS_AMU	
ocs_amu	429/udp	OCS_AMU	
#		Florence Wyman <wyman@peabody.plk.af.mil>	
utmpsd	430/tcp	UTMPSD	
utmpsd	430/udp	UTMPSD	
utmpcd	431/tcp	UTMPCD	
utmpcd	431/udp	UTMPCD	
iasd	432/tcp	IASD	
iasd	432/udp	IASD	
#		Nir Baroz <nbaroz@encore.com>	
nnsdp	433/tcp	NNSP	
nnsdp	433/udp	NNSP	
#		Rob Robertson <rob@gangrene.berkeley.edu>	
mobileip-agent	434/tcp	MobileIP-Agent	
mobileip-agent	434/udp	MobileIP-Agent	
mobileip-mn	435/tcp	MobileIP-MN	
mobileip-mn	435/udp	MobileIP-MN	
#		Kannan Alagappan <kannan@sejour.lkg.dec.com>	
dna-cml	436/tcp	DNA-CML	
dna-cml	436/udp	DNA-CML	
#		Dan Flowers <flowers@smaug.lkg.dec.com>	
comscm	437/tcp	comscm	
comscm	437/udp	comscm	
#		Jim Teague <teague@zso.dec.com>	
dsfgw	438/tcp	dsfgw	
dsfgw	438/udp	dsfgw	
#		Andy McKeen <mckeen@osf.org>	
dasp	439/tcp	dasp Thomas Obermair	
dasp	439/udp	dasp tommy@inlab.m.eunet.de	
#		Thomas Obermair <tommy@inlab.m.eunet.de>	
sgcp	440/tcp	sgcp	
sgcp	440/udp	sgcp	
#		Marshall Rose <mrose@dbc.mtview.ca.us>	
decvms-sysmgt	441/tcp	decvms-sysmgt	
decvms-sysmgt	441/udp	decvms-sysmgt	
#		Lee Barton <barton@star.enet.dec.com>	
cvc_hostd	442/tcp	cvc_hostd	
cvc_hostd	442/udp	cvc_hostd	
#		Bill Davidson <billd@equalizer.cray.com>	
https	443/tcp	http protocol over TLS/SSL	
https	443/udp	http protocol over TLS/SSL	
#		Kipp E.B. Hickman <kipp@mcom.com>	
https	443/sctp	HTTPS	
#		IETF TSVWG	
#		Randall Stewart <rrs@cisco.com>	
#		[RFC4960]	
snpp	444/tcp	Simple Network Paging Protocol	
snpp	444/udp	Simple Network Paging Protocol	
#		[RFC1568]	
microsoft-ds	445/tcp	Microsoft-DS	
microsoft-ds	445/udp	Microsoft-DS	
#		Pradeep Bahl <pradeepb@microsoft.com>	
ddm-rdb	446/tcp	DDM-Remote Relational Database Access	
ddm-rdb	446/udp	DDM-Remote Relational Database Access	
ddm-dfm	447/tcp	DDM-Distributed File Management	
ddm-dfm	447/udp	DDM-Distributed File Management	
#		Steven Ritland <srr@us.ibm.com>	
ddm-ssl	448/tcp	DDM-Remote DB Access Using Secure Sockets	
ddm-ssl	448/udp	DDM-Remote DB Access Using Secure Sockets	
#		Steven Ritland <srr@us.ibm.com>	
as-servermap	449/tcp	AS Server Mapper	
as-servermap	449/udp	AS Server Mapper	
#		Barbara Foss <BGFOSS@rchvmv.vnet.ibm.com>	
tserver	450/tcp	Computer Supported Telecommunication Applications	
tserver	450/udp	Computer Supported Telecommunication Applications	
#		Harvey S. Schultz <harvey@acm.org>	
sfs-smp-net	451/tcp	Cray Network Semaphore server	
sfs-smp-net	451/udp	Cray Network Semaphore server	
sfs-config	452/tcp	Cray SFS config server	
sfs-config	452/udp	Cray SFS config server	
#		Walter Poxon <wdp@ironwood.cray.com>	
creativeserver	453/tcp	CreativeServer	
creativeserver	453/udp	CreativeServer	
contentserver	454/tcp	ContentServer	
contentserver	454/udp	ContentServer	
creativepartnr	455/tcp	CreativePartnr	
creativepartnr	455/udp	CreativePartnr	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Jesus Ortiz <jesus_ortiz@emotion.com>	
macon-tcp	456/tcp	macon-tcp	
macon-udp	456/udp	macon-udp	
#		Yoshinobu Inoue	
scohelp	457/tcp	<shin@hodaka.mfd.cs.fujitsu.co.jp>	
scohelp	457/udp	scohelp	
#		Faith Zack <faith@sco.com>	
appleqt	458/tcp	apple quick time	
appleqt	458/udp	apple quick time	
#		Murali Ranganathan	
ampr-rcmd	459/tcp	<murali_ranganathan@quickmail.apple.com>	
ampr-rcmd	459/udp	ampr-rcmd	
#		Rob Janssen <rob@sys3.pelchl.ampr.org>	
skronk	460/tcp	skronk	
skronk	460/udp	skronk	
#		Henry Strickland <strick@yak.net>	
datasurfsrv	461/tcp	DataRampSrv	
datasurfsrv	461/udp	DataRampSrv	
datasurfsrvsec	462/tcp	DataRampSrvSec	
datasurfsrvsec	462/udp	DataRampSrvSec	
#		Diane Downie <downie@jibe.MV.COM>	
alpes	463/tcp	alpes	
alpes	463/udp	alpes	
#		Alain Durand <Alain.Durand@imag.fr>	
kpasswd	464/tcp	kpasswd	
kpasswd	464/udp	kpasswd	
#		Theodore Ts'o <tytso@MIT.EDU>	
urd	465/tcp	URL Rendesvous Directory for SSM	
igmpv3lite	465/udp	IGMP over UDP for SSM	
#		Toerless Eckert <eckert@cisco.com>	
digital-vrc	466/tcp	digital-vrc	
digital-vrc	466/udp	digital-vrc	
#		Peter Higginson <higginson@mail.dec.com>	
mylex-mapd	467/tcp	mylex-mapd	
mylex-mapd	467/udp	mylex-mapd	
#		Gary Lewis <GaryL@hq.mylex.com>	
proturis	468/tcp	proturis	
proturis	468/udp	proturis	
#		Bill Simpson <Bill.Simpson@um.cc.umich.edu>	
rcp	469/tcp	Radio Control Protocol	
rcp	469/udp	Radio Control Protocol	
#		Jim Jennings +1-708-538-7241	
scx-proxy	470/tcp	scx-proxy	
scx-proxy	470/udp	scx-proxy	
#		Scott Narveson <sjn@cray.com>	
mondex	471/tcp	Mondex	
mondex	471/udp	Mondex	
#		Bill Reding <reding@nwdt.natwest.co.uk>	
ljk-login	472/tcp	ljk-login	
ljk-login	472/udp	ljk-login	
#		LJK Software, Cambridge, Massachusetts	
#		<support@ljk.com>	
hybrid-pop	473/tcp	hybrid-pop	
hybrid-pop	473/udp	hybrid-pop	
#		Rami Rubin <rami@hybrid.com>	
tn-tl-w1	474/tcp	tn-tl-w1	
tn-tl-w2	474/udp	tn-tl-w2	
#		Ed Kress <eskress@thinknet.com>	
tcpnethaspsrv	475/tcp	tcpnethaspsrv	
tcpnethaspsrv	475/udp	tcpnethaspsrv	
#		Charlie Hava <charlie@aladdin.co.il>	
tn-tl-fdl	476/tcp	tn-tl-fdl	
tn-tl-fdl	476/udp	tn-tl-fdl	
#		Ed Kress <eskress@thinknet.com>	
ss7ns	477/tcp	ss7ns	
ss7ns	477/udp	ss7ns	
#		Jean-Michel URSCH <ursch@taec.enet.dec.com>	
spsc	478/tcp	spsc	
spsc	478/udp	spsc	
#		Mike Rieker <mike@sp32.com>	
iafserver	479/tcp	iafserver	
iafserver	479/udp	iafserver	
iafdbase	480/tcp	iafdbase	
iafdbase	480/udp	iafdbase	
#		ricky@solect.com <Rick Yazwinski>	
ph	481/tcp	Ph service	
ph	481/udp	Ph service	
#		Roland Hedberg <Roland.Hedberg@umdac.umu.se>	
bgs-nsi	482/tcp	bgs-nsi	
bgs-nsi	482/udp	bgs-nsi	
#		Jon Saperia <saperia@bgs.com>	
ulpnet	483/tcp	ulpnet	
ulpnet	483/udp	ulpnet	
#		Kevin Mooney <kevin@bfs.unibol.com>	
integra-sme	484/tcp	Integra Software Management Environment	
integra-sme	484/udp	Integra Software Management Environment	
#		Randall Dow <rand@randix.m.isr.de>	
powerburst	485/tcp	Air Soft Power Burst	
powerburst	485/udp	Air Soft Power Burst	
#		<gary@airsoft.com>	
avian	486/tcp	avian	
avian	486/udp	avian	
#		Robert Ullmann	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		<Robert_Ullmann/CAM/Lotus.LOTUS&crd.lotus.com>	
saft	487/tcp	saft Simple Asynchronous File Transfer	
saft	487/udp	saft Simple Asynchronous File Transfer	
#		Ulli Horlacher <framstag&rus.uni-stuttgart.de>	
gss-http	488/tcp	gss-http	
gss-http	488/udp	gss-http	
#		Doug Rosenthal <rosenthl&krypton.einet.net>	
nest-protocol	489/tcp	nest-protocol	
nest-protocol	489/udp	nest-protocol	
#		Gilles Gameiro <ggameiro&birdland.com>	
micom-pfs	490/tcp	micom-pfs	
micom-pfs	490/udp	micom-pfs	
#		David Misunas <DMisunas&micom.com>	
go-login	491/tcp	go-login	
go-login	491/udp	go-login	
#		Troy Morrison <troy&graphon.com>	
ticf-1	492/tcp	Transport Independent Convergence for FNA	
ticf-1	492/udp	Transport Independent Convergence for FNA	
ticf-2	493/tcp	Transport Independent Convergence for FNA	
ticf-2	493/udp	Transport Independent Convergence for FNA	
#		Mamoru Ito <Ito&penet.ks.pfu.co.jp>	
pov-ray	494/tcp	POV-Ray	
pov-ray	494/udp	POV-Ray	
#		POV-Team Co-ordinator	
#		<iana-port.remove-spamguard&povray.org>	
intecourier	495/tcp	intecourier	
intecourier	495/udp	intecourier	
#		Steve Favor <sfavor&tigger.intecom.com>	
pim-rp-disc	496/tcp	PIM-RP-DISC	
pim-rp-disc	496/udp	PIM-RP-DISC	
#		Dino Farinacci <dino&cisco.com>	
dantz	497/tcp	dantz	
dantz	497/udp	dantz	
#		Richard Zulch <richard_zulch&dantz.com>	
siam	498/tcp	siam	
siam	498/udp	siam	
#		Philippe Gilbert <pgilbert&cal.fr>	
iso-ill	499/tcp	ISO ILL Protocol	
iso-ill	499/udp	ISO ILL Protocol	
#		Mark H. Needleman <markn&sirsi.com>	
isakmp	500/tcp	isakmp	
isakmp	500/udp	isakmp	
#		Mark Schertler <mjs&tycho.ncsc.mil>	
stmf	501/tcp	STMF	
stmf	501/udp	STMF	
#		Alan Ungar <aungar&faradyne.com>	
asa-appl-PROTO	502/tcp	asa-appl-PROTO	
asa-appl-PROTO	502/udp	asa-appl-PROTO	
#		Dennis Dube <ddube&modicon.com>	
intrinsic	503/tcp	Intrinsic	
intrinsic	503/udp	Intrinsic	
#		Robert Ford <robert&intrinsic.com>	
citadel	504/tcp	citadel	
citadel	504/udp	citadel	
#		Art Cancro <ajc&uncensored.citadel.org>	
mailbox-lm	505/tcp	mailbox-lm	
mailbox-lm	505/udp	mailbox-lm	
#		Beverly Moody <Beverly_Moody&stercomm.com>	
ohimsv	506/tcp	ohimsv	
ohimsv	506/udp	ohimsv	
#		Scott Powell <spowell&openhorizon.com>	
crs	507/tcp	crs	
crs	507/udp	crs	
#		Brad Wright <bradwrµsoft.com>	
xvttp	508/tcp	xvttp	
xvttp	508/udp	xvttp	
#		Keith J. Alphonso <alphonso&nsc-ssc.com>	
snare	509/tcp	snare	
snare	509/udp	snare	
#		Dennis Batchelder <dennis&capres.com>	
fcf	510/tcp	FirstClass Protocol	
fcf	510/udp	FirstClass Protocol	
#		Mike Marshburn <paul&softarc.com>	
passgo	511/tcp	PassGo	
passgo	511/udp	PassGo	
#		John Rainford <jrainford&passgo.com>	
exec	512/tcp	remote process execution;	
#		authentication performed using	
#		passwords and UNIX login names	
comsat	512/udp	used by mail system to notify users	
biff	512/udp	of new mail received; currently	
#		receives messages only from	
#		processes on the same machine	
login	513/tcp	remote login a la telnet;	
#		automatic authentication performed	
#		based on privileged port numbers	
#		and distributed data bases which	
#		identify "authentication domains"	
who	513/udp	maintains data bases showing who's	
#		logged in to machines on a local	
#		net and the load average of the	
#		machine	
shell	514/tcp	cmd	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		like exec, but automatic authentication is performed as for login server	
#			
syslog	514/udp		
printer	515/tcp	spooler	
printer	515/udp	spooler	
videotex	516/tcp	videotex	
videotex	516/udp	videotex	
#		Daniel Mavrakis <system&venus.mctel.fr>	
talk	517/tcp	like tenex link, but across machine - unfortunately, doesn't use link protocol (this is actually just a rendezvous port from which a tcp connection is established)	
#			
#			
talk	517/udp	like tenex link, but across machine - unfortunately, doesn't use link protocol (this is actually just a rendezvous port from which a tcp connection is established)	
#			
#			
ntalk	518/tcp		
ntalk	518/udp		
utime	519/tcp	unixtime	
utime	519/udp	unixtime	
efs	520/tcp	extended file name server	
router	520/udp	local routing process (on site); uses variant of Xerox NS routing information protocol - RIP	
#			
ripng	521/tcp	ripng	
ripng	521/udp	ripng	
#		Robert E. Minnear <minnear&epsilon.com>	
ulp	522/tcp	ULP	
ulp	522/udp	ULP	
#		Max Morris <maxm&MICROSOFT.com>	
ibm-db2	523/tcp	IBM-DB2	
ibm-db2	523/udp	IBM-DB2	
#		Juliana Hsu <jhsu&ca.ibm.com>	
ncp	524/tcp	NCP	
ncp	524/udp	NCP	
#		Don Provan <donp&sjf.novell.com>	
timed	525/tcp	timeserver	
timed	525/udp	timeserver	
tempo	526/tcp	newdate	
tempo	526/udp	newdate	
#		Unknown	
stx	527/tcp	Stock IXChange	
stx	527/udp	Stock IXChange	
custix	528/tcp	Customer IXChange	
custix	528/udp	Customer IXChange	
#		Ferdi Ladeira <ferdil&fraxion.biz>	
irc-serv	529/tcp	IRC-SERV	
irc-serv	529/udp	IRC-SERV	
#		Brian Tackett <cym&acrux.net>	
courier	530/tcp	rpc	
courier	530/udp	rpc	
conference	531/tcp	chat	
conference	531/udp	chat	
netnews	532/tcp	readnews	
netnews	532/udp	readnews	
netwall	533/tcp	for emergency broadcasts	
netwall	533/udp	for emergency broadcasts	
#		Andreas Heidemann <a.heidemann&ais-gmbh.de>	
windream	534/tcp	windream Admin	
windream	534/udp	windream Admin	
#		Uwe Honermann <u.honermann&windream.com>	
iiop	535/tcp	iiop	
iiop	535/udp	iiop	
#		Jeff M. Michaud <michaud&zk3.dec.com>	
opalis-rdv	536/tcp	opalis-rdv	
opalis-rdv	536/udp	opalis-rdv	
#		Laurent Domenech <ldomenech&opalis.com>	
nmsp	537/tcp	Networked Media Streaming Protocol	
nmsp	537/udp	Networked Media Streaming Protocol	
#		Paul Santinelli Jr. <psantinelli&narrative.com>	
gdomap	538/tcp	gdomap	
gdomap	538/udp	gdomap	
#		Richard Frith-Macdonald <richard&brainstorm.co.uk>	
apertus-ldp	539/tcp	Apertus Technologies Load Determination	
apertus-ldp	539/udp	Apertus Technologies Load Determination	
uucp	540/tcp	uucpd	
uucp	540/udp	uucpd	
uucp-rlogin	541/tcp	uucp-rlogin	
uucp-rlogin	541/udp	uucp-rlogin	
#		Stuart Lynne <sl&wimsey.com>	
commerce	542/tcp	commerce	
commerce	542/udp	commerce	
#		Randy Epstein <repstein&hostleasing.net>	
klogin	543/tcp		
klogin	543/udp		
kshell	544/tcp	krcmd	
kshell	544/udp	krcmd	
appleqtcsrvr	545/tcp	appleqtcsrvr	
appleqtcsrvr	545/udp	appleqtcsrvr	
#		Murali Ranganathan <Murali.Ranganathan&quickmail.apple.com>	
dhcpv6-client	546/tcp	DHCPv6 Client	
dhcpv6-client	546/udp	DHCPv6 Client	
dhcpv6-server	547/tcp	DHCPv6 Server	
dhcpv6-server	547/udp	DHCPv6 Server	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Jim Bound <bound&zk3.dec.com>	
afpovertcp	548/tcp	AFP over TCP	
afpovertcp	548/udp	AFP over TCP	
#		Leland Wallace <randall@apple.com>	
idfp	549/tcp	IDFP	
idfp	549/udp	IDFP	
#		Ramana Kovi <ramana&kovi.com>	
new-rwho	550/tcp	new-who	
new-rwho	550/udp	new-who	
cybercash	551/tcp	cybercash	
cybercash	551/udp	cybercash	
#		Donald E. Eastlake 3rd <dee&cybercash.com>	
devshr-nts	552/tcp	DeviceShare	
devshr-nts	552/udp	DeviceShare	
#		Benjamin Rosenberg <brosenberg&advsyscon.com>	
pirp	553/tcp	pirp	
pirp	553/udp	pirp	
#		D. J. Bernstein <djb&silvertan.berkeley.edu>	
rtsp	554/tcp	Real Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP)	
rtsp	554/udp	Real Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP)	
#		Rob Lanphier <robla&prognnet.com>	
dsf	555/tcp		
dsf	555/udp		
remotefs	556/tcp	rfs server	
remotefs	556/udp	rfs server	
openvms-sysipc	557/tcp	openvms-sysipc	
openvms-sysipc	557/udp	openvms-sysipc	
#		Alan Potter <potter&movies.enet.dec.com>	
sdnskmp	558/tcp	SDNSKMP	
sdnskmp	558/udp	SDNSKMP	
teedtap	559/tcp	TEEDTAP	
teedtap	559/udp	TEEDTAP	
#		Charlie Limoges <Charlie.Limoges&GDC4S.com>	
rmonitor	560/tcp	rmonitord	
rmonitor	560/udp	rmonitord	
monitor	561/tcp		
monitor	561/udp		
chshell	562/tcp	chcmd	
chshell	562/udp	chcmd	
nntps	563/tcp	nntp protocol over TLS/SSL (was snntp)	
nntps	563/udp	nntp protocol over TLS/SSL (was snntp)	
#		Kipp E.B. Hickman <kipp&netscape.com>	
9pfs	564/tcp	plan 9 file service	
9pfs	564/udp	plan 9 file service	
whoami	565/tcp	whoami	
whoami	565/udp	whoami	
streettalk	566/tcp	streettalk	
streettalk	566/udp	streettalk	
banyan-rpc	567/tcp	banyan-rpc	
banyan-rpc	567/udp	banyan-rpc	
#		Tom Lemaire <toml&banyan.com>	
ms-shuttle	568/tcp	microsoft shuttle	
ms-shuttle	568/udp	microsoft shuttle	
#		Rudolph Balaz <rudolphbµsoft.com>	
ms-rome	569/tcp	microsoft rome	
ms-rome	569/udp	microsoft rome	
#		Rudolph Balaz <rudolphbµsoft.com>	
meter	570/tcp	demon	
meter	570/udp	demon	
meter	571/tcp	udemon	
meter	571/udp	udemon	
sonar	572/tcp	sonar	
sonar	572/udp	sonar	
#		Keith Moore <moore&cs.utk.edu>	
banyan-vip	573/tcp	banyan-vip	
banyan-vip	573/udp	banyan-vip	
#		Denis Leclerc <DLeclerc&banyan.com>	
ftp-agent	574/tcp	FTP Software Agent System	
ftp-agent	574/udp	FTP Software Agent System	
#		Michael S. Greenberg <arnoff&ftp.com>	
vemmi	575/tcp	VEMMI	
vemmi	575/udp	VEMMI	
#		Daniel Mavrakis <mavrakis&mctel.fr>	
ipcd	576/tcp	ipcd	
ipcd	576/udp	ipcd	
vnas	577/tcp	vnas	
vnas	577/udp	vnas	
ipdd	578/tcp	ipdd	
ipdd	578/udp	ipdd	
#		Jay Farhat <jfarhat&ipass.com>	
decbsrv	579/tcp	decbsrv	
decbsrv	579/udp	decbsrv	
#		Rudi Martin <movies::martin"@movies.enet.dec.com>	
snmp-heartbeat	580/tcp	SNTP HEARTBEAT	
snmp-heartbeat	580/udp	SNTP HEARTBEAT	
#		Louis Mamakos <louie&uu.net>	
bdp	581/tcp	Bundle Discovery Protocol	
bdp	581/udp	Bundle Discovery Protocol	
#		Gary Malkin <gmalkin&xylogics.com>	
scc-security	582/tcp	SCC Security	
scc-security	582/udp	SCC Security	
#		Prashant Dholakia <prashant&semaphorecom.com>	
philips-vc	583/tcp	Philips Video-Conferencing	
philips-vc	583/udp	Philips Video-Conferencing	
#		Janna Chang <janna&pmc.philips.com>	
keyserver	584/tcp	Key Server	
keyserver	584/udp	Key Server	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Gary Howland <gary@systemics.com>	
#	585	De-registered (25 April 2006)	
#		Use of 585 is not recommended, use 993 instead	
password-chg	586/tcp	Password Change	
password-chg	586/udp	Password Change	
submission	587/tcp	Submission	
submission	587/udp	Submission	
#		[RFC4409]	
cal	588/tcp	CAL	
cal	588/udp	CAL	
#		Myron Hattig <Myron_Hattig@ccm.jf.intel.com>	
eyelink	589/tcp	EyeLink	
eyelink	589/udp	EyeLink	
#		Dave Stampe <dstampe@psych.toronto.edu>	
tns-cml	590/tcp	TNS CML	
tns-cml	590/udp	TNS CML	
#		Jerome Albin <albin@taec.enet.dec.com>	
http-alt	591/tcp	FileMaker, Inc. - HTTP Alternate (see Port 80)	
http-alt	591/udp	FileMaker, Inc. - HTTP Alternate (see Port 80)	
#		Clay Maeckel <clay_maeckel@filemaker.com>	
eudora-set	592/tcp	Eudora Set	
eudora-set	592/udp	Eudora Set	
#		Randall Gellens <randy@qualcomm.com>	
http-rpc-epmap	593/tcp	HTTP RPC Ep Map	
http-rpc-epmap	593/udp	HTTP RPC Ep Map	
#		Edward Reus <edwardr@microsoft.com>	
tpip	594/tcp	TPIP	
tpip	594/udp	TPIP	
#		Brad Spear <spear@platinum.com>	
cab-protocol	595/tcp	CAB Protocol	
cab-protocol	595/udp	CAB Protocol	
#		Winston Hetherington	
smsd	596/tcp	SMDS	
smsd	596/udp	SMDS	
#		Wayne Barlow <web@unix.dec.com>	
Ptcnameservice	597/tcp	PTC Name Service	
Ptcnameservice	597/udp	PTC Name Service	
#		Yuri Machkasov <yuri@ptc.com>	
sco-websrvrmg3	598/tcp	SCO Web Server Manager 3	
sco-websrvrmg3	598/udp	SCO Web Server Manager 3	
#		Simon Baldwin <simonb@sco.com>	
acp	599/tcp	Aeolon Core Protocol	
acp	599/udp	Aeolon Core Protocol	
#		Michael Alyn Miller <iana@aeolon.com>	
ipcserver	600/tcp	Sun IPC server	
ipcserver	600/udp	Sun IPC server	
#		Bill Schiefelbein <schief@aspen.cray.com>	
syslog-conn	601/tcp	Reliable Syslog Service	
syslog-conn	601/udp	Reliable Syslog Service	
#		RFC 3195	
xmlrpc-beep	602/tcp	XML-RPC over BEEP	
xmlrpc-beep	602/udp	XML-RPC over BEEP	
#		RFC3529 <ftp://ftp.isi.edu/in-notes/rfc3529.txt> March 2003	
idxp	603/tcp	IDXP	
idxp	603/udp	IDXP	
#		RFC4767	
tunnel	604/tcp	TUNNEL	
tunnel	604/udp	TUNNEL	
#		RFC3620	
soap-beep	605/tcp	SOAP over BEEP	
soap-beep	605/udp	SOAP over BEEP	
#		RFC3288 <ftp://ftp.isi.edu/in-notes/rfc3288.txt> April 2002	
urm	606/tcp	Cray Unified Resource Manager	
urm	606/udp	Cray Unified Resource Manager	
nqs	607/tcp	nqs	
nqs	607/udp	nqs	
#		Bill Schiefelbein <schief@aspen.cray.com>	
sift-uft	608/tcp	Sender-Initiated/Unsolicited File Transfer	
sift-uft	608/udp	Sender-Initiated/Unsolicited File Transfer	
#		Rick Troth <troth@rice.edu>	
npmp-trap	609/tcp	npmp-trap	
npmp-trap	609/udp	npmp-trap	
npmp-local	610/tcp	npmp-local	
npmp-local	610/udp	npmp-local	
npmp-gui	611/tcp	npmp-gui	
npmp-gui	611/udp	npmp-gui	
#		John Barnes <jbarnes@crl.com>	
hmmp-ind	612/tcp	HMMP Indication	
hmmp-ind	612/udp	HMMP Indication	
hmmp-op	613/tcp	HMMP Operation	
hmmp-op	613/udp	HMMP Operation	
#		Andrew Sinclair <andrsin@microsoft.com>	
sshell	614/tcp	SSLshell	
sshell	614/udp	SSLshell	
#		Simon J. Gerraty <sjg@quick.com.au>	
sco-inetmgr	615/tcp	Internet Configuration Manager	
sco-inetmgr	615/udp	Internet Configuration Manager	
sco-sysmgr	616/tcp	SCO System Administration Server	
sco-sysmgr	616/udp	SCO System Administration Server	
sco-dtmgr	617/tcp	SCO Desktop Administration Server	
sco-dtmgr	617/udp	SCO Desktop Administration Server	
#		Christopher Durham <chrisdu@sco.com>	
dei-icda	618/tcp	DEI-ICDA	
dei-icda	618/udp	DEI-ICDA	
#		David Turner <digital@Quetico.tbaytel.net>	
compaq-evm	619/tcp	Compaq EVM	
compaq-evm	619/udp	Compaq EVM	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Jem Treadwell <Jem.Treadwell@compaq.com>	
sco-websrvrmgr	620/tcp	SCO WebServer Manager	
sco-websrvrmgr	620/udp	SCO WebServer Manager	
#		Christopher Durham <chrisdu@sco.com>	
escp-ip	621/tcp	ESCP	
escp-ip	621/udp	ESCP	
#		Lai Zit Seng <lzs@pobox.com>	
Collaborator	622/tcp	Collaborator	
Collaborator	622/udp	Collaborator	
#		Johnson Davis <johnsond@opteamasoft.com>	
oob-ws-http	623/tcp	DMTF out-of-band web services management protocol	
#		Jim Davis <jim.davis@wbemsolutions.com> June 2007	
asf-rmcp	623/udp	ASF Remote Management and Control Protocol	
#		Carl First <Carl.L.First@intel.com>	
cryptoadmin	624/tcp	Crypto Admin	
cryptoadmin	624/udp	Crypto Admin	
#		Tony Walker <tony@cryptocard.com>	
dec_dlm	625/tcp	DEC DLM	
dec_dlm	625/udp	DEC DLM	
#		Rudi Martin <Rudi.Martin@edo.mts.dec.com>	
asia	626/tcp	ASIA	
asia	626/udp	ASIA	
#		Michael Dasenbrock <dasenbro@apple.com>	
passgo-tivoli	627/tcp	PassGo Tivoli	
passgo-tivoli	627/udp	PassGo Tivoli	
#		John Rainford <john.rainford@passgo.com>	
qmcp	628/tcp	QMOP	
qmcp	628/udp	QMOP	
#		Dan Bernstein <djb@cr.yt.to>	
3com-amp3	629/tcp	3Com AMP3	
3com-amp3	629/udp	3Com AMP3	
#		Prakash Banthia <prakash_banthia@3com.com>	
rda	630/tcp	RDA	
rda	630/udp	RDA	
#		John Hadjioannou <john@minster.co.uk>	
ipp	631/tcp	IPP (Internet Printing Protocol)	
ipp	631/udp	IPP (Internet Printing Protocol)	
#		Carl-Uno Manros <manros@cp10.es.xerox.com>	
bmpp	632/tcp	bmpp	
bmpp	632/udp	bmpp	
#		Troy Rollo <troy@kroll.corvu.com.au>	
servstat	633/tcp	Service Status update (Sterling Software)	
servstat	633/udp	Service Status update (Sterling Software)	
#		Greg Rose <Greg_Rose@sydney.sterling.com>	
ginad	634/tcp	ginad	
ginad	634/udp	ginad	
#		Mark Crother <mark@eis.calstate.edu>	
rlzdbase	635/tcp	RLZ DBase	
rlzdbase	635/udp	RLZ DBase	
#		Michael Ginn <ginn@tyxar.com>	
ldaps	636/tcp	ldap protocol over TLS/SSL (was sldap)	
ldaps	636/udp	ldap protocol over TLS/SSL (was sldap)	
#		Pat Richard <patr@xcert.com>	
lanserver	637/tcp	lanserver	
lanserver	637/udp	lanserver	
#		Chris Larsson <clarsson@VNET.IBM.COM>	
mcns-sec	638/tcp	mcns-sec	
mcns-sec	638/udp	mcns-sec	
#		Kaz Ozawa <k.ozawa@cablelabs.com>	
msdp	639/tcp	MSDP	
msdp	639/udp	MSDP	
#		Dino Farinacci <dino@cisco.com>	
entrust-sps	640/tcp	entrust-sps	
entrust-sps	640/udp	entrust-sps	
#		Marek Buchler <Marek.Buchler@entrust.com>	
repcmd	641/tcp	repcmd	
repcmd	641/udp	repcmd	
#		Scott Dale <scott@Replicase.com>	
esro-emsdp	642/tcp	ESRO-EMSDP V1.3	
esro-emsdp	642/udp	ESRO-EMSDP V1.3	
#		Mohsen Banan <mohsen@neda.com>	
sanity	643/tcp	SANity	
sanity	643/udp	SANity	
#		Peter Viscarola <PeterGV@osr.com>	
dwr	644/tcp	dwr	
dwr	644/udp	dwr	
#		Bill Fenner <fenner@parc.xerox.com>	
pssc	645/tcp	PSSC	
pssc	645/udp	PSSC	
#		Egon Meier-Engelen <egon.meier-engelen@dlr.de>	
ldp	646/tcp	LDP	
ldp	646/udp	LDP	
#		Bob Thomas <rhthomas@cisco.com>	
dhcp-failover	647/tcp	DHCP Failover	
dhcp-failover	647/udp	DHCP Failover	
#		Bernard Volz <volz@cisco.com>	
rrp	648/tcp	Registry Registrar Protocol (RRP)	
rrp	648/udp	Registry Registrar Protocol (RRP)	
#		Scott Hollenbeck <shollenb@netsol.com>	
cadview-3d	649/tcp	Cadview-3d - streaming 3d models over the internet	
cadview-3d	649/udp	Cadview-3d - streaming 3d models over the internet	
#		David Cooper <david.cooper@oracle.com>	
obex	650/tcp	OBEX	
obex	650/udp	OBEX	
#		Jeff Garbers <FJG030@email.mot.com>	
ieee-mms	651/tcp	IEEE MMS	
ieee-mms	651/udp	IEEE MMS	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Curtis Anderson <canderson@turbolinux.com>	
hello-port	652/tcp	HELLO_PORT	
hello-port	652/udp	HELLO_PORT	
#		Patrick Capiere <Patrick.Capiere@UDcast.com>	
repcmd	653/tcp	RepCmd	
repcmd	653/udp	RepCmd	
#		Scott Dale <scott@tioga.com>	
aodv	654/tcp	AODV	
aodv	654/udp	AODV	
#		Charles Perkins <cperkins@eng.sun.com>	
tinc	655/tcp	TINC	
tinc	655/udp	TINC	
#		Ivo Timmermans <itimmermans@bigfoot.com>	
spmp	656/tcp	SPMP	
spmp	656/udp	SPMP	
#		Jakob Kaivo <jkaivo@nodomainname.net>	
rmc	657/tcp	RMC	
rmc	657/udp	RMC	
#		Michael Schmidt <mmaass@us.ibm.com>	
tenfold	658/tcp	TenFold	
tenfold	658/udp	TenFold	
#		Louis Olszyk <lolszyk@10fold.com>	
#	659	Removed (2001-06-06)	
mac-srvr-admin	660/tcp	MacOS Server Admin	
mac-srvr-admin	660/udp	MacOS Server Admin	
#		Forest Hill <forest@apple.com>	
hap	661/tcp	HAP	
hap	661/udp	HAP	
#		Igor Plotnikov <igor@uroam.com>	
pftp	662/tcp	PFTP	
pftp	662/udp	PFTP	
#		Ben Schluricke <support@pftp.de>	
purenoise	663/tcp	PureNoise	
purenoise	663/udp	PureNoise	
#		Sam Osa <pristine@mailcity.com>	
oob-ws-https	664/tcp	DMTF out-of-band secure web services management protocol	
#		Jim Davis <jim.davis@wbmsolutions.com> June 2007	
asf-secure-rmcp	664/udp	ASF Secure Remote Management and Control Protocol	
#		Carl First <Carl.L.First@intel.com>	
sun-dr	665/tcp	Sun DR	
sun-dr	665/udp	Sun DR	
#		Harinder Bhasin <Harinder.Bhasin@Sun.COM>	
mdqs	666/tcp	doom Id Software	
mdqs	666/udp	doom Id Software	
doom	666/tcp	<ddt@idcube.idsoftware.com>	
doom	666/udp	<ddt@idcube.idsoftware.com>	
#		campaign contribution disclosures - SDR Technologies	
disclose	667/tcp	campaign contribution disclosures - SDR Technologies	
disclose	667/udp	campaign contribution disclosures - SDR Technologies	
#		Jim Dixon <jim@lambda.com>	
mecomm	668/tcp	MeComm	
mecomm	668/udp	MeComm	
meregister	669/tcp	MeRegister	
meregister	669/udp	MeRegister	
#		Armin Sawusch <armin@esdl.esd.de>	
vacdsm-sws	670/tcp	VACDSM-SWS	
vacdsm-sws	670/udp	VACDSM-SWS	
vacdsm-app	671/tcp	VACDSM-APP	
vacdsm-app	671/udp	VACDSM-APP	
vpps-qua	672/tcp	VPPS-QUA	
vpps-qua	672/udp	VPPS-QUA	
cimplex	673/tcp	CIMPLEX	
cimplex	673/udp	CIMPLEX	
#		Ulysses G. Smith Jr. <ugsmith@cesl.com>	
acap	674/tcp	ACAP	
acap	674/udp	ACAP	
#		Chris Newman <chris.newman@sun.com>	
dctp	675/tcp	DCTP	
dctp	675/udp	DCTP	
#		Andre Kramer <Andre.Kramer@ansa.co.uk>	
vpps-via	676/tcp	VPPS Via	
vpps-via	676/udp	VPPS Via	
#		Ulysses G. Smith Jr. <ugsmith@cesl.com>	
vpp	677/tcp	Virtual Presence Protocol	
vpp	677/udp	Virtual Presence Protocol	
#		Klaus Wolf <wolf@cobrow.com>	
gdf-ncp	678/tcp	GNU Generation Foundation NCP	
gdf-ncp	678/udp	GNU Generation Foundation NCP	
#		Noah Paul <noahp@altavista.net>	
mrm	679/tcp	MRM	
mrm	679/udp	MRM	
#		Liming Wei <lwei@cisco.com>	
entrust-aaas	680/tcp	entrust-aaas	
entrust-aaas	680/udp	entrust-aaas	
entrust-aams	681/tcp	entrust-aams	
entrust-aams	681/udp	entrust-aams	
#		Adrian Mancini <adrian.mancini@entrust.com>	
xfr	682/tcp	XFR	
xfr	682/udp	XFR	
#		Noah Paul <noahp@ultranet.com>	
corba-iiop	683/tcp	CORBA IIOP	
corba-iiop	683/udp	CORBA IIOP	
corba-iiop-ssl	684/tcp	CORBA IIOP SSL	
corba-iiop-ssl	684/udp	CORBA IIOP SSL	
#		Andrew Watson <andrew@omg.org>	
mdc-portmapper	685/tcp	MDC Port Mapper	
mdc-portmapper	685/udp	MDC Port Mapper	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Noah Paul <noahp@altavista.net>	
hcp-wismar	686/tcp	Hardware Control Protocol Wismar	
hcp-wismar	686/udp	Hardware Control Protocol Wismar	
#		David Merchant <d.f.merchant@livjm.ac.uk>	
Asipregistry	687/tcp	asipregistry	
Asipregistry	687/udp	asipregistry	
#		Erik Sea <sea@apple.com>	
realm-rusd	688/tcp	ApplianceWare managment protocol	
realm-rusd	688/udp	ApplianceWare managment protocol	
#		Stacy Kenworthy <skenworthy@applianceware.com>	
nmap	689/tcp	NMAP	
nmap	689/udp	NMAP	
#		Peter Dennis Bartok <peter@novonyx.com>	
vatp	690/tcp	Velazquez Application Transfer Protocol	
vatp	690/udp	Velazquez Application Transfer Protocol	
#		Velneo <velneo@velneo.com>	
msexch-routing	691/tcp	MS Exchange Routing	
msexch-routing	691/udp	MS Exchange Routing	
#		David Lemson <dlemson@microsoft.com>	
hyperwave-isp	692/tcp	Hyperwave-ISP	
hyperwave-isp	692/udp	Hyperwave-ISP	
#		Gerald Mesaric <gmesaric@hyperwave.com>	
connendp	693/tcp	almanid Connection Endpoint	
connendp	693/udp	almanid Connection Endpoint	
#		Ronny Bremer <rbremer@almanid.com>	
ha-cluster	694/tcp	ha-cluster	
ha-cluster	694/udp	ha-cluster	
#		Alan Robertson <alanr@unix.sh>	
ieee-mms-ssl	695/tcp	IEEE-MMS-SSL	
ieee-mms-ssl	695/udp	IEEE-MMS-SSL	
#		Curtis Anderson <ecanderson@turbolinux.com>	
rushd	696/tcp	RUSHD	
rushd	696/udp	RUSHD	
#		Greg Ercolano <erco@netcom.com>	
uuidgen	697/tcp	UUIDGEN	
uuidgen	697/udp	UUIDGEN	
#		James Falkner <james.falkner@sun.com>	
olsr	698/tcp	OLSR	
olsr	698/udp	OLSR	
#		Thomas Clausen <thomas.clausen@inria.fr>	
accessnetwork	699/tcp	Access Network	
accessnetwork	699/udp	Access Network	
#		Yingchun Xu <Yingchun_Xu@3com.com>	
epp	700/tcp	Extensible Provisioning Protocol	
epp	700/udp	Extensible Provisioning Protocol	
#		[RFC4934]	
lmp	701/tcp	Link Management Protocol (LMP)	
lmp	701/udp	Link Management Protocol (LMP)	
#		[RFC4204]	
iris-beep	702/tcp	IRIS over BEEP	
iris-beep	702/udp	IRIS over BEEP	
#		[RFC3983]	
#	703	Unassigned	
elcsd	704/tcp	errlog copy/server daemon	
elcsd	704/udp	errlog copy/server daemon	
agentx	705/tcp	AgentX	
agentx	705/udp	AgentX	
#		Bob Natale <bob.natale@appliedsnmp.com>	
silc	706/tcp	SILC	
silc	706/udp	SILC	
#		Pekka Riikonen <priikone@poseidon.pspt.fi>	
borland-dsj	707/tcp	Borland DSJ	
borland-dsj	707/udp	Borland DSJ	
#		Gerg Cole <gcole@corp.borland.com>	
#	708	Unassigned	
entrust-kmsh	709/tcp	Entrust Key Management Service Handler	
entrust-kmsh	709/udp	Entrust Key Management Service Handler	
entrust-ash	710/tcp	Entrust Administration Service Handler	
entrust-ash	710/udp	Entrust Administration Service Handler	
#		Peter Whittaker <pww@entrust.com>	
cisco-tdp	711/tcp	Cisco TDP	
cisco-tdp	711/udp	Cisco TDP	
#		Bruce Davie <bsd@cisco.com>	
tbrpf	712/tcp	TBRPF	
tbrpf	712/udp	TBRPF	
#		[RFC3684]	
iris-xpc	713/tcp	IRIS over XPC	
iris-xpc	713/udp	IRIS over XPC	
iris-xpcs	714/tcp	IRIS over XPCS	
iris-xpcs	714/udp	IRIS over XPCS	
#		[RFC4992]	
iris-lwz	715/tcp	IRIS-LWZ	
iris-lwz	715/udp	IRIS-LWZ	
#		[RFC4993]	
pana	716/udp	PANA Messages	
#		[RFC-ietf-pana-pana-18.txt]	
#	717-728	Unassigned	
netviewdm1	729/tcp	IBM NetView DM/6000 Server/Client	
netviewdm1	729/udp	IBM NetView DM/6000 Server/Client	
netviewdm2	730/tcp	IBM NetView DM/6000 send/tcp	
netviewdm2	730/udp	IBM NetView DM/6000 send/tcp	
netviewdm3	731/tcp	IBM NetView DM/6000 receive/tcp	
netviewdm3	731/udp	IBM NetView DM/6000 receive/tcp	
#		Philippe Binet (phbinet@vnet.IBM.COM)	
#	732-740	Unassigned	
netgw	741/tcp	netGW	
netgw	741/udp	netGW	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Oliver Korfmacher (okorf@netcs.com)	
netrcs	742/tcp	Network based Rev. Cont. Sys.	
netrcs	742/udp	Network based Rev. Cont. Sys.	
#		Gordon C. Galligher <gorpong@ping.chi.il.us>	
#	743	Unassigned	
flexlm	744/tcp	Flexible License Manager	
flexlm	744/udp	Flexible License Manager	
#		Matt Christiano	
#		<globes@matt@oliveb.atc.olivetti.com>	
#	745-746	Unassigned	
fujitsu-dev	747/tcp	Fujitsu Device Control	
fujitsu-dev	747/udp	Fujitsu Device Control	
ris-cm	748/tcp	Russell Info Sci Calendar Manager	
ris-cm	748/udp	Russell Info Sci Calendar Manager	
kerberos-adm	749/tcp	kerberos administration	
kerberos-adm	749/udp	kerberos administration	
rfile	750/tcp		
loadav	750/udp		
kerberos-iv	750/udp	kerberos version iv	
#		Martin Hamilton <martin@mrrl.lut.as.uk>	
pump	751/tcp		
pump	751/udp		
qrh	752/tcp		
qrh	752/udp		
rrh	753/tcp		
rrh	753/udp		
tell	754/tcp	send	
tell	754/udp	send	
#		Josyula R. Rao <jrrao@watson.ibm.com>	
#	755-756	Unassigned	
nlogin	758/tcp		
nlogin	758/udp		
con	759/tcp		
con	759/udp		
ns	760/tcp		
ns	760/udp		
rx	761/tcp		
rx	761/udp		
quotad	762/tcp		
quotad	762/udp		
cycleserv	763/tcp		
cycleserv	763/udp		
omserv	764/tcp		
omserv	764/udp		
webster	765/tcp		
webster	765/udp		
#		Josyula R. Rao <jrrao@watson.ibm.com>	
#	766	Unassigned	
phonebook	767/tcp	phone	
phonebook	767/udp	phone	
#		Josyula R. Rao <jrrao@watson.ibm.com>	
#	768	Unassigned	
vid	769/tcp		
vid	769/udp		
cadlock	770/tcp		
cadlock	770/udp		
rtp	771/tcp		
rtp	771/udp		
cycleserv2	772/tcp		
cycleserv2	772/udp		
submit	773/tcp		
notify	773/udp		
rpasswd	774/tcp		
acmaint_dbd	774/udp		
entomb	775/tcp		
acmaint_transd	775/udp		
wpages	776/tcp		
wpages	776/udp		
#		Josyula R. Rao <jrrao@watson.ibm.com>	
multiling-http	777/tcp	Multiling HTTP	
multiling-http	777/udp	Multiling HTTP	
#		Alejandro Bonet <babel@ctv.es>	
#	778-779	Unassigned	
wpgs	780/tcp		
wpgs	780/udp		
#		Josyula R. Rao <jrrao@watson.ibm.com>	
#	781-785	Unassigned	
#	786	Unassigned (Removed 2002-05-08)	
#	787	Unassigned (Removed 2002-10-08)	
#	788-799	Unassigned	
mdb_s_daemon	800/tcp		
mdb_s_daemon	800/udp		
device	801/tcp		
device	801/udp		
#	802-809	Unassigned	
fcp-udp	810/tcp	FCP	
fcp-udp	810/udp	FCP Datagram	
#		Paul Whittemore <paul@softarc.com>	
#	811-827	Unassigned	
itm-mcell-s	828/tcp	itm-mcell-s	
itm-mcell-s	828/udp	itm-mcell-s	
#		Portnoy Boxman <portnoy_boxman@bmc.com>	
pkix-3-ca-ra	829/tcp	PKIX-3 CA/RA	
pkix-3-ca-ra	829/udp	PKIX-3 CA/RA	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Carlisle Adams <Cadams@entrust.com>	
netconf-ssh	830/tcp	NETCONF over SSH	
netconf-ssh	830/udp	NETCONF over SSH	
#		[RFC4742]	
netconf-beep	831/tcp	NETCONF over BEEP	
netconf-beep	831/udp	NETCONF over BEEP	
#		[RFC4744]	
netconfsoaphttp	832/tcp	NETCONF for SOAP over HTTPS	
netconfsoaphttp	832/udp	NETCONF for SOAP over HTTPS	
#		[RFC4743]	
netconfsoapbeep	833/tcp	NETCONF for SOAP over BEEP	
netconfsoapbeep	833/udp	NETCONF for SOAP over BEEP	
#		[RFC4743]	
#	834-846	Unassigned	
dhcp-failover2	847/tcp	dhcp-failover 2	
dhcp-failover2	847/udp	dhcp-failover 2	
#		Bernard Volz <volz@cisco.com>	
gdoi	848/tcp	GDOI	
gdoi	848/udp	GDOI	
#		[RFC3547]	
#	849-859	Unassigned	
iscsi	860/tcp	iSCSI	
iscsi	860/udp	iSCSI	
#		RFC3720	
owamp-control	861/tcp	OWAMP-Control	
owamp-control	861/udp	OWAMP-Control	
#		[RFC4656]	
#	862-872	Unassigned	
rsync	873/tcp	rsync	
rsync	873/udp	rsync	
#		Andrew Tridgell <tridge@samba.anu.edu.au>	
#	874-885	Unassigned	
iclcnnet-locate	886/tcp	ICL coNETion locate server	
iclcnnet-locate	886/udp	ICL coNETion locate server	
#		Bob Lyon <bl@oasis.icl.co.uk>	
iclcnnet_svinfos	887/tcp	ICL coNETion server info	
iclcnnet_svinfos	887/udp	ICL coNETion server info	
#		Bob Lyon <bl@oasis.icl.co.uk>	
accessbuilder	888/tcp	AccessBuilder	
accessbuilder	888/udp	AccessBuilder	
#		Steve Sweeney <Steven_Sweeney@3mail.3com.com>	
# The following entry records an unassigned but widespread use			
cddb	888/tcp	CD Database Protocol	
#		Steve Scherf <steve@moonsoft.com>	
#			
#	889-899	Unassigned	
omginitialrefs	900/tcp	OMG Initial Refs	
omginitialrefs	900/udp	OMG Initial Refs	
#		Christian Callsen <Christian.Callsen@eng.sun.com>	
smpnameres	901/tcp	SMPNAMERES	
smpnameres	901/udp	SMPNAMERES	
#		Leif Ekblad <leif@rdos.net>	
ideafarm-door	902/tcp	self documenting Telnet Door	
ideafarm-door	902/udp	self documenting Door: send 0x00 for info	
ideafarm-panic	903/tcp	self documenting Telnet Panic Door	
ideafarm-panic	903/udp	self documenting Panic Door: send 0x00 for info	
#		Wo'o Ideafarm <c74a39f7.9ad6f42c@ideafarm.com>	
#	904-909	Unassigned	
kink	910/tcp	Kerberized Internet Negotiation of Keys (KINK)	
kink	910/udp	Kerberized Internet Negotiation of Keys (KINK)	
#		[RFC4430]	
xact-backup	911/tcp	xact-backup	
xact-backup	911/udp	xact-backup	
#		Bill Carroll <billc@xactlabs.com>	
apex-mesh	912/tcp	APEX relay-relay service	
apex-mesh	912/udp	APEX relay-relay service	
apex-edge	913/tcp	APEX endpoint-relay service	
apex-edge	913/udp	APEX endpoint-relay service	
#		[RFC3340]	
#	914-988	Unassigned	
ftps-data	989/tcp	ftp protocol, data, over TLS/SSL	
ftps-data	989/udp	ftp protocol, data, over TLS/SSL	
ftps	990/tcp	ftp protocol, control, over TLS/SSL	
ftps	990/udp	ftp protocol, control, over TLS/SSL	
#		Christopher Allen <ChristopherA@consensus.com>	
nas	991/tcp	Netnews Administration System	
nas	991/udp	Netnews Administration System	
#		Vera Heinau <heinau@fu-berlin.de>	
#		Heiko Schlichting <heiko@fu-berlin.de>	
telnets	992/tcp	telnet protocol over TLS/SSL	
telnets	992/udp	telnet protocol over TLS/SSL	
imaps	993/tcp	imap4 protocol over TLS/SSL	
imaps	993/udp	imap4 protocol over TLS/SSL	
ircs	994/tcp	irc protocol over TLS/SSL	
ircs	994/udp	irc protocol over TLS/SSL	
#		Christopher Allen <ChristopherA@consensus.com>	
pop3s	995/tcp	pop3 protocol over TLS/SSL (was spop3)	
pop3s	995/udp	pop3 protocol over TLS/SSL (was spop3)	
#		Gordon Mangione <gordm@microsoft.com>	
vsinet	996/tcp	vsinet	
vsinet	996/udp	vsinet	

Keyword	Decimal	Description	References
#		Rob Juergens <robj&vsi.com>	
maitrd	997/tcp		
maitrd	997/udp		
busboy	998/tcp		
puparp	998/udp		
garcon	999/tcp		
applix	999/udp	Applix ac	
puprouter	999/tcp		
puprouter	999/udp		
cadlock2	1000/tcp		
cadlock2	1000/udp		
#	1001-1009	Unassigned	
#	1008/udp	Possibly used by Sun Solaris???	
surf	1010/tcp	surf	
surf	1010/udp	surf	
#		Joseph Geer <jgeer&peapod.com>	
#	1011-1020	Reserved	
expl	1021/tcp	RFC3692-style Experiment 1 (*)	[RFC4727]
expl	1021/udp	RFC3692-style Experiment 1 (*)	[RFC4727]
exp2	1022/tcp	RFC3692-style Experiment 2 (*)	[RFC4727]
exp2	1022/udp	RFC3692-style Experiment 2 (*)	[RFC4727]
#	1023/tcp	Reserved	
#	1023/udp	Reserved	
#		IANA <iana&iana.org>	

Hardware type..

Value(16 bits)	Description
1	Ethernet.
2	Experimental Ethernet.
3	Amateur Radio AX.25.
4	Proteon ProNET Token Ring.
5	Chaos.
6	IEEE 802.
7	ARCNET.
8	Hyperchannel.
9	Lanstar.
10	Autonet Short Address.
11	LocalTalk.
12	LocalNet (IBM PCNet or SYTEK LocalNET).
13	Ultra link.
14	SMDS.
15	Frame Relay.
16	ATM, Asynchronous Transmission Mode.
17	HDLC.
18	Fibre Channel.
19	ATM, Asynchronous Transmission Mode.
20	Serial Line.
21	ATM, Asynchronous Transmission Mode.
22	MIL-STD-188-220.
23	Metricom.
24	IEEE 1394.1995.
25	MAPOS.
26	Twinaxial.
27	EUI-64.
28	HIPARP.
29	IP and ARP over ISO 7816-3.
30	ARPSec.
31	IPsec tunnel.
32	Infiniband.
33	CAI, TIA-102 Project 25 Common Air Interface.

ICMP – Type. 8 bits.

Type	Description	References
0	Echo reply.	RFC 792
1		
2		
3	Destination unreachable.	RFC 792
4	Source quench.	RFC 792
5	Redirect.	RFC 792
6	Alternate host address.	
7		
8	Echo request.	RFC 792
9	Router advertisement.	RFC 1256
10	Router solicitation.	RFC 1256
11	Time exceeded.	RFC 792
12	Parameter problem.	RFC 792
13	Timestamp request.	RFC 792
14	Timestamp reply.	RFC 792
15	Information request. Obsolete.	RFC 792
16	Information reply. Obsolete.	RFC 792
17	Address mask request.	RFC 950
18	Address mask reply.	RFC 950
19	reserved (for security).	
20		
-		
29	reserved (for robustness experiment).	
30	Traceroute.	RFC 1393
31	Conversion error.	RFC 1475
32	Mobile Host Redirect.	
33	IPv6 Where-Are-You.	
34	IPv6 I-Am-Here.	
35	Mobile Registration Request.	
36	Mobile Registration Reply.	
37	Domain Name request.	RFC 1788
38	Domain Name reply.	RFC 1788
39	SKIP Algorithm Discovery Protocol.	
40	Photuris, Security failures.	RFC 2521
41	Experimental mobility protocols.	RFC 4065
42		
-		
255	Reserved.	

ARP - Opcode. 16 bits.

Value	Description	References
1	Request.	RFC 826
2	Reply.	RFC 826, RFC 1868
3	Request Reverse.	RFC 903
4	Reply Reverse.	RFC 903
5	DRARP Request.	RFC 1931
6	DRARP Reply.	RFC 1931
7	DRARP Error.	RFC 1931
8	InARP Request.	RFC 1293
9	InARP Reply.	RFC 1293
10	ARP NAK.	RFC 1577
11	MARS Request.	
12	MARS Multi.	
13	MARS MServ.	
14	MARS Join.	
15	MARS Leave.	
16	MARS NAK.	
17	MARS Unserv.	
18	MARS SJoin.	
19	MARS SLeave.	
20	MARS GroupList Request.	
21	MARS GroupList Reply.	

DNS - QR, Query/Response. 1 bit.

Value	Description	References
0	QUERY, Standard query.	RFC 1035
1	IQUERY, Inverse query.	RFC 1035, RFC 3425
2	STATUS, Server status request.	RFC 1035
3	reserved.	
4	Notify.	RFC 1996
5	Update.	RFC 2136
6		
15	reserved.	

DNS - Opcode. 4 bits

Value	Description	References
0	QUERY, Standard query.	RFC 1035
1	IQUERY, Inverse query.	RFC 1035, RFC 3425
2	STATUS, Server status request.	RFC 1035
3	reserved.	
4	Notify.	RFC 1996
5	Update.	RFC 2136
6		
15	reserved.	

DNS - AA, Authoritative Answer. 1 bit.

Value	Description
0	Not authoritative.
1	Is authoritative.

DNS - TC, Truncated. 1 bit

Value	Description
0	Recursion not desired.
1	Recursion desired.

DNS - RD, Recursion Desired. 1 bit

Value	Description
0	Recursion not desired.
1	Recursion desired.

DNS - RA, Recursion Available. 1 bit.

Value	Description
0	Recursive query support not available.
1	Recursive query support available.

DNS - Rcode, Return code. 4 bits.

Value	Description	References
0	No error. The request completed successfully.	RFC 1035
1	Format error. The name server was unable to interpret the query.	RFC 1035
2	Server failure. The name server was unable to process this query due to a problem with the name server.	RFC 1035
3	Name Error. Meaningful only for responses from an authoritative name server, this code signifies that the domain name referenced in the query does not exist.	RFC 1035
4	Not Implemented. The name server does not support the requested kind of query.	RFC 1035
5	Refused. The name server refuses to perform the specified operation for policy reasons. For example, a name server may not wish to provide the information to the particular requester, or a name server may not wish to perform a particular operation (e.g., zone transfer) for particular data.	RFC 1035
6	YXDomain. Name Exists when it should not.	RFC 2136
7	YXRRSet. RR Set Exists when it should not.	RFC 2136
8	NXRRSet. RR Set that should exist does not.	RFC 2136
9	NotAuth. Server Not Authoritative for zone.	RFC 2136
10	NotZone. Name not contained in zone.	RFC 2136
11	-	
15	reserved.	
16	BADVERS.Bad OPT Version.	RFC 2671
	BADSIG.TSIG Signature Failure.	RFC 2845
17	BADKEY. Key not recognized.	RFC 2845
18	BADTIME. Signature out of time window.	RFC 2845
19	BADMODE. Bad TKEY Mode.	RFC 2930
20	BADNAME. Duplicate key name.	RFC 2930
21	BADALG. Algorithm not supported.	RFC 2930
22	BADTRUNC. Bad truncation.	RFC 4635
23	-	
3840	-	
3841	-	
4095	Private use.	

DNS - Type. 16 bits, unsigned.

Value	Description	References
0		
1	A, IPv4 address. RFC 1035	
2	NS, Authoritative name server.	RFC 1035
3	MD, Mail destination. Obsolete use MX instead.	RFC 1035
4	MF, Mail forwarder. Obsolete use MX instead.	RFC 1035
5	CNAME, Canonical name for an alias.	RFC 1035
6	SOA, Marks the start of a zone of authority.	RFC 1035
7	MB, Mailbox domain name.	RFC 1035
8	MG, Mail group member.	RFC 1035
9	MR, Mail rename domain name.	RFC 1035
10	NULL, Null resource record.	RFC 1035
11	WKS, Well known service description.	RFC 1035
12	PTR, Domain name pointer.	RFC 1035
13	HINFO, Host information.	RFC 1035
14	MINFO, Mailbox or mail list information.	RFC 1035
15	MX, Mail exchange.	RFC 1035
16	TXT, Text strings.	RFC 1035
17	RP, Responsible Person.	RFC 1183
18	AFSDB, AFS Data Base location.	RFC 1183
19	X25, X.25 PSDN address.	RFC 1183
20	ISDN, ISDN address.	RFC 1183
21	RT, Route Through.	RFC 1183
22	NSAP, NSAP address. NSAP style A record.	RFC 1706
23	NSAP-PTR.	RFC 1348
24	SIG, Security signature.	RFC 2931, RFC 4034
25	KEY, Security key.	RFC 3445, RFC 4034
26	PX, X.400 mail mapping information.	RFC 2163
27	GPOS, Geographical Position.	RFC 1712
28	AAAA, IPv6 Address.	RFC 3596
29	LOC, Location Information.	RFC 1876
30	NXT, Next Domain (obsolete).	RFC 2535
31	EID, Endpoint Identifier.	
32	NIMLOC, Nimrod Locator.	
33	NB, NetBIOS general Name Service.	RFC 1002
	SRV, Server Selection.	
	NBSTAT, NetBIOS NODE STATUS.	RFC 2052, RFC 2782, RFC 1002
34	ATMA, ATM Address.	
35	NAPTR, Naming Authority Pointer.	RFC 3403
36	KX, Key Exchanger.	RFC 2230
37	CERT. RFC 2538,	RFC 4398
38	A6. RFC 2874,	RFC 3226
39	DNAME.	RFC 2672
40	SINK.	
41	OPT.	RFC 2671
42	APL.	RFC 3123
43	DS, Delegation Signer.	RFC 3658
44	SSHFP, SSH Key Fingerprint.	RFC 4255
45	IPSECKEY.	RFC 4025
46	RRSIG.	RFC 3755
47	NSEC, NextSECure.	RFC 3755, RFC 3845
48	DNSKEY.	RFC 3755
49	DHCID, DHCP identifier.	RFC 4701
50	NSEC3.	RFC 5155

Value	Description	References
51	NSEC3PARAM.	RFC 5155
52		
53		
54		
55	HIP, Host Identity Protocol.	RFC 5205
56	NINFO.	
57	RKEY.	
58		
-		
98		
99	SPF, Sender Policy Framework.	RFC 4408
100	UINFO.	
101	UID.	
102	GID.	
103	UNSPEC.	
104		
-		
248		
249	TKEY. RFC 2930	
250	TSIG, Transaction Signature.	RFC 2845, RFC 3645
251	IXFR, Incremental transfer.	RFC 1995
252	AXFR, A request for a transfer of an entire zone.	RFC 1035
253	MAILB, A request for mailbox-related records (MB, MG or MR).	RFC 1035
254	MAILA, A request for mail agent RRs. Obsolete.	RFC 1035
255	*. A request for all records.	RFC 1035
256		
-		
32767		
32768	DNSSEC Trust Authorities.	
32769	DNSSEC Lookaside Validation. RFC 4431,	RFC 5074

FTP - FTP reply codes

Value	Description
110	Restart marker reply.
120	Service ready in nnn minutes.
125	Data connection already open; transfer starting.
150	File status okay; about to open data connection.
200	Command okay.
202	Command not implemented, superfluous at this site.
211	System status, or system help reply.
212	Directory status.
213	File status.
214	Help message.
215	NAME system type.
220	Service ready for new user.
221	Service closing control connection.
225	Data connection open; no transfer in progress.
226	Closing data connection.
227	Entering Passive Mode <h1,h2,h3,h4,p1,p2>.
228	Entering Long Passive Mode.
229	Extended Passive Mode Entered.
230	User logged in, proceed.
250	Requested file action okay, completed.
257	"PATHNAME" created.
331	User name okay, need password.
332	Need account for login.
350	Requested file action pending further information.
421	Service not available, closing control connection.
425	Can't open data connection.
426	Connection closed; transfer aborted.
450	Requested file action not taken.
451	Requested action aborted. Local error in processing.
452	Requested action not taken.
500	Syntax error, command unrecognized.
501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments.
502	Command not implemented.
503	Bad sequence of commands.
504	Command not implemented for that parameter.
521	Supported address families are <afl, ..., afn>
522	Protocol not supported.
530	Not logged in.
532	Need account for storing files.
550	Requested action not taken.
551	Requested action aborted. Page type unknown.
552	Requested file action aborted.
553	Requested action not taken.
554	Requested action not taken: invalid REST parameter.
555	Requested action not taken: type or stru mismatch.

HTTP - Methods

Methods	Description
DELETE	RFC 1945
GET	RFC 1945
HEAD	RFC 1945
LINK	RFC 1945
OPTIONS	RFC 2068
PATCH	RFC 2068
POST	RFC 1945
PUT	RFC 1945
TRACE	RFC 2068
UNLINK	RFC 1945

HTTP - Header fields

Header field	References
A-IM	RFC 3229
Accept	RFC 2616
Accept-Additions	RFC 2324
Accept-Charset	RFC 2616
Accept-Encoding	RFC 2616
Accept-Features	RFC 2295
Accept-Language	RFC 2616
Accept-Ranges	RFC 2616
Age	RFC 2616
Allow	RFC 2616
Alternates	RFC 2295
Authentication-Info	RFC 2617
Authorization	RFC 2616
C-Ext	RFC 2774
C-Man	RFC 2774
C-Opt	RFC 2774
C-PEP deprecated.	
C-PEP-Info deprecated.	
Cache-Control	RFC 2616
Connection	RFC 2616
Content-Base	
Content-Disposition	RFC 2616
Content-Encoding	RFC 2616
Content-ID	
Content-Language	RFC 2616
Content-Length	RFC 2616
Content-Location	RFC 2616
Content-MD5	RFC 2616
Content-Range	RFC 2616
Content-Script-Type	
Content-Style-Type	
Content-Type	RFC 2616
Content-Version	
Cookie	RFC 2965
Cookie2	RFC 2965
DAV	RFC 2518
Date	RFC 2616
Default-Style	
Delta-Base	RFC 3229

Header field	References
Depth	RFC 2518
Derived-From	
Destination	RFC 2518
Differential-ID	
Digest	RFC 3230
ETag	RFC 2616
Expect	RFC 2616
Expires	RFC 2616
Ext	RFC 2774
From	RFC 2616
GetProfile	
Host	RFC 2616
IM	RFC 3229
If	RFC 2518
If-Match	RFC 2616
If-Modified-Since	RFC 2616
If-None-Match	RFC 2616
If-Range	RFC 2616
If-Unmodified-Since	RFC 2616
Keep-Alive	RFC 2068
Label	RFC 3253
Last-Modified	RFC 2616
Link	RFC 2068
Location	RFC 2616
Lock-Token	RFC 2518
MIME-Version	RFC 2616
Man	RFC 2774
Max-Forwards	RFC 2616
Meter	RFC 2227
Negotiate	RFC 2295
Opt	RFC 2774
Ordering-Type	RFC 3648
Overwrite	RFC 2518
P3P	
PEP	
Pep-Info	
PICS-Label	
Position	RFC 3648
Pragma	RFC 2616
ProfileObject	
Protocol	
Protocol-Info	
Protocol-Query	
Protocol-Request	
Proxy-Authenticate	RFC 2616
Proxy-Authentication-Info	RFC 2617
Proxy-Authorization	RFC 2616
Proxy-Features	
Proxy-Instruction	
Public	RFC 2068
Range	RFC 2616
Referer	RFC 2616
Retry-After	RFC 2616
Safe	RFC 2310
Security-Scheme	RFC 2660
Server	RFC 2616
Set-Cookie	RFC 2109
Set-Cookie2	RFC 2965
SetProfile	
SoapAction	
Status-URI	RFC 2518

Header field	References
Surrogate-Capability	
Surrogate-Control	
TCN Transparent Content Negotiation.	RFC 2295
TE	RFC 2616
Timeout	RFC 2518
Trailer	RFC 2616
Transfer-Encoding	RFC 2616
URI	RFC 2068
Upgrade	RFC 2616
User-Agent	RFC 2616
Variant-Vary	RFC 2295
Vary	RFC 2616
Via	RFC 2616
WWW-Authenticate	RFC 2616
Want-Digest	RFC 3230
Warning	RFC 2616

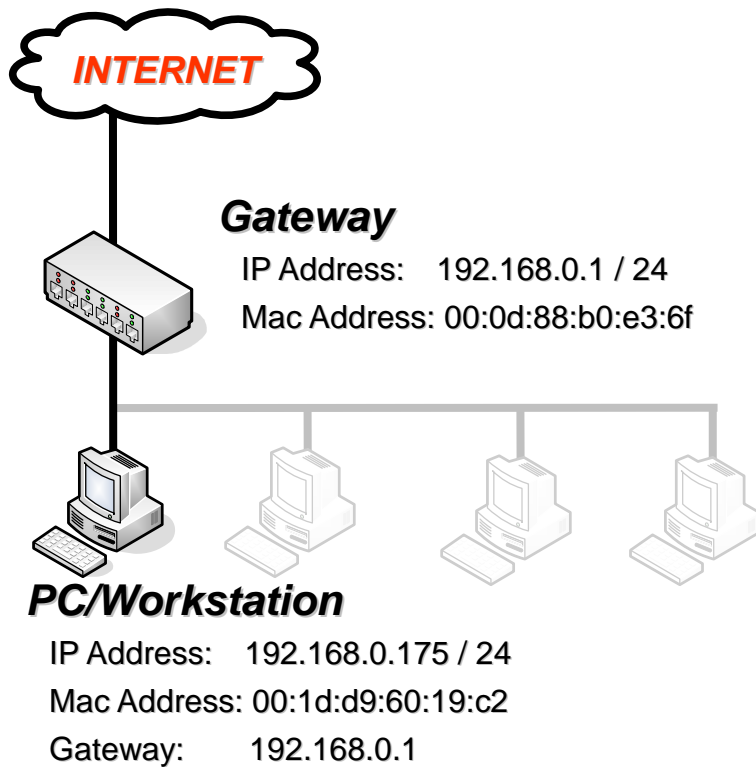
HTTP - HTTP status code

Code	Description	References
100	Continue.	
101	Switching protocols.	
200	Ok.	
201	Created.	
202	Accepted.	
203	Non-authoritative information.	
204	No content.	
205	Reset content.	
206	Partial content.	
226	IM used.	
300	Multiple choices.	
301	Moved permanently.	
302	Moved temporarily.	
303	See other.	
304	Not modified.	
305	Use proxy.	
400	Bad request.	
401	Unauthorized.	
402	Payment required.	
403	Forbidden.	
404	Not found.	
405	Method not allowed.	
406	Not acceptable.	
407	Proxy authentication required.	
408	Request timeout.	
409	Conflict.	
410	Gone.	
411	Length required.	
412	Precondition failed.	
413	Request entity too large.	
414	Request URI too large.	
415	Unsupported media type.	
426	Upgrade Required.	
500	Internal server error.	RFC 2616
501	Not implemented.	RFC 2616
502	Bad gateway.	RFC 2616
503	Service unavailable.	RFC 2616
504	Gateway timeout.	RFC 2616
505	HTTP version not supported.	RFC 2616
506	Variant Also Negotiates (Experimental).	RFC 2295
507	Insufficient Storage.	RFC 4918
508		
509		
510	Not Extended.	RFC 2774

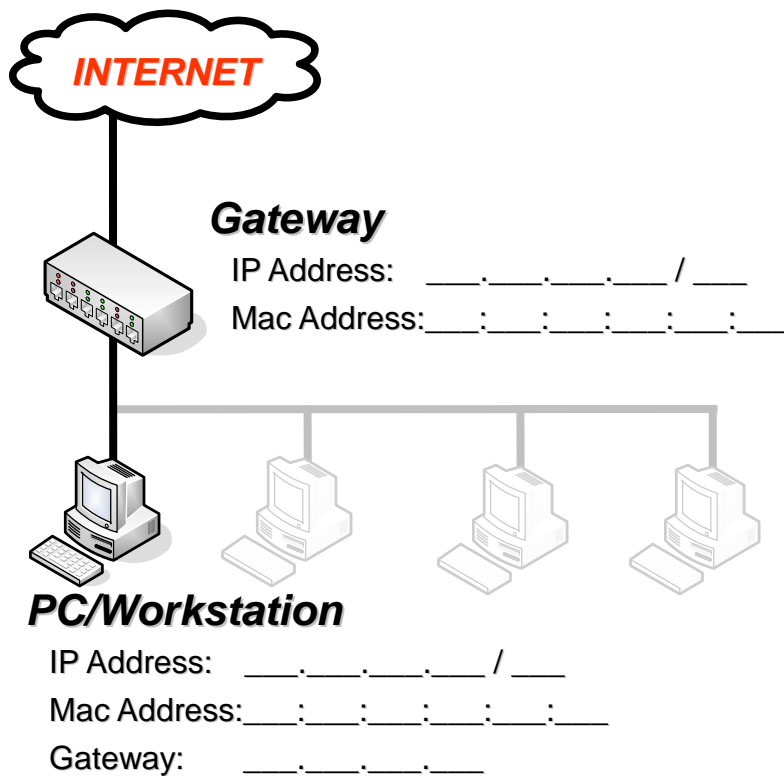
PROTOCOL ANALYSIS

附錄 : **Statistics**

講義環境設定



我的環境設定



為何需要統計封包？

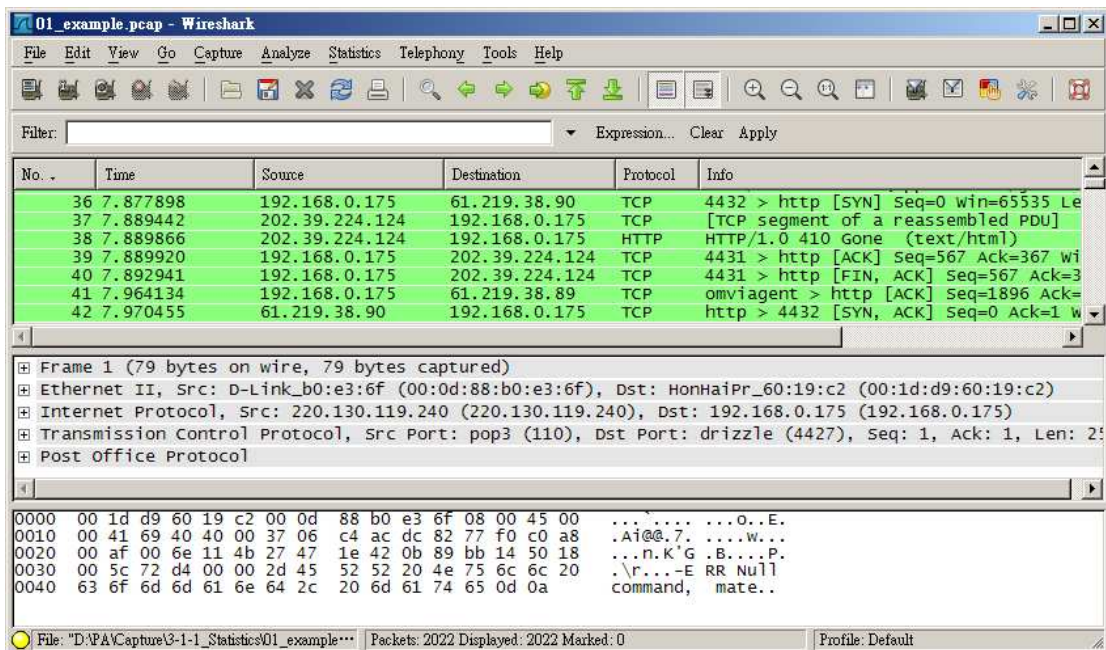
從本課程下來，現在您應該已經是個網路分析高手了，或許您可以開始從網路封包的分析，開始來改善網路效能；也或許有天您需要制定公司網路使用規範，讓有限的網路頻寬做更有效的應用，而所謂的制定不是憑空想像，您需要參考目前網路使用者的方式來制定。

您如果想禁止 P2P 的使用，卻發現全公司內的使用者對於 P2P 的使用幾乎沒興趣，那何必花時間去制定網路使用公約，或是購買可以禁止 P2P 的網路設備呢？如果發現公司內的使用者非常喜歡到某個網站去，那就有必要採取一些措施了；但是怎麼去了解這些狀況呢？沒錯，統計。

分析統計前的準備

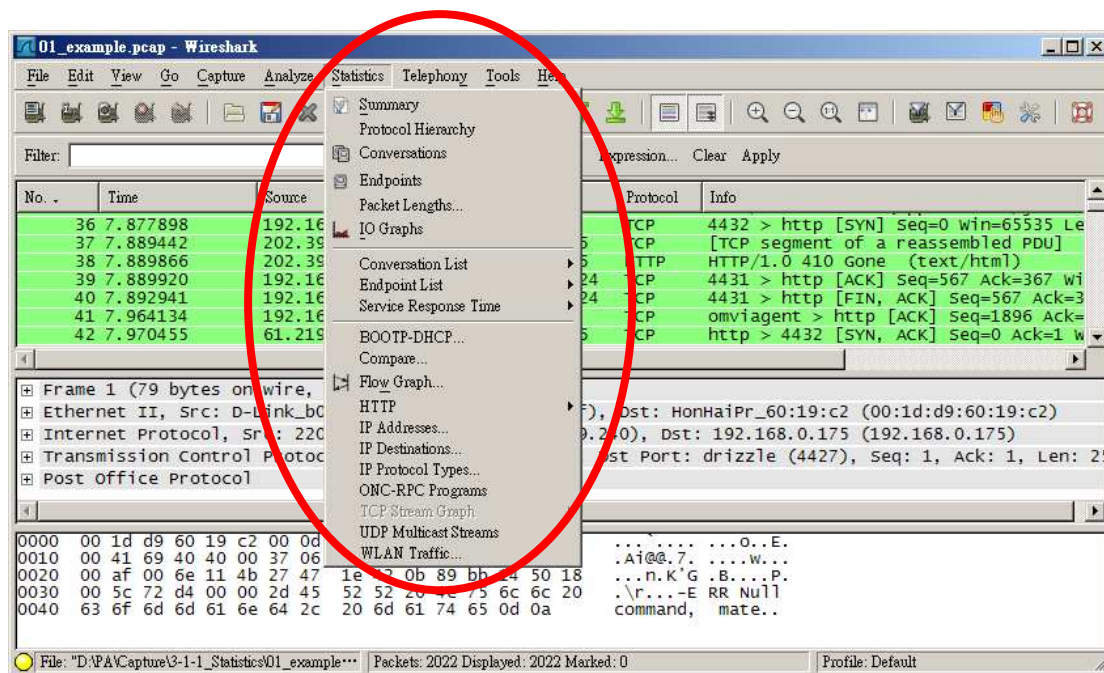
其實封包的統計在 Wireshark 裡是相當簡單與方便的，您只需要點點按按就可以輕鬆得到統計數據，當然，您還是得具備如同分析封包的知識。

為了讓我們可以看出分析的效果，首先您需要擷取封包一段時間，讓 Wireshark 中有各式各樣封包，**您應該知道要得到整個網路封包得在哪個節點切入**，而本範例並不是適當的節點（本範例可以在 `\Capture\Appendix_Statistics\01_example.pcap` 取得）。



可統計的方式

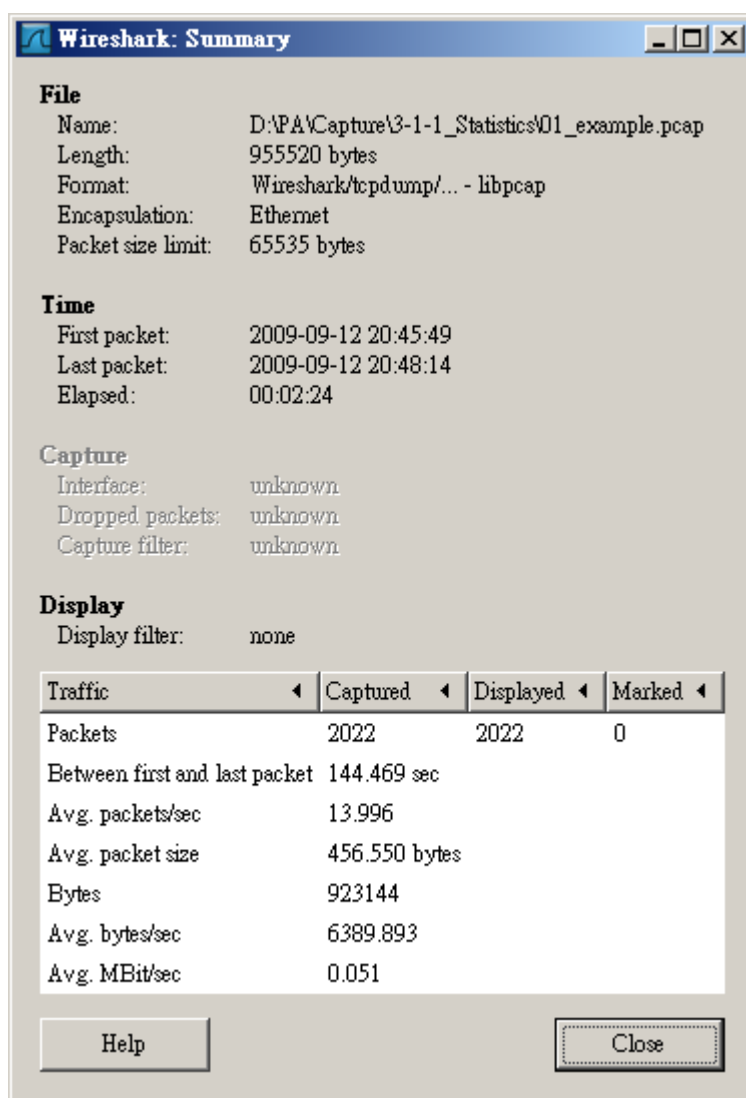
Wireshark 已經內建好不少統計方式，您可以直接在擷取好的狀態下，直接取得統計資料，Wireshark 所提供的統計方式都在功能表的「Statistics」裡：



接下來，我們以較為常用的功能來解說：

摘要統計 (Summary)

您可以在「Statistics」→「Summary」裡找到，這是簡易的封包摘要統計，只描述如檔案名稱 (檔案位置)、大小、擷取時間、擷取類型、封包數量、平均封包大小、流量...等等。



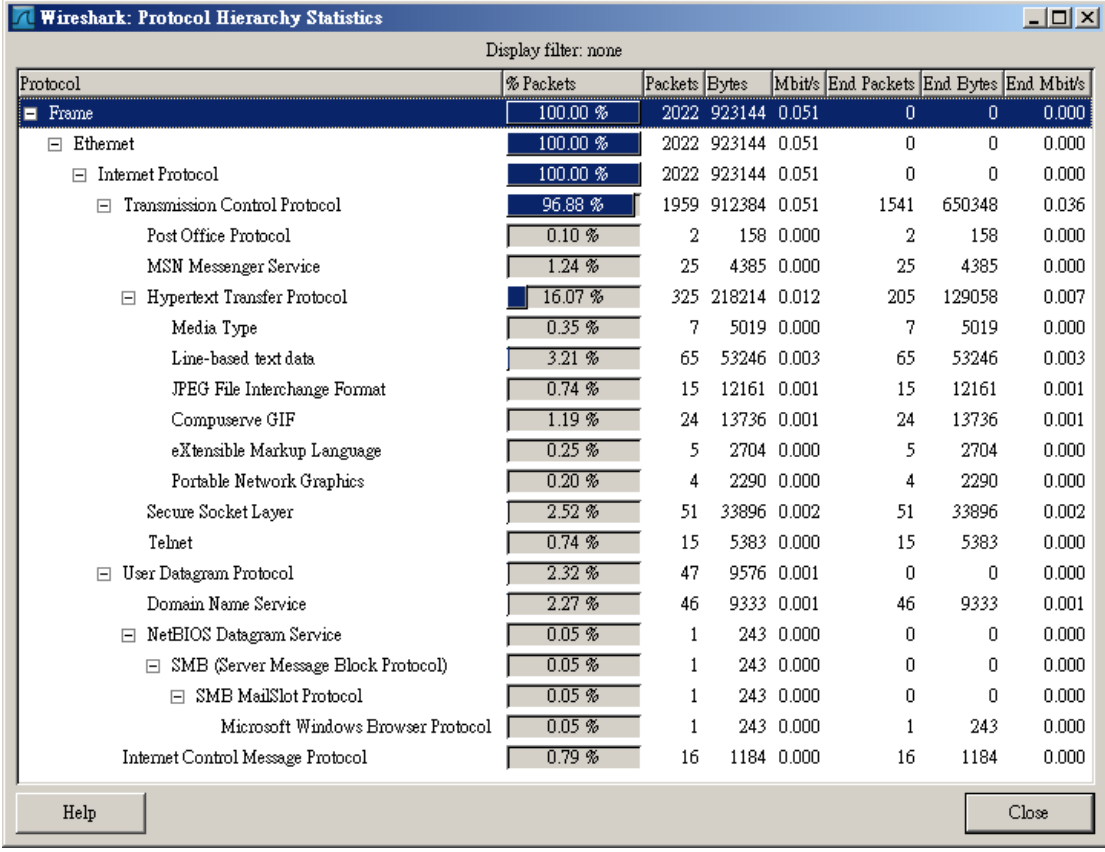
The image shows the 'Wireshark: Summary' window. It is divided into several sections: File, Time, Capture, and Display. The File section lists the file name, length, format, encapsulation, and packet size limit. The Time section shows the first and last packet times and the elapsed time. The Capture section shows the interface, dropped packets, and capture filter. The Display section shows the display filter. Below these sections is a table with columns for Traffic, Captured, Displayed, and Marked. The table shows 2022 packets captured and displayed, with 0 marked. Below the table are 'Help' and 'Close' buttons.

Traffic	Captured	Displayed	Marked
Packets	2022	2022	0
Between first and last packet	144.469 sec		
Avg. packets/sec	13.996		
Avg. packet size	456.550 bytes		
Bytes	923144		
Avg. bytes/sec	6389.893		
Avg. MBit/sec	0.051		

Summary 心得筆記

協定階層統計 (Protocol Hierarchy Statistics)

您可以在「Statistics」→「Protocol Hierarchy」裡找到，這是以協定做的階層式統計，只描述堆疊式的協定統計：



Wireshark: Protocol Hierarchy Statistics

Display filter: none

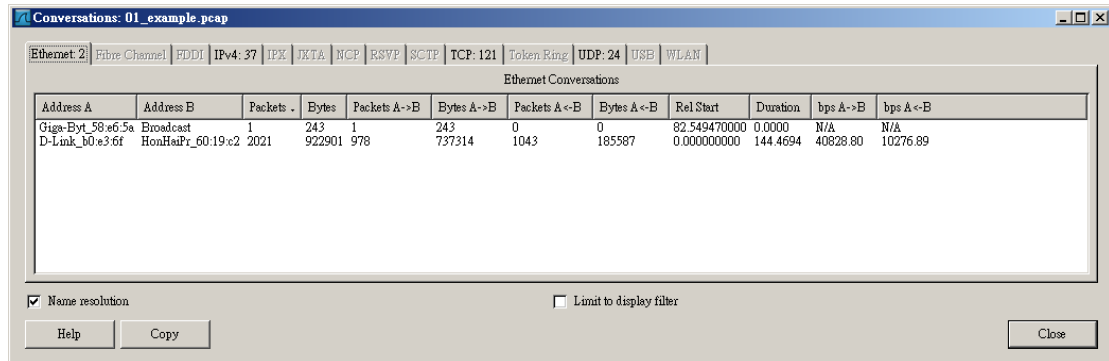
Protocol	% Packets	Packets	Bytes	Mbit/s	End Packets	End Bytes	End Mbit/s
Frame	100.00 %	2022	923144	0.051	0	0	0.000
Ethernet	100.00 %	2022	923144	0.051	0	0	0.000
Internet Protocol	100.00 %	2022	923144	0.051	0	0	0.000
Transmission Control Protocol	96.88 %	1959	912384	0.051	1541	650348	0.036
Post Office Protocol	0.10 %	2	158	0.000	2	158	0.000
MSN Messenger Service	1.24 %	25	4385	0.000	25	4385	0.000
Hypertext Transfer Protocol	16.07 %	325	218214	0.012	205	129058	0.007
Media Type	0.35 %	7	5019	0.000	7	5019	0.000
Line-based text data	3.21 %	65	53246	0.003	65	53246	0.003
JPEG File Interchange Format	0.74 %	15	12161	0.001	15	12161	0.001
CompuServe GIF	1.19 %	24	13736	0.001	24	13736	0.001
eXtensible Markup Language	0.25 %	5	2704	0.000	5	2704	0.000
Portable Network Graphics	0.20 %	4	2290	0.000	4	2290	0.000
Secure Socket Layer	2.52 %	51	33896	0.002	51	33896	0.002
Telnet	0.74 %	15	5383	0.000	15	5383	0.000
User Datagram Protocol	2.32 %	47	9576	0.001	0	0	0.000
Domain Name Service	2.27 %	46	9333	0.001	46	9333	0.001
NetBIOS Datagram Service	0.05 %	1	243	0.000	0	0	0.000
SMB (Server Message Block Protocol)	0.05 %	1	243	0.000	0	0	0.000
SMB MailSlot Protocol	0.05 %	1	243	0.000	0	0	0.000
Microsoft Windows Browser Protocol	0.05 %	1	243	0.000	1	243	0.000
Internet Control Message Protocol	0.79 %	16	1184	0.000	16	1184	0.000

Help Close

Protocol Hierarchy Statistics 心得筆記

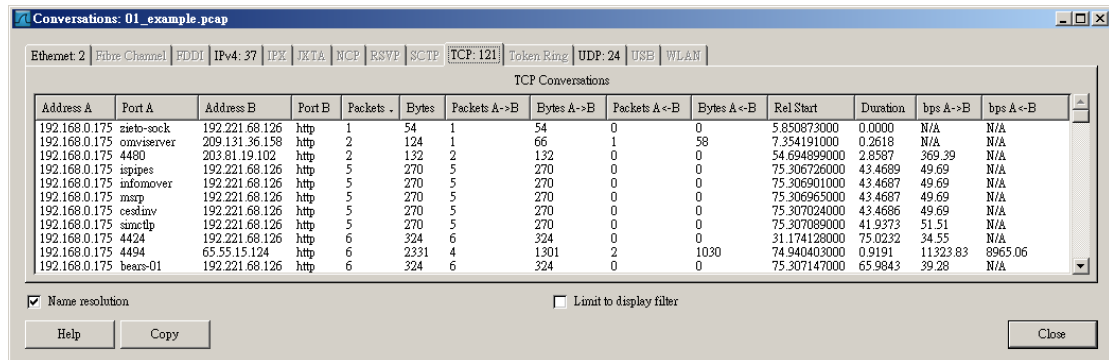
溝通統計 (Conversations)

您可以在「 Statistics 」→「 Conversations 」裡找到，這是以兩個節點 (Address A and Address B) 的溝通為基礎，再以不同協定分類統計：



Address A	Address B	Packets	Bytes	Packets A->B	Bytes A->B	Packets A<-B	Bytes A<-B	Rel Start	Duration	bps A->B	bps A<-B
Giga-Byt_58 e6 5a	Broadcast	1	243	1	243	0	0	82.549470000	0.0000	N/A	N/A
D-Link_b0 e3 6f	HonHaiPr_60 19 c2	2021	922901	978	737314	1043	185587	0.000000000	144.4694	40828.80	10276.89

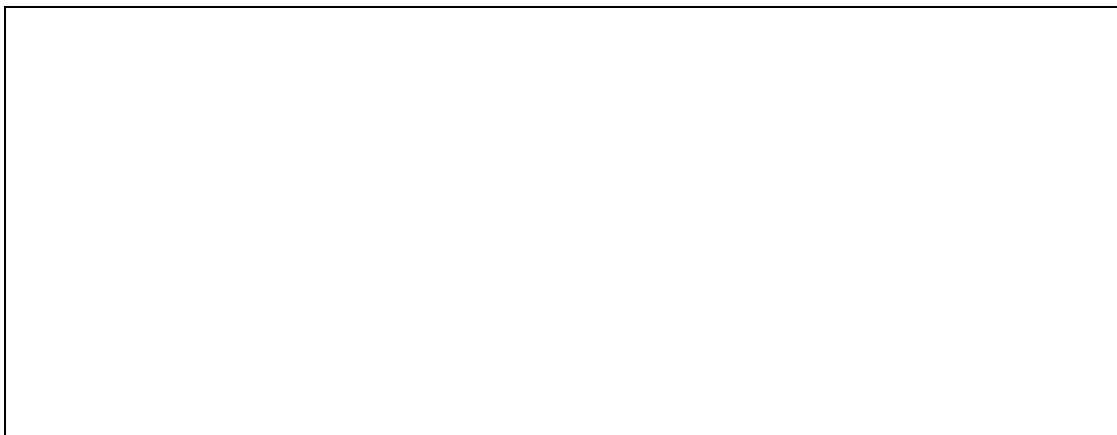
這裡以 Ethernet 為基礎，並找到 2 個端點



Address A	Port A	Address B	Port B	Packets	Bytes	Packets A->B	Bytes A->B	Packets A<-B	Bytes A<-B	Rel Start	Duration	bps A->B	bps A<-B
192.168.0.175	zaleo-sock	192.221.68.126	http	1	54	1	54	0	0	5.850873000	0.0000	N/A	N/A
192.168.0.175	ovmsserver	209.131.36.158	http	2	124	1	66	1	58	7.354191000	0.2618	N/A	N/A
192.168.0.175	4400	203.81.19.102	http	2	132	2	132	0	0	54.694899000	2.8587	369.39	N/A
192.168.0.175	ispipes	192.221.68.126	http	5	270	5	270	0	0	75.306726000	43.4689	49.69	N/A
192.168.0.175	infomover	192.221.68.126	http	5	270	5	270	0	0	75.306901000	43.4687	49.69	N/A
192.168.0.175	misp	192.221.68.126	http	5	270	5	270	0	0	75.306965000	43.4687	49.69	N/A
192.168.0.175	cestinav	192.221.68.126	http	5	270	5	270	0	0	75.307024000	43.4686	49.69	N/A
192.168.0.175	smctip	192.221.68.126	http	5	270	5	270	0	0	75.307089000	41.9373	51.51	N/A
192.168.0.175	4424	192.221.68.126	http	6	324	6	324	0	0	31.174128000	75.0232	34.55	N/A
192.168.0.175	4494	65.55.15.124	http	6	2331	4	1301	2	1030	74.940403000	0.9191	11323.83	8965.06
192.168.0.175	bears-01	192.221.68.126	http	6	324	6	324	0	0	75.307147000	65.9843	59.28	N/A

這裡以 TCP 為基礎，並找到 121 個端點

Conversations 心得筆記



節點統計 (Endpoints)

您可以在「Statistics」→「Endpoints」裡找到，與 Conversations 類似，不過這是以一個節點為基礎，一樣以不同協定分類統計：

Address	Packets	Bytes	Tx Packets	Tx Bytes	Rx Packets	Rx Bytes
HonHaiPr_60:19:c2	2021	922901	1043	185587	978	737314
D-Link_b0:e3:6f	2021	922901	978	737314	1043	185587
Giga-Byt_58:e6:5a	1	243	1	243	0	0
Broadcast	1	243	0	0	1	243

這裡以 Ethernet 為基礎，並找到 4 個端點

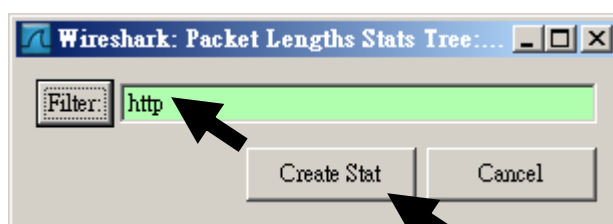
Address	Port	Packets	Bytes	Tx Packets	Tx Bytes	Rx Packets	Rx Bytes	Latitude	Longitude
119.160.254.197	http	465	322454	260	301572	205	20882	-	-
61.219.38.90	http	184	84458	90	56831	94	27627	-	-
192.221.68.126	http	169	58425	66	47190	103	11235	-	-
207.46.77.160	https	122	58226	58	45647	64	12579	-	-
61.219.38.89	http	101	49025	50	33525	51	15500	-	-
216.86.146.10	http	112	20862	46	5600	66	15172	-	-

這裡以 TCP 為基礎，並找到 156 個端點

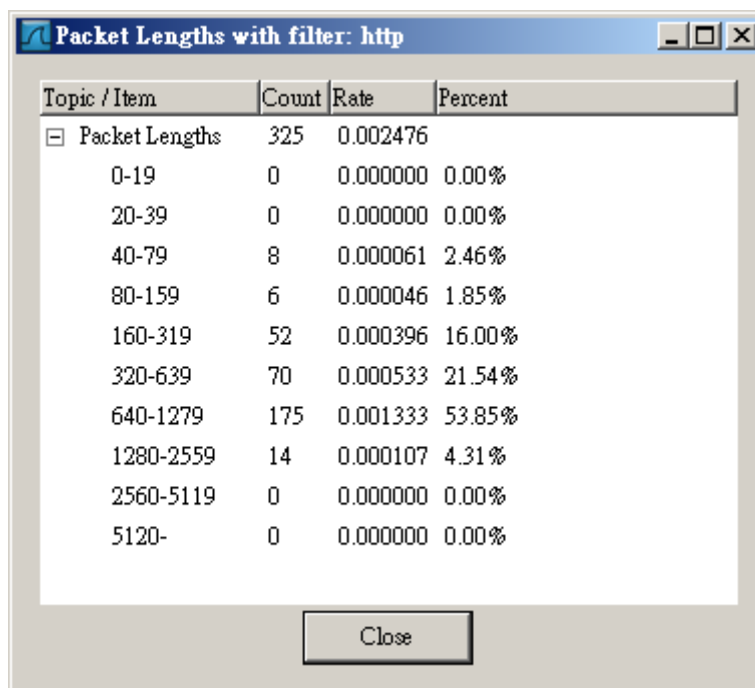
Endpoints 心得筆記

封包長度統計 (Pocket Lengths)*

您可以在「Statistics」→「Pocket Lengths」裡找到，這裡可以統計某種類的封包協定佔的長度分布，例如如果您想知道每個 http 協定的封包長度分布，您可以參考下方範例：



輸入 http ，按下「Create Stat」

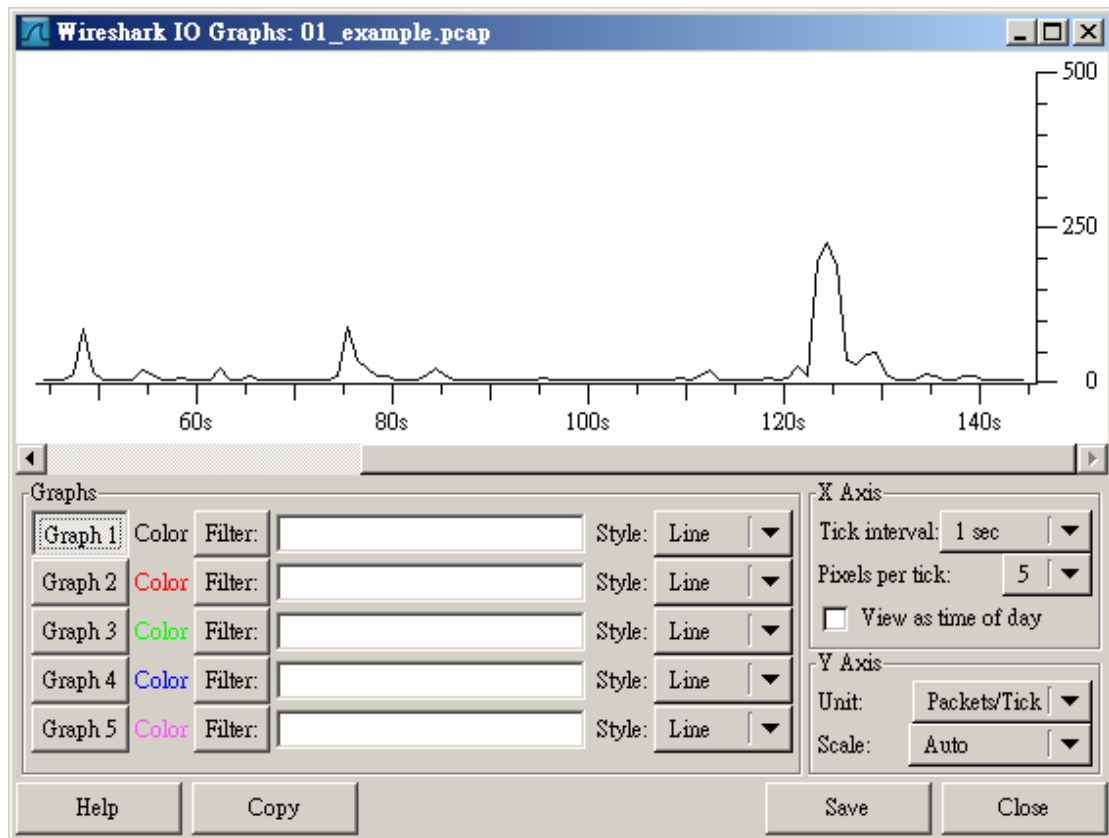


Topic / Item	Count	Rate	Percent
[-] Packet Lengths	325	0.002476	
0-19	0	0.000000	0.00%
20-39	0	0.000000	0.00%
40-79	8	0.000061	2.46%
80-159	6	0.000046	1.85%
160-319	52	0.000396	16.00%
320-639	70	0.000533	21.54%
640-1279	175	0.001333	53.85%
1280-2559	14	0.000107	4.31%
2560-5119	0	0.000000	0.00%
5120-	0	0.000000	0.00%

Pocket Lengths 心得筆記

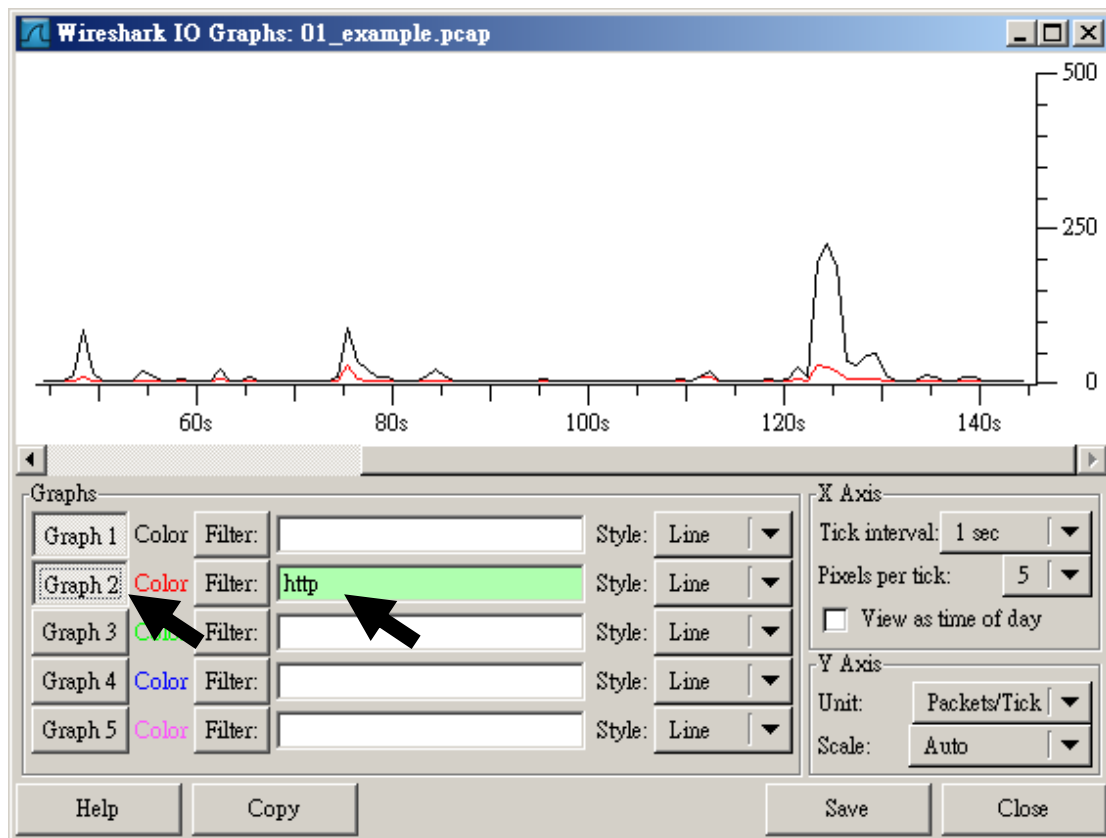
存取圖表 (IO Graphs)

您可以在「Statistics」→「IO Graphs」裡找到，這裡可以繪出以時間、封包數的圖表，您可以知道某時間封包進出的數量，也可以繪出某特定封包的圖表：

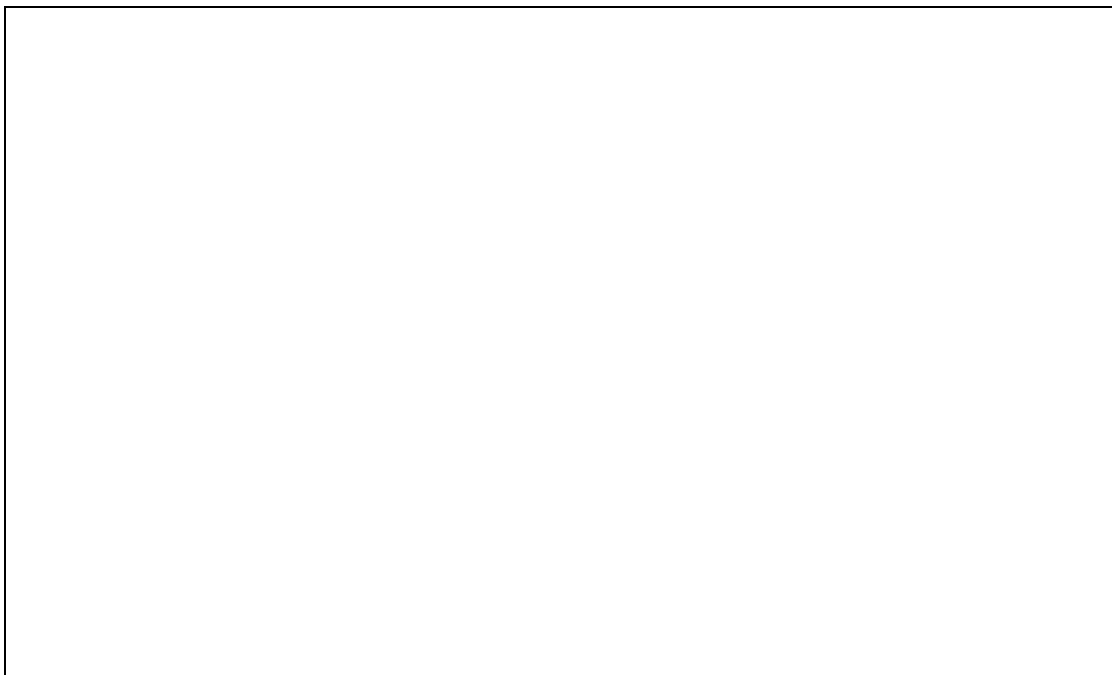


這是預設圖表，以總封包量為繪圖基礎

如果您想知道 HTTP 的封包進出圖表，您可以在 Graph 2 右邊的 Filter 填入「http」，再按下「Graph 2」圖示，紅色的圖表立即顯現：



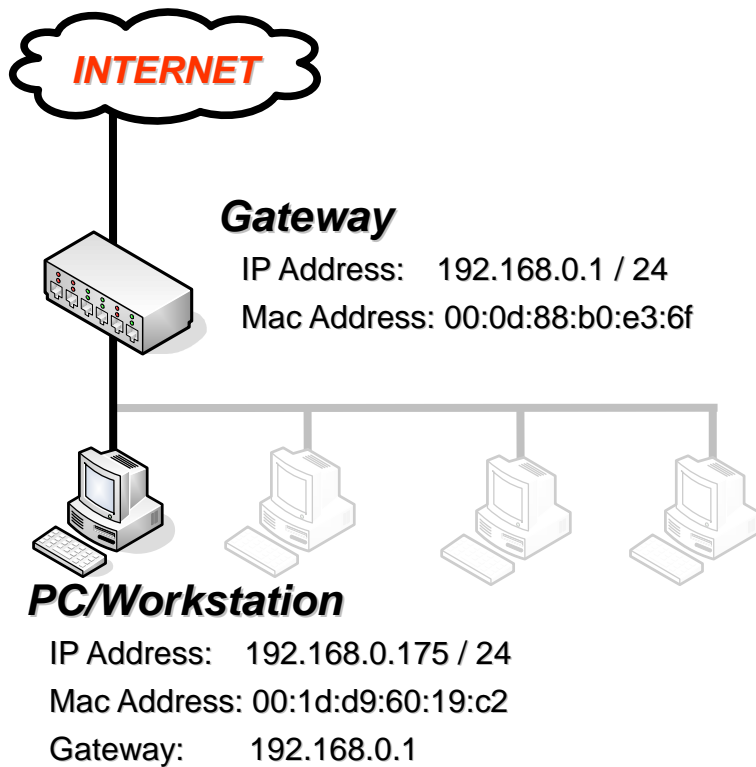
IO Graphs 心得筆記



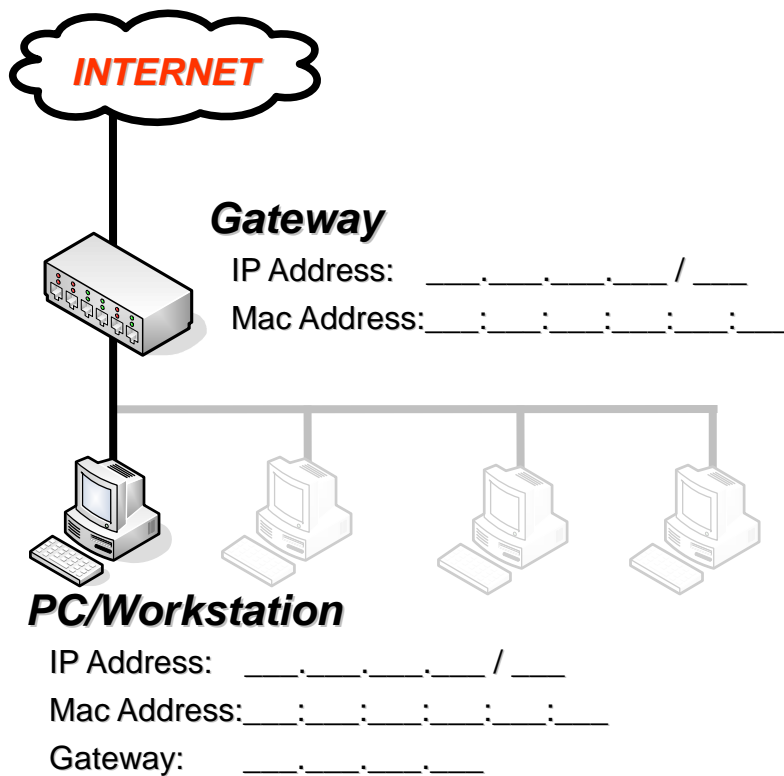
PROTOCOL ANALYSIS

附錄 : GeolP

講義環境設定



我的環境設定



令 Wireshark 查詢分析更直覺

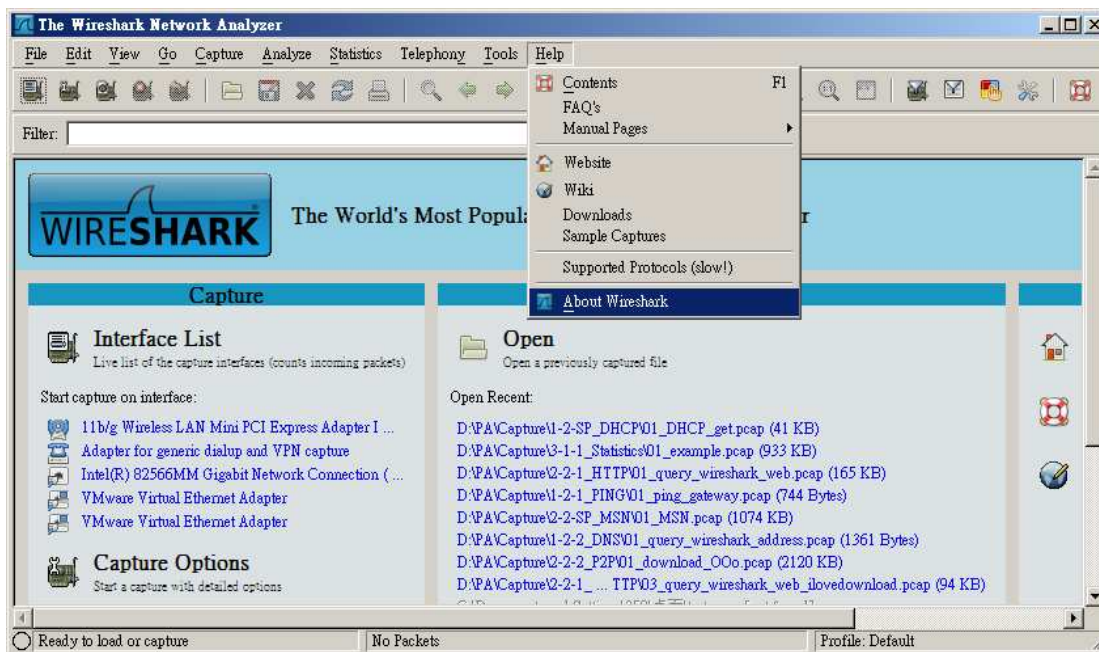
當您已經很熟悉如何分析封包時，您一定有個困擾，那就是面對一堆 IP 時的「無知」，沒錯，您沒有辦法立即辨別出這是哪裡的 IP，因為它只是一組數字，即使您很容易分辨出 A ~ E Class，卻很難分辨出屬於哪個國家與城市。

雖然 IP 的資料並不是秘密（也不得為秘密），許多網站都有提供 IP 查詢功能，但是在 Wireshark 有沒有什麼套件可以在擷取封包的同時就順便將 IP 所屬位置給查出來呢？

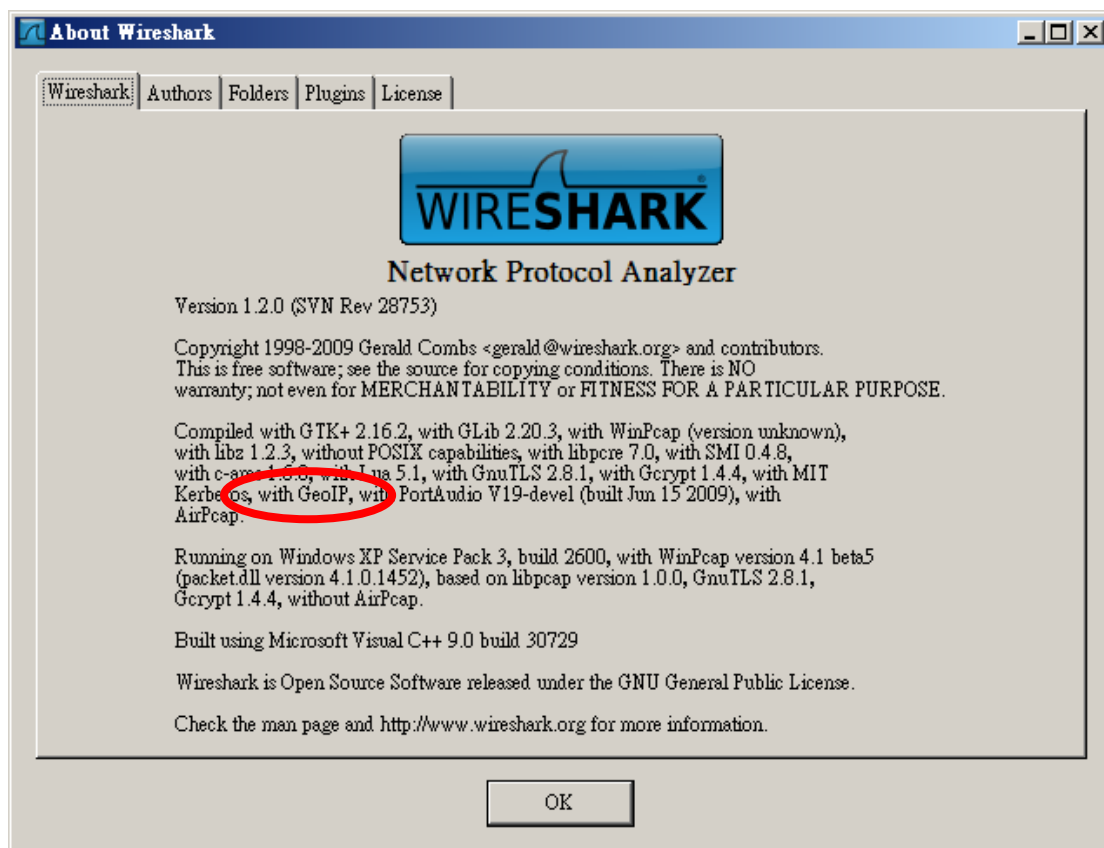
有的，MaxMind 的 GeoIP 辦的到，不過他並不是免費或是自由使用的，不過您可以下載 MaxMind 所提供的免費版本「GeoLite」。

檢查 Wireshark 是否支援

Wireshark 從 1.1.2 版本開始支援 MaxMind 的 GeoIP，如果您不確定您的 Wireshark 是否有支援，請檢查您的 Wireshark：



在功能表選擇「Help」→「About Wireshark」



有「with GeoIP」字樣，表示已有支援

如果您的 Wireshark 太舊，請到 Wireshark 下載更新您的 Wireshark 版本，才能繼續下面內容。

下載 GeoLite

由於 GeoLite 的資料庫有些份量，所以將資料庫依照不同屬性分成不同檔案，也就是說 GeoLite 包含了 City、Country 與 ASNum 三個部份：

GeoIP 網站：<http://geolite.maxmind.com/download/geoip/database/>

您也可以直接下載下方的連結，該連結都是最新的 GeoLite：

<http://geolite.maxmind.com/download/geoip/database/GeoLiteCountry/GeoIP.dat.gz>

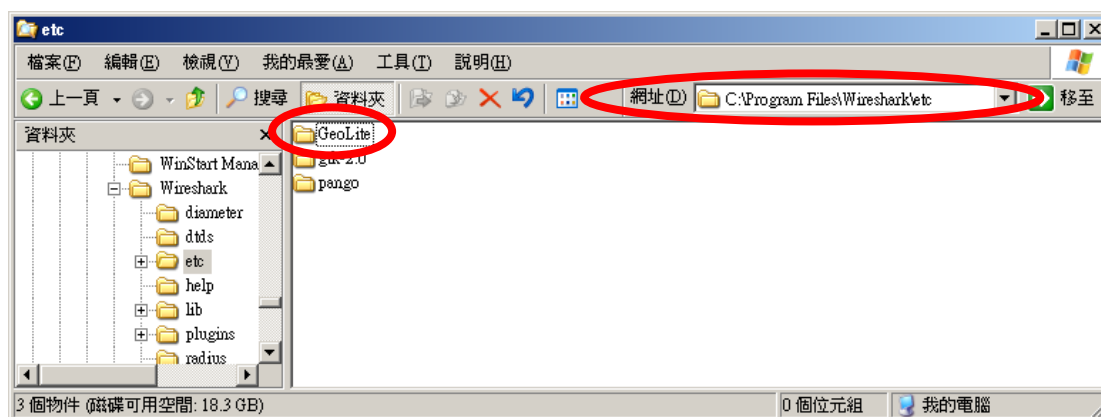
<http://geolite.maxmind.com/download/geoip/database/GeoLiteCity.dat.gz>

<http://geolite.maxmind.com/download/geoip/database/asnum/GeoIPASNum.dat.gz>

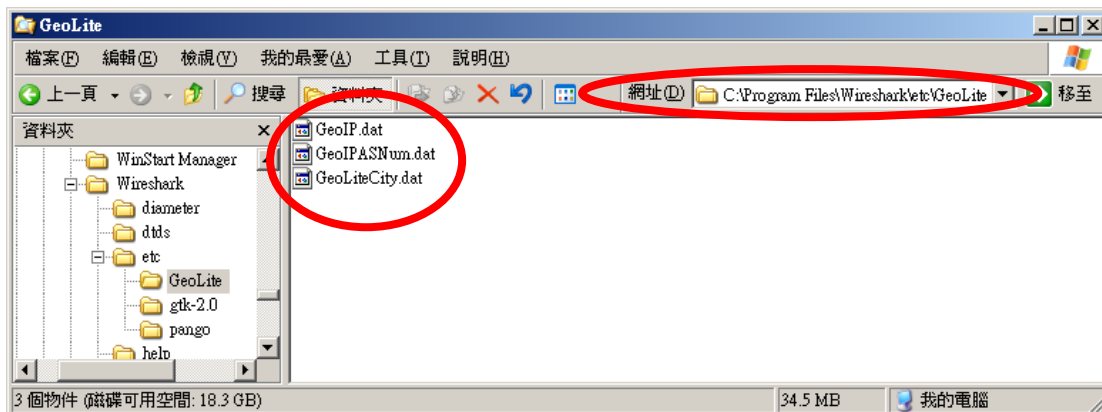
您也可以直接在課堂上的 FTP 上取得
(\Software\GeoLite\GeoIP.dat.gz、\Software\GeoLite\GeoLiteCity.dat.gz、
\Software\GeoLite\GeoIPASNum.dat.gz)

安裝 GeoLite

下載好 GeoLite 的三個資料庫檔案後，請自行開啓檔案總管並於 C:\Program Files\Wireshark\etc\ 下建立 GeoLite 目錄。

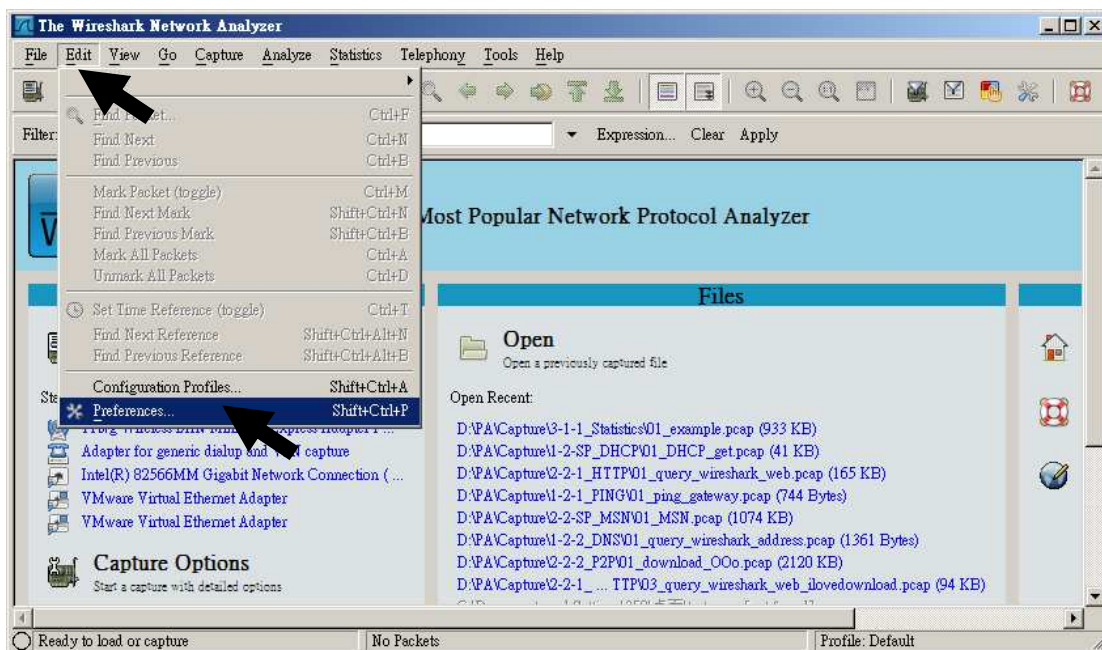


並將剛剛下載好的 GeoIP.dat.gz、GeoLiteCity.dat.gz、GeoIPASNum.dat.gz 解壓縮，並複製到 C:\Program Files\Wireshark\etc\GeoLite\ 目錄下

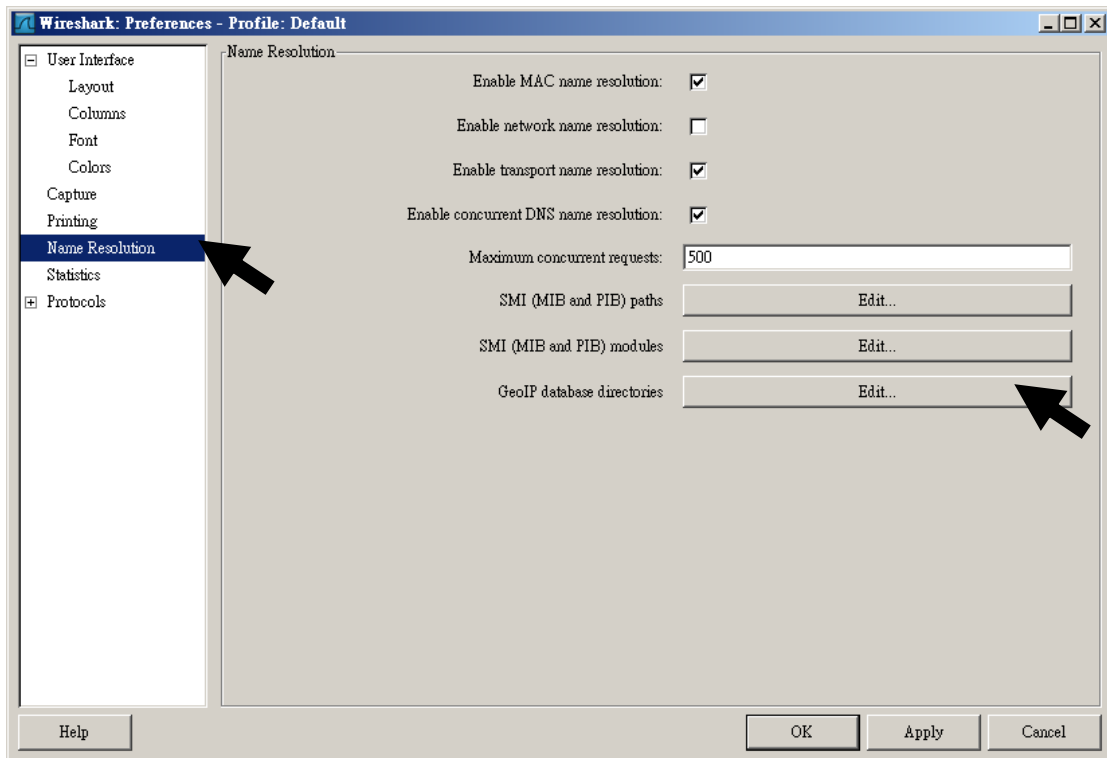


設定 GeoLite

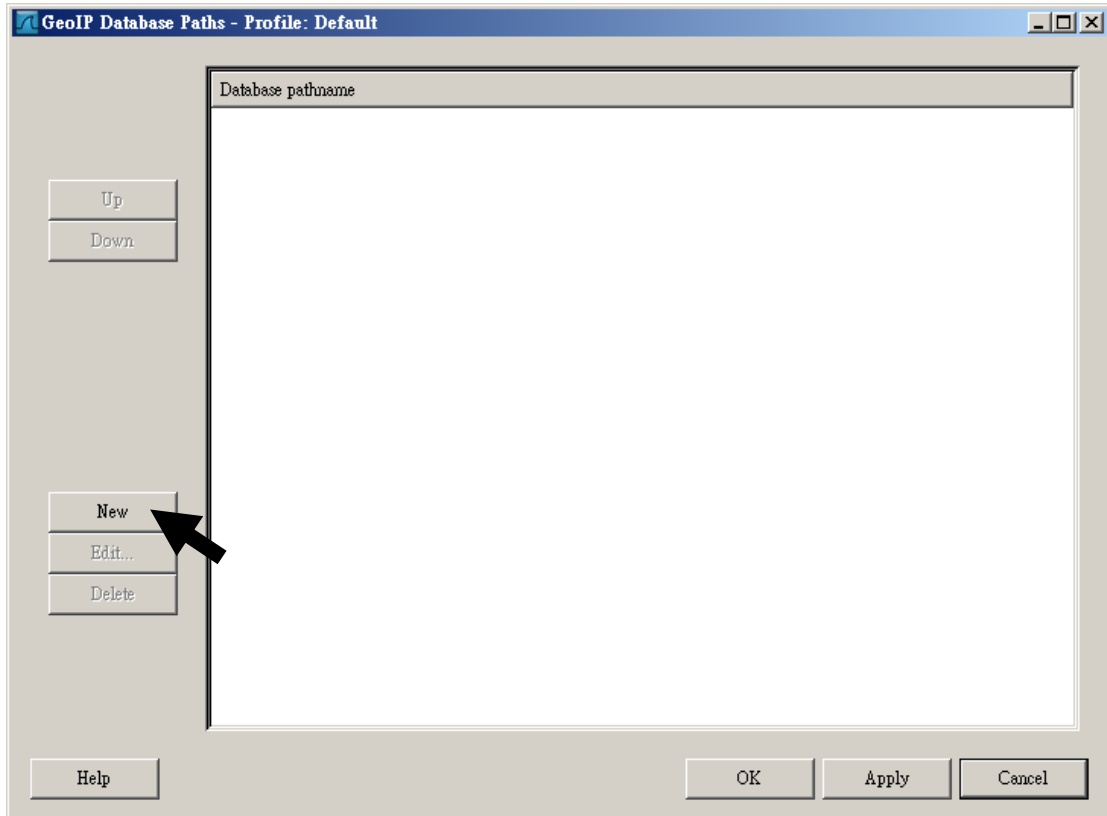
開啓您的 Wireshark，並開始設定，設定方式請參考下列步驟：



選擇「Edit」→「Preferences」



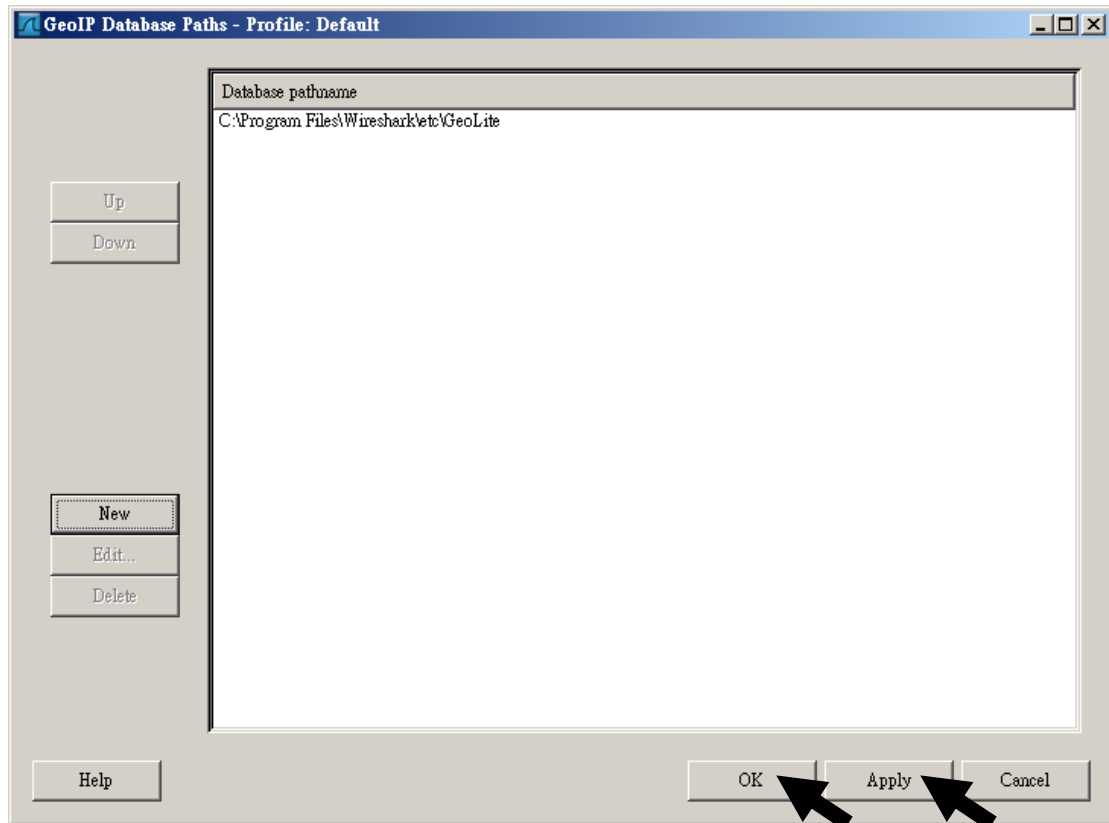
選擇「Name Resolution」，在選擇 GeoIP database directories 的「Edit」



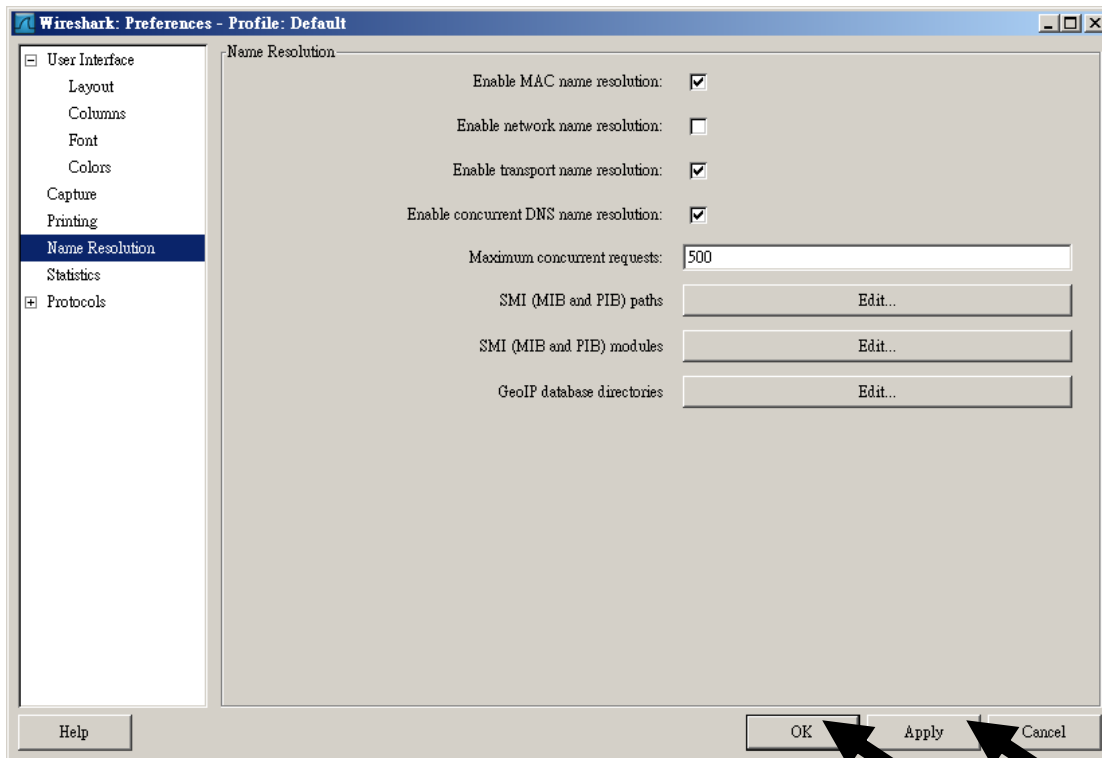
選擇「New」



輸入路徑「C:\Program Files\Wireshark\etc\GeoLite」，按下「OK」確定



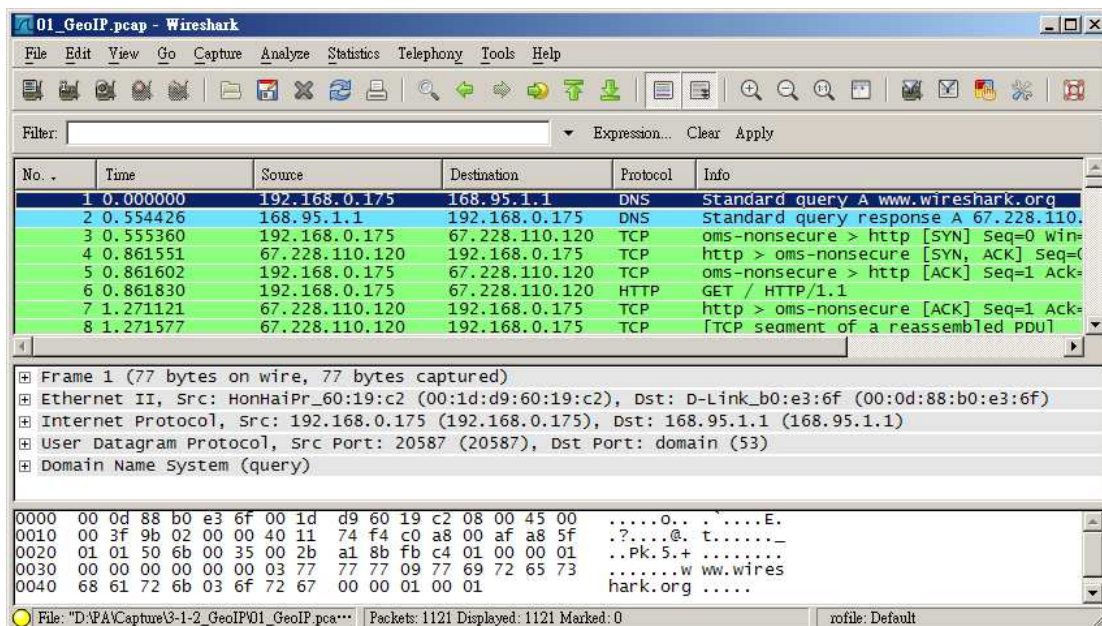
按下「Apply」在按「OK」完成路徑設定



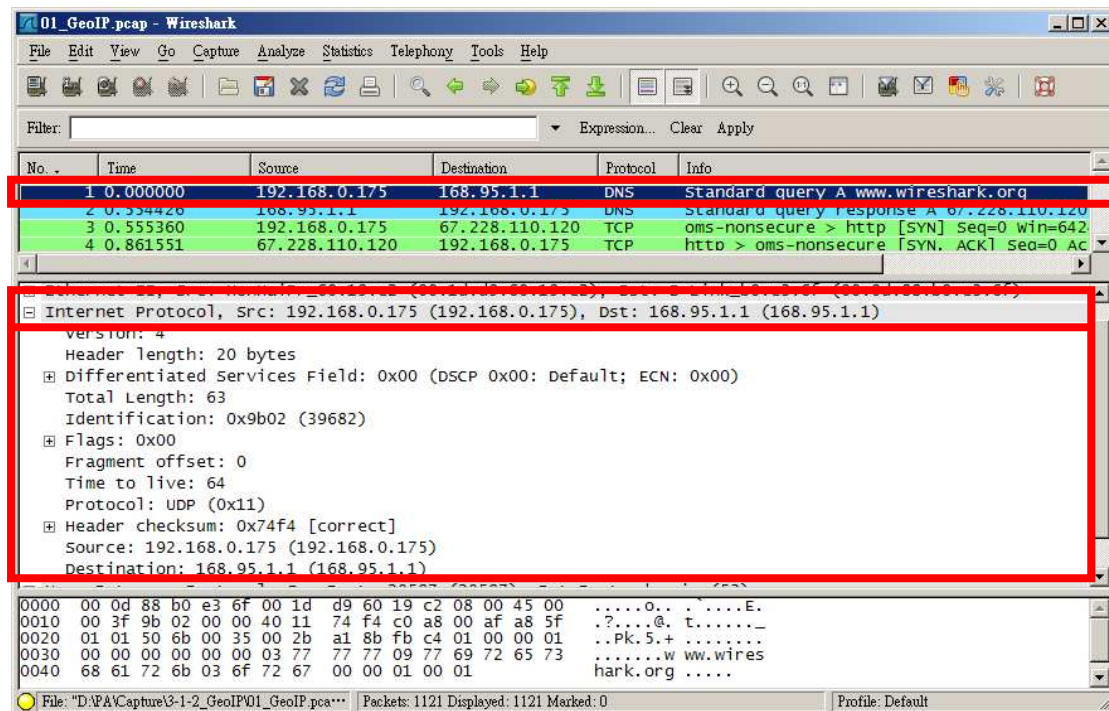
按下「Apply」在按「OK」完成 GeoIP 設定

開始使用 GeoLite

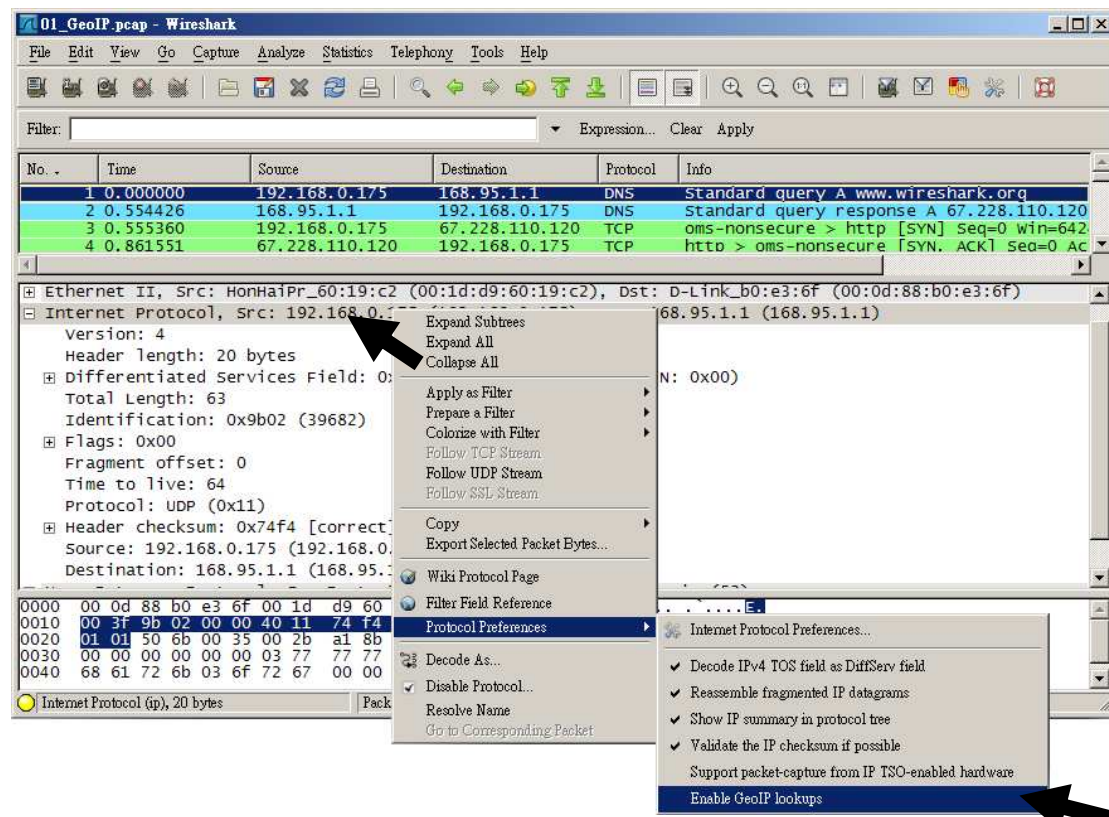
開始使用前，您需要擷取一些封包資料，您可以瀏覽幾個網站或是 Ping 幾個網址、IP，您也可以使用本章節所提供的範例（本範例可以在 `\Capture\Appendix_GeoIP\01_GeoIP.pcap` 取得）：



雖然我們設定好 GeolIP (GeoLite)，但是 Wireshark 預設是關閉的，當然您要知道 GeolIP 是以 IP 做辨識，所以我們當然就針對 IP 協定：

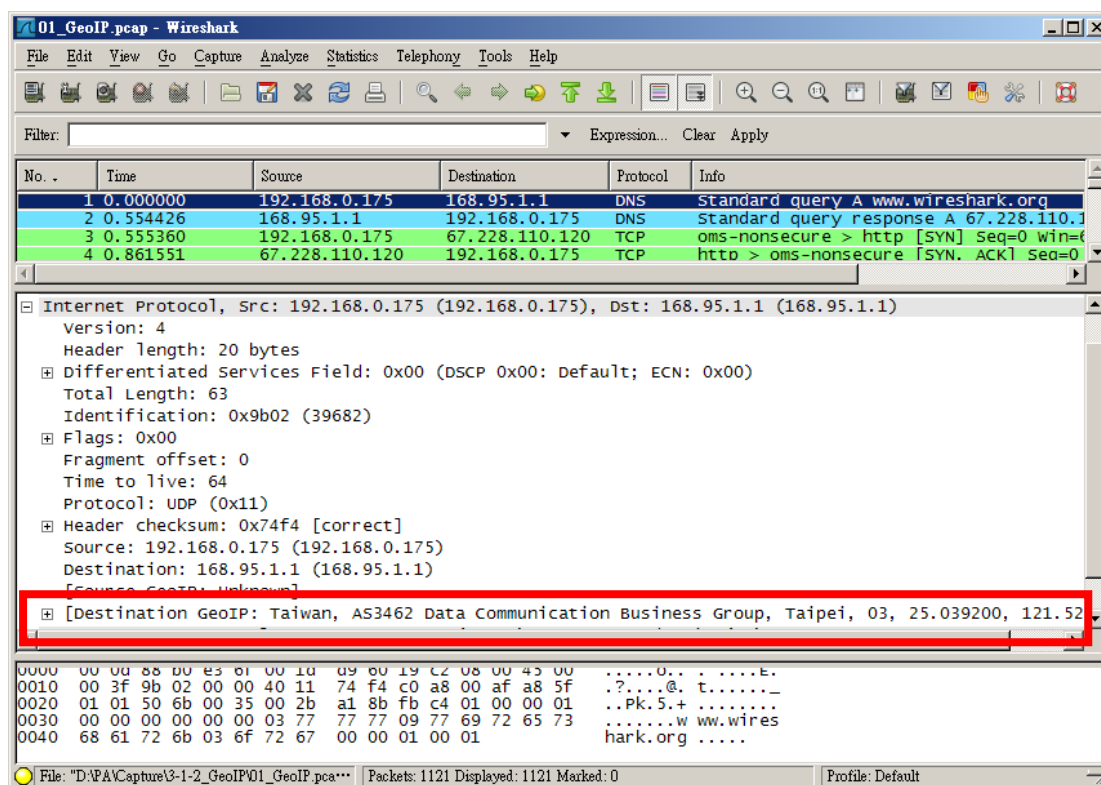


沒錯，似乎是正常的 Wireshark 的表示方法，不過如果開啓 GeolIP 就不一樣了，開啓方式如下：



在 Internet Protocol 按右鍵，選擇「Protocol Preferences」→「Enable GeolIP lookups」

現在已經出現 GeolIP 資料庫中的比對資料：



由於 GeoLite 所提供的內容沒有十分正確，所以如果您有準確度的需求，可以考慮購買 GeolIP 資料庫 (<http://www.maxmind.com/app/products>)，而安裝方式則都相同。

GeolIP 心得筆記

